

AGENDA FOR ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETING

Monday, 23rd June 2025

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to clause 7 of Council's Code of Meeting Practice that the Council Meeting of Castlereagh Macquarie County Council will be held at the **Coonamble Shire Council Chambers** on **23rd June 2025** commencing at <u>10:30am</u> to discuss the items listed in the Agenda.

Please Note: The Council Meeting is audio recorded

Michael Urquhart GENERAL MANAGER

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1. OPENING OF MEETING

Time:____am

2. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF TRADITIONAL OWNERS

We acknowledge the Traditional Owners of the land we gather upon today and pay respect to the Elders both past, present and emerging.

3. LEAVE OF ABSENCE

Leave of Absence			
Recommendation:			
Tha	That;		
1.	the leave of absence received from is accepted and a leave of absence is granted.		
2.	the leave of absence received from Member Z Holcombe for the 25 th August 2025 meeting is accepted and a leave of absence is granted.		
Moved: Seconded:			

4. DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

Members and senior staff are reminded of their obligation to declare their interest in any matters listed before them.

In considering your interest you are reminded to include pecuniary, non-pecuniary and conflicts of interest as well as any other interest you perceive or may be perceived of you.

Members may declare an interest at the commencement of the meeting, or alternatively at any time during the meeting should any issue progress or arise that would warrant a declaration.

Members must state their reasons in declaring any type of interest.

Member	Item No.	Pecuniary/ Non-Pecuniary	Reason

5. PUBLIC PRESENTATION

SPEAKER	ΤΟΡΙϹ

6. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES/MATTERS ARISING

ITEM 6.1 MINUTES OF ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETING HELD 28th APRIL 2025

Minutes of Ordinary Council Meeting – 28th April 2025

Recommendation:

That the minutes of the ordinary Council meeting held 28th April 2025, having been circulated be confirmed as a true and accurate record of that meeting.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Meeting Minutes – 28th April 2025

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CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL MINUTES

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL HELD AT COONAMBLE SHIRE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, COONAMBLE ON MONDAY 28th APRIL 2025 COMMENCING AT 11:00AM

PRESENT: Member D Batten, Member N Kinsey, Member Z Holcombe, Member P Fisher, Member D Bell, Member M Garnsey, and Member G Whiteley

ABSENT: Member D Bell, Member M Cooke and Member G Rummery

STAFF MEMBERS: M. Urquhart (General Manager), A. Fletcher (Senior Biosecurity Officer)

WELCOME: Meeting was opened at 11:00am and Chairman Clr Batten, welcomed all councillors and staff to the meeting.

01/25/01 Leave of Absence

Resolved:

That the leave a leave of absence received from Member M Cooke and Member G Rummery is accepted and a leave of absence is granted.

Moved: Member Kinsey Seconded: Member Fisher

Carried

DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST- NIL

02/25/02 Minutes of Ordinary Council Meeting - 24th February 2025

Resolved:

That the minutes of the ordinary Council meeting held 24th February 2025, having been circulated be confirmed as a true and accurate record of that meeting.

Moved: Member Holcombe Seconded: Member Kinsey

Carried

28th April 2025

Ordinary Council Meeting

02/25/03 Reports of Committees

Recommendation:

That the reports of Macquarie and Lachlan Valleys Weeds Committee, North West Regional Weeds Officers Meeting, Parthenium Situation Reports and Western Regional Weed Committee be received and noted.

Moved: Member Whiteley Seconded: Member Garnsey

02/25/04 Council's Decision Action Report - April 2025

Resolved:

That the Resolution Register for April 2025 be received and noted.

Moved: Member Holcombe Seconded: Member Fisher

Carried

02/25/05 Circulars Received from the NSW Office of Local

Resolved:

That the information contained in the following Departmental circulars 25-03 to 25-04 from the Local Government Division Department of Premier and Cabinet be received and noted.

Moved: Member Peart Seconded: Member Garnsey

Carried

02/25/06 Cash and Investment Report - 28th February and 31st March 2025

Resolved:

That the investment report for 28th February 2025 and 31st March 2025 be received and noted.

Moved: Member Garnsey Seconded: Member Kinsey

Carried

28th April 2025

Ordinary Council Meeting

02/25/07 Adoption of Organisation Structure	
Resolved:	
That council receives and adopts the Organisation Structure as presented.	
Moved: Member Whiteley Seconded: Member Garnsey	Carried

02/25/08 Pecuniary Interest Returns – New Members

Resolved:

That the General Managers repot be received and noted, with the exception of Member G Rummer's return to be tabled at the June 2025

Moved: Member Fisher Seconded: Member Holcombe

Carried

05/25/09 Delegation of Authority By Council To General Manager

Recommendation:

1. Pursuant to section 377 of the Local Government Act 1993, delegate to the position of General Manager the functions conferred or imposed on Council by or under the *Local Government Act* 1993, that are capable of being delegated to that position

2. Pursuant to section 375 of the *Biosecurity Act 2015*, delegate to the position of General Manager the functions conferred or imposed on Council as a local control authority by or under the *Biosecurity Act 2015*.

3. Delegate to the position of General Manager the functions conferred or imposed on Council by or under any other Act or law, that are capable of being delegated to that position.

4. That Council's Delegation Register be noted

Moved: Member Peart Seconded: Member Kinsey

28th April 2025

Ordinary Council Meeting

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02/25/10 Adoption of Model Code of Conduct

Resolved:

That:

(a) Council receives the Model Code of Conduct document

(b) The Code of Conduct be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days calling for comment from the public.

Moved: Member Garnsey

Seconded: Member Fisher

Carried

02/25/11 Adoption Of Model Code Of Meeting Practice

Recommendation:

That:

(a) Council receives the Model Code of Meeting Practice document.(b) The Code of Meeting Practice be placed in public exhibition for a period of 28 days calling for comment from the public.

Moved: Member Holcombe Seconded: Member Garnsey

02/25/12 Third Quarter Operational Plan for 2024/2025

Recommendation:

Council accepts the progress made on the 2024/2025 Operational Plan as at 31st March 2025.

Moved: Member Fisher Seconded: Member Garnsey

28th April 2025

Ordinary Council Meeting

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02/25/13 Quarterly budget review statement - March 2025

Recommendation:

That Council adopt the attached Quarterly Budget Review Statement for 31st March 2025 as tabled.

Moved: Member Whiteley Seconded: Member Holcombe

02/25/14 New Policies

Recommendation:

That;

- (a) That the report be received.
- (b) Council adopts the following policies;
 - (a) Grievance
 - (b) Modern Slavery
 - (c) Complaints Management
 - (d) Fraud & Corruption
 - (e) Gifts, Benefits & Bribes

Moved: Member Garnsey Seconded: Member Kinsey

02/25/15 Important Dates for Members - Upcoming Meetings & Events

Recommendation:

That Council receive and note the list of upcoming meetings and events.

Moved: Member Peart Seconded: Member Fisher

28th April 2025

Ordinary Council Meeting

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Carried

02/25/16 Draft Operational Place 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan 22/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29.

Recommendation:

That Council after having considered the Draft Operation Plan for 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Place 22/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29, be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days from the 5th May 2025 until 4:30pm on 1st June 2025, inviting submission from the public during this time.

Moved: Member Whiteley Seconded: Member Fisher

0/25/17 Quarterly Biosecurity Report

Resolved:

That the report be received and noted.

Moved: Member Garnsey Seconded: Member Kinsey

Date of the next CMCC Council Meeting to be Monday 23rd June 2025 in Coonamble

Close of Meeting

The meeting closed at 11:45am

Chairman

General Manager

28th April 2025

Ordinary Council Meeting

7. CORRESPONDENCE

Correspondence for June 2025

Recommendation:

That the correspondence be received and noted.

Moved: Seconded:

ITEM 7.1 CORRESPONDENCE – NSW INDEPENDENT BIOSECUIRTY COMMISSIONER

From: Gill Hay On Behalf Of DPI Biosecurity Commissioner Mailbox
Sent: Thursday, 15 May 2025 11:31 AM
To: DPI Biosecurity Commissioner Mailbox
Subject: A message from the NSW Independent Biosecurity Commissioner

Good morning

I am writing to let know that, with some regret, I am ending my term as the NSW Independent Biosecurity Commissioner, with my final day in the role being 8 August 2025. I have made this decision mainly due to some health issues.

I have greatly appreciated your warm welcome into the role and the time and effort you committed to working with me. Together we have made significant progress towards developing a revised approach to optimising the management of pests and weeds, including considering issues that may be creating a perception of an inconsistent enforcement approach to pest and weed management.

I anticipate completing the governance of pest and weed management and compliance and enforcement projects and providing advice and recommendations to relevant Ministers and government prior to completing my term.

It is expected the process of recruitment for my successor will begin soon with the opening of applications to be advertised.

Finally, many thanks for all your insights, suggestions, comments, information and reflections – it has been a pleasure collaborating with you and I will observe with interest further developments in the pest and weed management system.

Warm regards

Dr Marion Healy PSM

NSW Independent Biosecurity Commissioner

Email: <u>biosecurity.commissioner@dpird.nsw.gov.au</u> Web: <u>www.dpi.nsw.gov.au/dpi/bfs/independent-biosecurity-commissioner</u>

NSW Independent Biosecurity Commissioner

8. REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Reports of Committees

Recommendation:

That the reports of the following committees be received and noted.

- Central West Regional Weed Committee Meeting Minutes 11th March 2025

- Hudson Pear Taskforce Meeting Minutes 12th November 2024
- Hudson Pear Taskforce Meeting Minutes 13th May 2025
- North West Regional Weeds Committee Meeting Minutes 15th May 2025
- ARIC Meeting Agenda 20th February 2025
- ARIC Meeting Agenda 15th May 2025

Moved: Seconded:

ITEM 8.1 CENTRAL WEST REGIONAL WEEDS COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES – 11th MARCH 2025

Local Land Services



Minutes

CW Regional Weeds Committee Operations Group Meeting

Details

Location: Coonamble Bowling Club		Tanya Muccillo (CWLLS), Glenn Sloane (Parkes Shire Council), Andy Fletcher-Dawson and Mat Savage(CMCC), Corey Clark and Jamie Elms (Weddin Shire Council), Damian Wray (Bogan Shire Council), Shannon		
Date/time:	11 th March 2025 1:00pm	Hodges, Andrew Cosier (Crown Land)		
Chairperson:	Andy Fletcher-Dawson (Castlereagh Macquarie County Council)	Apologies		
Minutes:	Tanya Muccillo (CWLLS)	Laurie Thompson (Lachlan Shire Council), Des and Matt Croft (Dubbo Regional Council), Ron Milne (Parkes Shire Council), Chalky (Narromine Shire Council), Corey Clark (Weddin Shire Council), Paul Adams (Forbes Shire Council)		

People present:, Archie Harding (Narromine Shire Council),

1.0 Welcome, acknowledgment to country and apologies

The meeting convened at 1:23pm

Chair, Andy Fletcher-Dawson welcomed all to the meeting.

The above apologies were noted by the committee.

WHS considerations were addressed.

Conflict of Interest- No conflicts of interest were declared.

2.0 Tabled discussion points

2.1 WAP Grant process review

- Support through process was good
- It was good being able to talk with each other while developing application
- Prior experience in navigating the application process helped
- 5-year plan is preferable, especially having the ability to refine activities and priorities each year.
- Have a better understanding of linking priorities to application now after working through the process

- Bring in Council supporting staff who assist with application in the lead up and info sessions so they are aware of what the process involves and understand how they will need to refer to our weeds staff for additional information. It will also help with having a better appreciation of the work the staff do.

2.2 Campaigns and Training

- AQF4 training in Leeton in June (24-25?)

17

2.3 Regional Inspection Plan Development

LCAs will review the info in the Roadside inspection table and add in localised pathways for inspections.

Consider the locations of current populations and which pathways they would likely be spread through. We are wanting to narrow down the inspections to only the highest risk pathways for the species.

Name the inspection points if possible ie name the saleyards/locality of pet shops/nurseries etc

Refer to Atlas of Living Australia to see if any other data that can help

Action: Joel to send through some examples of other region's plans, LGA Map with roads and towns on it, spreadsheet/table for Councils to add their info into.

Action: Group to review and add in pathways and send to Joel by the 8th April. Look at other plans and let Joel know if there is any preferred format to present the information.

3.0 Timed round table

- Bogan

Released bio control on Riverina and Cotton Pear

Went to Bourke to identify unknown plan (native orange) and found some pear that was covered in cochineal so took some samples back

Spraying Blue Heliotrope before it flowers

Too hot to spray boxthorns

Catching up on property inspections

Found a new cactus species in the area

- CMCC

Newell Hwy for blackberry control with Transport NSW

Heading back to Western in April for respray

Inspections/targets

Revisiting Parkinsonia in May

- Dubbo

Not present

- Forbes

Set up new 6m boom which is working well

Doing Sticky Nightshade inspections and have put some signage up and have had enquiries from it. Have found new plants from the enquiries.

Catching up on property inspections Spraying blackberry Found potentially Yellow Waterlily

Action: Send any good weed photos to Charlie Mifsud charlie.mifsud@dpird.nsw.gov.au

- Lachlan

Not present

- Narromine

General spraying and waiting for rain

Inspections before end of financial year

Hudson Pear that was found has all been removed. Will be reinspecting whenever out there.

ARTC are building compound to base supplies of sleepers etc. Sprayed the area last week.

AQF3 training in May

Council have been putting on gov funded trainees. Looking to apply for someone to help with weeds next time.

- Parkes

Prickly Pear and Coolatai Grass work

Contractor doing extension for Solar farm reported sticky nightshade. Inspected and found 300 plants. Some were also found in a neighbouring paddock. Will be reinspecting soon.

No Parthenium since the last walkthrough

- Weddin

Send through misconceptions of the role to Silverleaf nightshade control Cemetery spiny burr grass control Kelly and Jamie were off for a month so catching up on work

Crown Lands

Covered in previous meeting

3.0 Discussion arising from round table

- Question regarding how the CWLLS Board were able to overrule the Weed Risk Assessment and add St Johns Wort to the Plan.

Schedule a Teams meeting to look at Sticky Nightshade Risk Assessment

Meeting closed at 3:15pm

Actions

No.	Action	Responsible
1	Joel to send through some examples of other region's Regional Inspection Plans, LGA Map with roads and towns on it, spreadsheet/table for Councils to add their info into.	Joel
2	Group to review and add in pathways and send to Joel by the 8 th April. Look at other plans and let Joel know if there is any preferred format to present the information.	All
3	Send weed photos to Charlie Mifsud <u>charlie.mifsud@dpird.nsw.gov.au</u>	All
4	Schedule a Teams meeting to look at Sticky Nightshade Risk Assessment	Joel

ITEM 8.2 HUDSON PEAR TASKFORCE MEETING – 12 NOVEMBER 2024

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Local Land Services



10. Royce Holtkamp - Ecological Horizon

13. Marita Sydes - NSW DPIRD (via Teams)

14. Bill Davidson - NSW DPIRD (via Teams)

11. Pete Turner – NSW DPIRD 12. Deb Bancroft – Landcare

Michael Mulholand – NPWS
 Josh Biddle – NPWS

Andy McKinnon – Western LLS
 Joel Christie-Johnston – CW LLS

3. Matt Davidson - NW LLS

5. Brendan Nichols - NPWS

4. Liam Hutchins - NPWS

Skye Phelps – BSC
 Doug Batten – CMCC

8. Greg Peart - CMCC

17. Victoria Lugovoy - LROR

David Sullivan – LROR
 Tina Nguyen – NW LLS

Apologies

Minutes

Hudson Pear Taskforce Meeting - 12 November 2024

Details

Location: John Murray Room 1 Agate Street

Lightning Ridge NSW

Date/time: 12 November 2024 09.00am

Chairperson: Peter Dawson

People present

- 1. Chairperson: Peter Dawson NW LLS
- 2. Hugh Leckie NW LLS
- 3. Andrea Fletcher CMCC
- 4. Michael Urquhart CMCC (via Teams)
- Todd Pallister NW LLS
 Claire Bergin NW LLS
- Rachael Turner NW LLS
- 8. Andrew McConnachie NSW DPIRD
- Sonja Stutz CABI Switzerland
- Actions

No	Action	Responsible	Status
1	Good News stories from the Taskforce to let people know about the work that is going on and include them as articles for the Walgett Shire	LLS & CMCC	On-going
2	A small group of key stakeholder members be formed to review the Terms of Reference and how best to maintain momentum including NWLLS, NW CCC, CMCC, NSW DPI.	RWC & Chair	Completed
3	Write to Member for Barwon Mr Roy Butler, sourcing funding for the grading works to form breaks.	Michael Urquhart	WIP
4	Follow up with emergency services and support services entering Hudson Pear infested areas and provide them with the Take 5 regarding Hudson Pear.	Rachael Turner	WIP
5	Amend Hudson Pear Action Plan Objectives	Hugh Leckie	Completed
6	Write to Regional Weeds Committee requesting a review of the eradication ranking for Hudson Pear in the Action Plan	Geoff Wise	Completed

This Meeting: No. Agenda Item 1 Welcome Apologies 2 As noted above Correspondence 3 None Minutes 4 Moved by Andrea Fletcher-Dawson and Seconded by Victoria Lugovoy **Business Arising** 5 1. Radio advertising advising of program. 2. ToR endorsed by the NWRWC at their meeting of 6 November 2024. 3. Michael Urguhart to write letter. 4. Rachael Turner and Todd Pallister have put a Take 5 Toolbox Talk together for Hudson Pear. Action: Rachael to reach out to Fire Control and other Emergency Services and provide Take 5. 5. Completed 6. The Hudson Pear priority rating was discussed at the NWRWC and it was decided not to change the priority from Eradication. NW Hudson Pear Program 6 Andrea Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC Contractors were engaged in F23/24 to undertake spraying of Hudson Pear on Privet Properties from 18 March to 27 August. In total 6 properties were treated for Hudson Pear. Todd Pallister – NWLLS Landholder Chemical Program Landholders program is being hampered by expired or lack of AQF3 certification. Those that have received chemical have not asked for more as 20L of herbicide lasts a long time. Some landholders are not using correct rates, we are educating them on this as well as advising them that the entire plant needs to be covered for the chemical to work properly. First AQF3 training was cancelled due to lack of numbers. Another is organised for Feb 25. Action: Get details out to landholders regarding AQF3 training.

HPTF/12 November 2024

Discussion

Andrew McConnachie asked if landholders were spraying the entire plant or not? Todd wasn't sure however we do let them know.

Michael Mulholand asked about data sharing for mapping of assets and the Hudson Pear? Pete Dawson said that this would be good. Pete Turner discussed BIS sharing and that it was declined.

Action: Hugh to work on data sharing between LLS and NPWS Agencies.

Todd advised that Moordale and Bonanza have Hudson Pear which is close to Warambool NP.

Brown Spine is starting to become a problem and is increasingly taking the place of White Spine. Most people don't realise that there are 2 species of Hudson. The contractors are being told to spray both. Most of the Brown Spine is at Warrengulla, west of the Coocoran.

Pete Turner advised that there are only 28 BIS reports for Brown Spine.

F24/25 Control program

NWLLS have engaged 3 contractors to undertake spraying of Hudson Pear on Public and Private Land. Properties include Bonanza, Moordale, Lorne Station, Kigwigil, Mureaban, and others funding depending.

First contractor has started with the others to begin shortly.

Lightning Ridge Opal Reserve

Victoria Lugovoy spoke about the work they have undertaken in their reserve. Spraying of roadsides for Hudson Pear along with spraying for Harrisia Cactus. Victoria showed their spray mapping and data which they are willing to share with NWLLS. They have been moving the cochineal around from White Spine field nursery. They have also collected Brown Spine for rearing cochineal at the Mass Rearing Facility with some being released already.

Victoria advised that they will be submitting a CRIF grant for funding to assist with the ongoing control works.

David Sullivan advised that there are a large number of old claims which they do not have details for miners, so this is making it hard to treat Hudson Pear on these Western Lease Land and other claims.

Discussion

Pete Dawson asked David Sullivan of they has spoken to MEG to gain details of claim owners? Abandoned mines are a problem.

Michael Urquhart advised that the LGA has provisions for conducting works after notification.

Pete Turner advised that the Biosecurity Act has similar provisions for undertaking works after notification.

Action: LLS to Investigate Biosecurity Act to gain access for spraying of Western Lease Land and Mining Leases.

Answer: Biosecurity Act, Clause 102, 2(d) provides Authorised Officers access to access land to carry out treatment measures.

Michael Mulholand – NPWS

Aerial survey by CMCC was good to find new incursions in the Narran NP. We have now flown those areas with drone to understand the incursions.

Willing to share cultural assets to allow LLS to work in vicinity.

Undertaking drone work to work out the optimal height for flying and still being able to see Hudson Pear.

Josh Biddle – NPWS

HPTF/12 November 2024

Hudson Pear was found at Severn NP. This is an old incursion going back some 25 years. This was discovered after discussions with staff.

A Rapid Response to deliminate the area was undertaken with NPWS and LCA staff. A total of 406 plants found in the paddock.

The road will be diverted, and exclusion fencing will be installed to contain the site.

We do have issues with hunters and fishers damaging gates.

Andrea-Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC

Western LLS Region

CMCC have been contracted to be the LCA for 2 years by NSW DPIRD for the Unincorporated Area.

Stephen's Creek Hudson Pear incursion is growing with 1,000 and 1,000 of plants seen from the air across the 109 different infestations. The origin was from a reservoir garden at the head of the creek having a cacti garden. Floods have been spreading the Hudson Pear. Biocontrol agent has been released at site.

Plan to go back and undertake a further delimination survey to map extent of the incursion.

Cobar

Andrew McConachie was holding a Biocontrol Workshop when a couple came up to staff after and advised that they think they have Hudson Pear on their property.

Site inspection with CMCC staff was organised for the next day.

The property is 25km west of Cobar. First area has some 100 large plants. Owner also has a leased property 19km north with Hudson Pear on it as well. Delimination survey required to establish incursion size. Best to do with helicopter.

Discussion

Pete Dawson asked how long will it take to do a delimination survey? Work out aerial survey before a ground survey to confirm density and actions.

Pete Turner advised that the LCA has good records with no Hudson Pear recorded in either 2010 or 2015. NSW DPIRD is working with Cobar Council to get a Weeds officer.

Marita Sydes said it is good to work cross regionally but need to bring Andy McKinnon up to speed with the incursions.

Bourke

Old Hudson Pear incursion art the tip can be ruled out as none was found.

Central West LLS Region

Cholla and Hudson Pear at Narromine.

Michael Urquhart - CMCC

NSW DPIRD need to get LCA's to employ weeds officers in the Unincorporated Area as the findings are concerning. Weeds are always the poor cousin to other services. There are significant gaps in the landscape with Authorised Officers.

Pete Turner advised that any support CMCC could provide would be good to get distribution maps of priority weeds. We are working with LCAs to improve this situation.

7 Biocontrol Update

Andrew McConnachie presented info on the 7 years of monitoring. Longest period of monitoring for any Bio Agent release.

Good Data showing decline of Hudson Pear and increase of Cochineal.

Undertaking drone imagery using NDVI.

Submitting a Drought funding application for Stephen's Creek and Queensland for Bio agent releases.

8 Hudson Pear Terms of Reference

Pete Dawson advised that the updated ToR were endorsed by the NWRWC at their meeting on 6 November 2024.

Main changes where that the Taskforce would only invite key stakeholders and agencies involved. No independent Chair, this would be someone form NWLLS.

9 General business

Clare Bergin advised that she could list staff in the area who have good weed identification skills and who could help with the delimination of the Cobar incursion.

-Action: Hugh to liaise with Clare to get contact list.

Bill Davidson asked if a calendar of responses could be put together for weeds inspections.

-Action: Hugh to put a calendar together with activities/responses/inspections.

-Peter Dawson advised that NWLLS TSR staff had organised an inspection of Colrose TSR tomorrow.

Michael Mulholand said that piggybacking off pest space with aircraft for weeds surveys could be organised if known.

Marita Sydes ability to share knowledge of Hudson Pear with WLLS and NTLLS re responses with processes.

-Pete Dawson said that LLS is one big agency, and we should help each other out. The Hudson Pear Action Plan can be duplicated by other regions.

David Sullivan asked if the Farmers Federation region rep for Broken Hill would be good to have on the taskforce.

-Pete Dawson advised that LLS works closely with Farmers Federation.

Deb Bancroft congratulated NPWS for the response at Severn NP re Hudson Pear.

Rachael Turner we are educating people about the White and Brown Spine Hudson Pear and that the Cochineal is specific to each variety.

-Pete Dawson risk of complacency and weather factors influence bio agents. Bio Control is not a silver bullet. Everyone still has a GBD.

Andrea Fletcher-Dawson is Colrose TSR to be installed to keep stock out?

-Action: Hugh to find out if Colrose TSR will be fenced and when.

-Answer: Funding has been approved and the fence will be installed in early 2025.

Josh Biddle thanks to all those who helped at the Severn NP rapid response. It was good to show managers that we can work with other agencies.

Michael Mulholand now that Josh is certified if we can help with drone surveys we will. Getting data sharing agreement will help. Pete Turner thanks to everyone for working together. Working with Andrew shows that the Hudson Pear Cochineal is one of our most successful Bio Agent. Brooke Hooson has just let me know that Cobar is going to get an Authorised Officer for Weeds.

10 Actions & Close

Action: Get details out to landholders regarding AQF3 training. – Rachael Turner Action: Hugh to work on data sharing between LLS and NPWS Agencies. – Hugh Leckie Action: LLS to Investigate Biosecurity Act to gain access for spraying of Western Lease Land and Mining Leases. – Hugh Leckie Action: Hugh to liaise with Clare to get contact list. – Hugh Leckie Action: Hugh to put a calendar to together of responses/inspections. – Hugh Leckie Action: Hugh to find out if Colrose TSR will be fenced and when. Closed 12pm

Next Meeting: Tuesday 13 May 2025

ITEM 8.3 HUDSON PEAR TASKFORCE MEETING - 13 MAY 2025

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Local Land Services

5. Cr Doug Batton - CMCC (via Teams)

6. Cr Greg Peart - CMCC (via Teams)

7. Hugh Leckie – North West LLS



Minutes

Hudson Pear Taskforce - 13 May 2025

	8.	Todd Pallister – North West LLS Claire Bergin – North West LLS (via Teams)
	10	.
neal Community & Housing	11	Joel Christie-Johnstone – Central West LLS
		Andy McKinnon – Western LLS
Lot 8 Opal Street, Lightning Ridge		Pete Turner – NSW DPIRD
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	14	Marita Sydes _ NSW DPIRD
13 May 2025		Andrew McConnachie – NSW DPIRD
09.15am	16.	Bill Davidson – NSW DPIRD
	17.	Skye Phelps – BSC
Pete Dawson – NW LLS		Deb Bancroft – Landcare
	Apolog	zies
nt		
	1	David Sullivan - LRAOR
rson: Pete Dawson - North West LLS	2.	Victoria Lugovoy - LRAOR
	3.	Matt Davidson - NW LLS
v Savage – CMCC	4	Jarrod Smith – Crown Lands
Urquhart – CMCC (via Teams)	5.	Michael Mullholand – NPWS
	13 May 2025 09.15am	9. heal Community & Housing 10. Language Room 12. Lot 8 Opal Street, Lightning Ridge 13. 13 May 2025 15. 09.15am 16. Pete Dawson – NW LLS 18. Apolog nt 1. rson: Pete Dawson - North West LLS 2. Fletcher – CMCC 3. v Savage – CMCC 4.

Actions

No	Action	Responsible	Status
1	Good News stories from the Taskforce to let people know about the work that is going on and include them as articles for the Walgett Shire	LLS & CMCC	On-going
2	A small group of key stakeholder members be formed to review the Terms of Reference and how best to maintain momentum including NWLLS, NW CCC, CMCC, NSW DPI.	RWC & Chair	Completed
3	Write to Member for Barwon Mr Roy Butler, sourcing funding for the grading works to form breaks.	Michael Urquhart	Withdrawn
4	Follow up with emergency services and support services entering Hudson Pear infested areas and provide them with the Take 5 regarding Hudson Pear.	Rachael Turner	Completed
5	Amend Hudson Pear Action Plan Objectives	Hugh Leckie	Completed

6. Josh Biddle – NPWS

Royce Holtkamp - Horizon Environmental

7. Geof Riley – ISC

8.

6	Write to Regional Weeds Committee requesting a review of the eradication ranking for Hudson Pear in the Action Plan	Geoff Wise	Completed
7	Get details out to landholders regarding AQF3 training.	Rachael Turner	Completed
8	Hugh to work on data sharing between LLS and NPWS Agencies.	Hugh Leckie	Completed
9	LLS to Investigate Biosecurity Act to gain access for spraying of Western Lease Land and Mining Leases.	Hugh Leckie	Completed
10	Hugh to liaise with Clare to get contact list.	Hugh Leckie	Completed
11	Hugh to put a calendar to together of responses/inspections.	Hugh Leckie	WIP
12	Hugh to find out if Colrose TSR will be fenced and when.	Hugh Leckie	Completed

This Meeting:

No.	Agenda Item
1	Welcome
2	Apologies As noted above
3	Conflicts of Interest Nil
4	Correspondence Report from Victoria Lugovoy - LRAOR
5	Minutes Moved by Pete Turner and Seconded by Matt Savage
6	Business Arising Actions list updated. AQF3 training was held with 8 participants attending. All 8 are now accessing the free landholder chemical program. Action: Matt Savage to liaise with Todd and Rachael as to when Tafe are holding AQF3 course in Lightning Ridge. Pete Turner advised that NPWS now have access to BIS data. Work is progressing to get the NPWS PWIS data into BIS.
7	NW Hudson Pear Program Todd Pallister provided an overview of the program. Refer Appendices 1.

-2

Matt Savage: Compliance on properties outside of the core is ongoing and will ramp up once the contractor program finishes.

Todd Pallister: Angledool site is approx. 200Ha. We are still finding small plants. The landholder is to manage the site.

Matt Savage: CMCC sprayed the original incursion and released biocontrol. It is in thick scrub and plants are hard to locate. We have been spraying plants when we are inspecting. This is a mining area and miners have been digging the plants out and throwing them into the mines. We have more inspections to do. At the current time Tasmania is the only state which doesn't have Hudson pear.

Andrea Fetcher-Dawson: Compliance to start once the Hudson Pear Program is complete.

Pete Turner: We need to start with education before PINS. We will gladly help. It would be good to get a list of who has been provided with chemical for CMCC to then follow up with inspections.

Todd Pallister: Seven plants were found near Hebel in Qld the location of these plants was passed onto Balonne Shire Council to treat.

Greg Peart: Can we add an agenda item 'Budget' for the Hudson Pear Control Program.

Action: Hugh to add Budget to the Agenda for November 2025 and beyond.

Hugh Leckie – North West LLS

Provided an overview of the budget.

Financial Year	Budget	Coordination, Engagement and Inspection	On Ground Component
2024/25	\$500,000	\$320,000	\$180,000
2025/26	\$500,000	\$315,000	\$185,000

Pete Dawson: The HPC Program will conclude on 30 June 2027. Contractors are working on containment around the core infestations. Todd and Rachael undertake rapid responses to new incursions outside of the core, improving the mapping data

Action Plan

Objective 1: All outlier infestations of Hudson pear are mapped to establish containment lines.				
1.1 Identify containment line around core infestations.	Ongoing Todd collection information and updating map.			
1.2 Infestations are spatially represented.	Ongoing Mapping was established at broad scale. Contract spraying is being mapped accurately. Todd and Rachael are updating mapping as properties are inspected.			
Objective 2: All outlier infestations of Hudson Pear are continuously controlled during the life of the plan.				
2.1 Continuously control all outlier infestations.	Ongoing Education and communication			

2.2 Implement property inspection program.	CMCC inspecting properties, advising landholders of infestations, tracking landholders work.	
2.3 Maintain regular communication with state and cross regional contacts.	Meetings occurring with neighbouring regions being invited.	
2.4 Consider the use of new technologies for surveillance of high-risk sites and pathways.	Andrew McC: we still have the 200,000Ha of aerial imagery. Original AI did not work. Additional funding required to have a new attempt using AI. 1 year project requiring \$50-\$60K to train new AI.	
2.5 Report new infestations within 5 working days.	CMCC adding new data to BIS when found.	
2.6 Undertake delimiting surveys of new incursion sites.	Occurring	
Objective 3: Core areas of Hudson Pear are contained within their current areas during the life of the plan.		
3.1 Create a buffer zone around the core areas as defined on the attached maps.	Ongoing. Todd and Rachael are improving the mapping. Good to have time series data.	
3.2 All roads and tracks continually controlled.	Miners Association and Crown lands are undertaking control works.	
	Expansion of Opal Mining with OPM4 opening sometime. Surveying already underway. No notification with potential to spread Hudson pear.	
	Action: Reach out to MEG to get communication occurring around the release of OPM4.	
Objective 4: Hudson Pear within cor the benefit of all landholders.	re areas is strategically managed during the life of the plan for	
4.1 Seasonal control programs are implemented by landholders/mangers.	Ongoing	
4.2 Hudson pear treated in mining areas within the core areas.	Ongoing	
Objective 5: An ongoing multi-media public awareness campaign is run to provide sustained awareness and information to the public on all aspects of Hudson pear and its integrated co methods.		
5.1 Reduction in spread and movement caused by human and machinery vectors.	CMCC have allowed NWLLS to take over education and awareness. There has been media around the Quanda incursion.	

5.2 Identify and engage stakeholders to practice hygiene protocols.	Hygiene posters (Come Clean Go Clean), new coaster has been developed and provided to clubs.		
5.3 Improve understanding of social factors influencing implementation of biosecurity practices.	Surveys occurring within LLS.		
Objective 6: Insuring and maintainin	g biocontrol agents for Hudson pear		
6.1 Maintain mass-rearing capability of Lightning Ridge facility.	Repairs to occur in June to the damaged skin of the facility.		
6.2 Maintain scientific monitoring of Hudson pear cochineal.	Ongoing. Each quarter monitoring is undertaken.		
Objective 8: Monitoring and Evaluation			
8.1 Ongoing monitoring, evaluation, reporting and improvement (MERI) and adaptive management across programs.	Important for LLS and to monitor / measure good value for future.		

8 Biocontrol Update

Andrew McConnachie – NSW DPIRD

We have 8 years of quarterly monitoring data. There is talk that we may not have Cylindropuntia pallida. DPIRD shared the Biocontrol with South Africa and it did not work. South Africa went back to Mexico and got new Biocontrol which did work. Further work is needed to confirm this.

9 Delegate Reports

Andy McKinnon – Western LLS

Good Neighbours Project for the Hudson pear on Stephen's Creek. Contract works to undertake major knockdown. Survey of extent by CMCC. Properties Eureka and Kars will be mapped by a contractor in June.

Ark sites to be set up as nurseries for Cochineal. These sites will be fenced to prevent animals entering.

Darton Weeds Officer inspecting site since mechanical removal and has been treating some small plants found.

Matt Savage – CMCC

Biocontrol is doing well even with the wet weather. The distribution is looking good and we are looking at doing another 150 tubs. The Skin of the Mass Rearing facility was damaged in a storm and will be replaced in June under insurance.

Andy Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC

Stephen's Creek biocontrol release is doing well, the Hudson pear has spread over some 100,000Ha due to rain events and flooding.

HPTF/13 May 2025

The Cobar incursion was inspected by air and found to be some 50 acres. Todd Pallister has supplied the property owner with chemical to treat the incursion.

There is room for more education out in Western. Broken Hill is full of all sorts of different Cacti species.

Action: Hugh to share the Hudson pear Action Plan with Andy McKinnon and Marita Sydes for their use.

Deb Bancroft – Northern Slopes Landcare

Severn NP

Another inspection completed with more very small plants found using a blower to lift and move the tea tree leaves. Also, a single large piece was found which leads to most likely a larger plant somewhere in the area. A further inspection is required to locate this large plant or another site in the area.

Andy Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC

Colrose Road TSR has now been fenced. 23 Plant found at the last inspection.

LRAOR report refer to Appendices 2.

Joel Christie-Johnstone – Central West LLS

Quanda inspection had 18 people and small plants were found which have been sprayed.

Narromine incursion has been sprayed and burnt. This is not yet in BIS.

Skye Phelps – Brewarrina Shire Council

Angledool site was treated by NWLLS staff.

Inspecting roads for Hudson pear.

Goodoga site to be inspected shortly.

10 General business

Claire Bergin – North West LLS

It will be 20 years since the 1[#] meeting of the Hudson pear Taskforce in November 2025. It is good to hear about all the good work that is occurring in this space.

Doug Batton - CMCC

Congratulation to Andrew McConnachie on the 8 years of work.

Andrew McConachie: Thanks also to Royce Holtkamp and the Queenland Government.

Pete Turner – NSW DPIRD

There have been some workshops for the cost evaluation of Hudson pear, Parthenium weed and Tropical Soda Apple to help develop a 5 year WAP program. The final report will be shared with all who attended. Thanks to NWLLS and CMCC for taking part.

Matt Savage – CMCC

Good to see 4 LLS regions collaborating about Hudson pear.

Todd Pallister – North West LLS

Happy with the Hudson pear Program. We are providing the landholders with maps of the areas treated by the contractors.

Rachael Turner – North West LLS

Original Come Clean Go Clean signs are looking old and faded. Can these be replaced?

Deb Bancroft: NSLA has the artwork.

HPTF/13 May 2025

Andrew McConnachie – NSW DPIRD

These meetings are good and we are at a critical point in time and we need to keep pushing on.

Pete Dawson – North West LLS

Good news stories are needed to tell the story of where we are at.

Deb Bancroft - Northern Slopes Landcare

The Yellow HP sign artwork is available from NSLA. Need more Cacti Quarterly stories.

Andy Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC

We need to focus on the Pilliga for Hudson pear. Pete D: Recreational hunting parks are a high risk area.

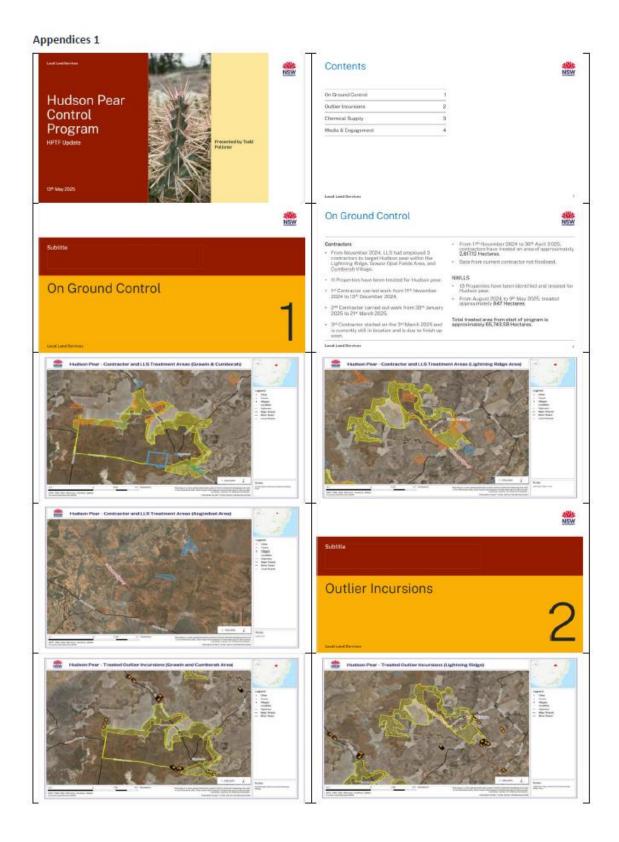
11 Actions

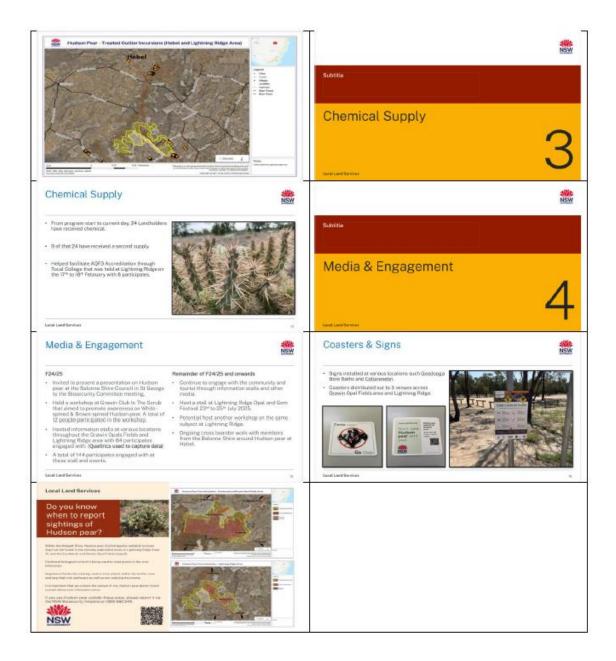
1. Matt Savage to liaise with Todd and Rachael as to when Tafe are holding AQF3 course in Lightning Ridge.

2. Hugh to add Budget to the Agenda for November 2025 and beyond.

3. Hugh to share the Hudson pear Action Plan with Andy McKinnon and Marita Sydes for their use.

Closed 11.50am





Appendices 2.



Lightning Ridge Area Opal Reserve

Lightning Ridge Area Opal Reserve HPTF Report - May 2025

SPRAY	REPORT
22	Roadside spraying throughout the Reserve – focus on White spined Hudson Pear
	(Cylindropuntia pallida), Brown spined Hudson Pear (Cylindropuntia tunicata) and
	Harrisia (Harrisia martinii). Navigating all the Car Door Tour Rds and tertiary tracks on
	the Reserve, sometimes spraying out smaller infestations.
4	Also added to our Weed Management Plan is spraying out High Spread Areas (HSAs)
	which includes spraying around water sources such as around dams. We are noticing
	heavy infestations of small plants, probably due to wildlife movements around these
	water sources.
	Finding large pockets of Harrisia martinii throughout the Reserve in Lightning Ridge,
	and with lots of new growth and seed development, also new plants popping up.
12	Harrisia pomanensis is quite prevalent at Grawin, as seen in spray reports #25, 26, 29
	and 30. (the key showing Harrisia is for H. pomanenis in Grawin, not H. martinii).
-	Use of the UFT devices has been proving extremely helpful, especially to help deliver
	reports to CMCC for Property Inspection Reports of work completed.
2	Outlying infestations identified at:
	 Wandella – follow-up spray completed.
	LLS provided support to spray out the Grawin Golf Course. One of the golf course has
	been sprayed out. Large numbers of Brown spined HP, many small plants.
-	LLS contacted us to engage contractors on the Reserve. A shared boundary to where
	contractors were spraying will be sprayed as well support on creating a containment
	up Castlereagh Hwy, which will be a follow spray to the original spray job of the CMCC
	contractors.
COCHI	NEAL RELEASE REPORT
-	Monitoring of release sites, some good results across the Reserve.
<u> </u>	Locations that have had releases over the past 3-5 years are showing populations
	present, with some plants fully deceased, some plants fully loaded with cochineal
	and others with small collections starting to breed.
12	We have made the decision to spray any small plants with small amounts of
	cochineal on them that are on the road sides, to support the restriction of movement
	of plants, as some cladodes with cochineal on the plant may not be on all cladodes. If
	a plant is large and covered with cochineal on the side of the road, we are
	collecting/removing all cladodes from the plant and distributing them to other plants,
	that will not be sprayed.
	We target to collect and breed over 100 tubs of cochineal for C. pallida and 100 tubs
	of cochineal for C. tunicata this year.
FUNDI	
	Awaiting Crown Reserve Improvement Fund announcement to determine how much
	funding we will have for the upcoming year.

ITEM 8.4 HARRISIA CACTUS TASKFORCE – 13 MAY 2025

Local Land Services



Minutes

Harrisia Cactus Task Force - 13 May 2025

Details

Location:Barriekneal Community & Housing
Language Room
Lot 8 Opal Street,
Lightning Ridge NSW
Lightning Ridge NSW

13 May 2025 1.00pm (AEST)

Date/time:

Pete Dawson - NW LLS Chairperson:

People present

- 1. Peter Dawson NW LLS
- 2. Hugh Leckie NW LLS
- Todd Pallister NW LLS
 Rachel Turner NW LLS
- 5. Deb Bancroft NSLA
- 6. Andrea Fletcher-Dawson CMCC

- 7. Matthew Savage CMCC
- Damien Sykes MPSC
 Skye Phelps BSC
 Pete Turner NSW DPIRD

- Pete Turner NSW DPIRD
 Marita Sydes NSW DPIRD
 Andrew McConnachie NSW DPI
 Royce Holtkamp Horizon Ecological
 Clare Felton-Taylor NSC(via Teams)
 Chris Crafter SQL (via Teams)
 Tamara Taylor QDPI (via Teams)
 Tamara NSW DPIRD (via Teams)

- 17. Bill Davidson NSW DPIRD (via Teams)
- 18. Luke Creighton GwydirSC (via Teams)

Apologies

- Geoff Riley Inverell Shire Council
 Mike Mulholland NPWS
- 3. Josh Biddle NPWS 4. Aaron Cross - NSC
- 5. Michael Urquhart CMCC

Actions

No	Action	Responsible	Status
1	Contact Inland Rail community engagement team to ensure sub- contractors are aware of spread and implications risk	NW LLS	Completed
2	Reinstate Expo steering committee	NW LLS	Withdrawn
3	Follow up Horizon Ecological re reports and article for CQ	Peter Dawson	Completed
4	Marita Sydes to send info to Hugh to Collect information required for the NEWP application.	Marita Sydes	Completed
5	Hugh to Update Contact List for meeting	Hugh Leckie	WIP

This Meeting:

No. Agenda Item

1 Welcome

PUBNN/MMMMM

	Meeting opened at Acknowledgement of Country
2	Apologies As noted above
3	Conflicts of Interest None
4	Previous Minutes Moved that the previous minutes are a true and accurate record of meeting Accepted Andrew McConnachie and Seconded Pete Turner
5	Business Arising Actions 1. Hugh emailed Inland Rail representative. All maintenance should be referred to UGL Regional Linx. 2. Withdrawn as priorities have changed. 3. NSLA have received the report from Royce. 4. NEWP application information sent. 5. WIP
	 Clare Felton-Taylor - Narrabri Shire Council In March 2025 received a call from a property owner in Baan Baa who found some HC on their property. In April 2025 received a call from the same farmer who found HC on their property on Harparary Road, Baan Baa. In May 2025 received some photos of HC on Lara Killarney Gap Rd (Wheat Research Station). Inspected the property adjacent due to bushland and have found a large number of HC plants. In June we will do a workshop in the area about HC. Signs to be installed. Deb Bancroft - NSLA Mosquito Creek Rd east of Pallamallawa inspection undertaken in December 2024. Found some plants along the roadside along with an incursion on the southern side of the road in a TSR which has been sprayed now. Found a large number of plants on private property on the southern side of the road. Undertook a Cacti Catch Up at the Pallamallawa pub where 30 people attended. The private property to with the large number of HC plants was using a Bulldozer to remove the HC. Pete Turner - NSW DPIRD
	BIS shows 2 new incursions of HC near Denman. Andrea Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC Sent a sample to the Herbarium which is being grown out and it appears to be Harrisia tortuosa.
7	Distribution Mapping

Deb Bancroft - NSLA

Working on mapping the extent of the core in the Gwydir and Moree Plains Shire Council areas. We have finished doing Gwydir SC. Working with Lachlan Biddle in May 2025 to map the extent of HC in Moree Plains SC.

Andrea Fletcher-Dawson - CMCC

The incursion at Warren is in BIS. It is on 2 properties and spilling out onto Hwy and Rail corridor.

Pete Turner - NSW DPIRD

29 weeds listed in the NEWP with Harrisia cactus being one of them. Next step is the detailed assessment. The mapping is critical to this as it provides data around the issue.

Andrew McConnachie - NSW DPIRD

It appears that HC density is increasing rather than the distribution due to the weather.

Tamara Taylor - QDPI

The HC density is increasing along with distribution in Qld. The high rainfall in recent times is providing good growing conditions.

8 Biocontrol Release

Andrew McConnachie - NSW DPIRD

As of April 2025 we have spread 2560 mealy bug infected HC segments at 9 sites covering 306Ha.

Deb is finding new sites and collecting cladodes for the HC mealy bug breeding. This is a great partnership.

Andrea - Fletcher-Dawson - CMCC

Rain has affected the mealy bug. We are now spraying the HC as the biocontrol is not working.

Tamara Taylor – QDPI

The biocontrol is out in the environment.

Chris Crafter - SQL

The biocontrol is out in the environment. We are waiting to get out after the floods to see the effects. There as been some erosion due to the flood waters.

9 NSW Reports

Department of Primary Industries - Andrew McConnachie

Provided an overview of the work around the Weevil which appears to eat 5 varieties of Dragon Fruit. We will continue to finish the work around the weevil. If people can keep a eye out to see if they can find the Weevil in the landscape this would be good and would help.

Northern Slopes Landcare - Deb Bancroft

Community Engagement activities with attendance at the Belarah Grasses workshop, Cacti Catch Up at Pallamallawa and North Star. Garah has been booked for 26 May 2025.

Mapping of MPSC will be undertaken in Late May 2025.

Collected more cladodes for Mealy bug breeding. Monitoring release sites.

Inspection of HC on Mosquito Road, Pallamallawa with plants found and a significant incursion on a private property.

North West LLS - Peter Dawson

HCTF/27 April 2023

The TSR team is spraying HC within their allocated budget. This work helps to strengthen the containment lines. With the drought in the southern part of NSW and into Vic we will see significant numbers of cattle being brought up and grazing on the TSRs.

Inverell Shire Council - Geoff Riley

Report from Geoff. Harrisia cactus chemical trials review, wants to know where this is up to?

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council - Andrea Fletcher-Dawson

Incursion at Warren is growing.

Moree Plains Shire Council – Damien Sykes

Spraying HC along roadsides prior to inspections of private property, installed signs. I have been mapping the spraying work. Attended the Cacti Catch Up at the Pallamallawa pub. I have received 3 calls since which all turned out to be Tiger pear.

Gwydir Shire Council - Luke Creighton

Organising an inspection of the North Star village. Need to complete our 50km of roadside spraying. Monitoring Mosquito Creek Road incursion.

Narrabri Shire Council - Clare Felton-Taylor

Completing 3-6 month inspections and we are now busy with the new incursion in Killarney Gap Road. In July we will be inspecting our core locations of, Baan Baa and Yarrie Lake.

10 QLD Reports

Queensland Department of Primary Industries - Tamara Taylor

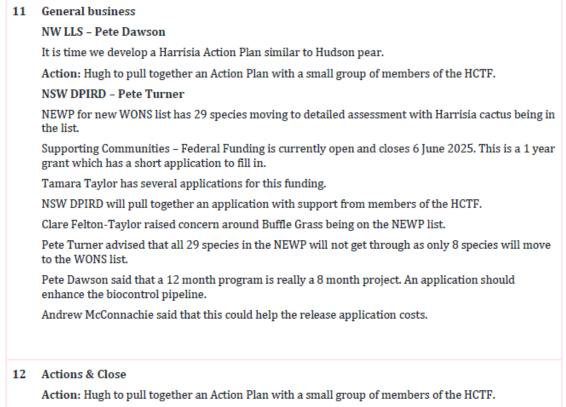
Presentation around research being conducted with Argentina for biocontrol agents. See Appendices 1.

Written a paper on Harrisia cactus thermal tolerance.

Envu are testing a new herbicide for HC. This is in early trials. There is a minor use permit for QLD.

South Queensland Landscapes - Chris Crafter

HC are spread beyond the current mapping and new mapping is in progress. We are looking for biocontrol on HC. Education to landholders around HC. Floods have been a big concern due to erosion. It is good to see what is happening across the landscape with regards to HC.



Meeting closed 3:00pm

Next Meeting: 1pm 11 November 2025 (Lightning Ridge Bowling Club)

Appendices 1





ITEM 8.5 NORTH WEST WEEDS OFFICER MEETING MINUTES – 14th MAY 2025

Local Land Services



Minutes

NW Weeds Officer Meeting - 14 May 2025

Details

Location:Barriekneal Community & Housing		
Language Room Lot 8 Opal Street, Lightning F		
Date/time:	14 May 2025	

14 May 2025 1.00pm

Chairperson: Hugh Leckie (NWLLS)

People present

1. Chairperson: Hugh Leckie (NWLLS)

Apologies

2.	Matt Savage	(CMCC)	-
4.	Matt Savage	CHICC	

Ross White (Tamworth Regional Council)

3. Andrea Fletcher-Dawson (CMCC)

Jason Williams (CMCC)
 Lee Amidy (Gunnedah Shire Council)
 Scott Revell (Gwydir Shire Council)
 Luke Creighton (Gwydir Shire Council)
 Mike Whitney (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)
 Jonnach Taylor (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)

Joannah Taylor (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)
 Damien Sykes (Moree Plains Shire Council)

Aaron Cross (Narrabri Shire Council)
 Clare Felton-Taylor (Narrabri Shire Council)

14. Debi Bancroft (Northern Slopes Landcare

13. Todd Pallister (NWLLS)

Association)

Actions

Action	Responsible	Status
Gwydir River Inspection for aquatic weeds.	Hugh	WIP September
WRA for Cereus spp once the species are Identified	Hugh/Clare	WIP
Develop a 5 yr WAP plan for each LCA. Through Bill will there be any changes to the guidelines/activities for 2530 Workshop with Snr Weed Officer's to discuss regional priorities and individual LCA priorities	Hugh	WIP
Prior to end of 24/25		

This Meeting:

No.	Issue
1	Welcome
2	Apologies
3	Minutes of the previous meeting

	Moved by Scott Revell and seconded by Mike Whitney Amend item 7 – Change 'Applethorn' to 'Thorn Apple'
4	Business Arising
	Update on actions
5	 WAP Hugh asked for feedback on the WAP application process. Overall application easier Conflicting in some areas It took a long time to write and submit as had to merge last years application into this years. GOAL 1 Are you meeting your targets? GOAL 2 Activities associated with Eradication and Containment species is available in the grant for areas outside of the core infestation areas. GOAL 4 Extension /Education activities Chris Wicks from TforNSW have asked about Parthenium weed toolbox talk
	What have you planned or have funding for through your WAP funding?
	BIS Data Reporting of all inspections needs to go into BIS even if no priority weeds are identified.
	Rapid Responses Who is looking at conducting a rapid response soon? This is an identified activity in the WAP. Responses could include additional inspections of Parthenium in your LGA. This would be on top of DPIRD's responses. Assistance with Harrisia cactus inspections.
	Inspection Plans How is everyone tracking with their inspections? Do you understand your inspection plan? If not, I am here to assist and go through your plan. Inspections are the first part of compliance (evidence). These are important especially adjacent to core infestation areas, to check what is occurring. The Regional Inspection Plan will need to be updated. Addition of new Parthenium weed sites and Harrisia cactus sites.
6	LCA Reports
	CMCC – Andy Fletcher-Dawson

Parthenium weed inspections. Some sites on Castlereagh Highway have had there guideposts moved as new plants have grown outside of the areas.

Parkinsonia inspection and treatment about to occur.

Riverina pear biocontrol experiment using Tiger pear and Wheel cactus cochineal working well with the Wheel cactus cochineal being the best.

ALC (Aboriginal Land Council) added to Crown Land in mapping.

LPSC - Mike Whitney

Parthenium weed inspection occurring.

Fireweed going crazy.

TforNSW set up traffic control to assist with spraying in hard areas on the New England Highway. This was brilliant.

Chilean Needle grass at Warrah being controlled.

Attended the NRC event in Sydney.

African Boxthorn at Werris Creek.

St John's Wort and Blackberry control.

Gunnedah SC – Lee Amidy

Alligator weed inspection of the Namoi River.

Parthenium weed inspections occurring plants being found.

Dam inspection.

Parthenium weed ad ran on TV.

Attended the NRC event in Sydney.

NW LLS - Todd Pallister

Contractors working on spraying Hudson pear.

Rachael and myself have also been spraying incursions.

Brown Spine Hudson pear is becoming a bigger problem with more growing.

NSC - Clare Felton-Taylor

New Parthenium weed sites on the Newell Highway between Narrabri and Coonabarabran found.

Found another Sticky Florestina plant at Baan Baa. We have sent this plant to CSIRO in Brisbane. DPIRD are doing a Weed Risk Assessment.

Harrisia cactus found on 2 properties at Baan Baa with another site being at Killarney Gap Rd at the Wheat Research Station.

45

Gwydir SC – Scott Revell

Parthenium inspections have been challenging throughout this period with ongoing rain and local flooding causing heavy vegetation covering Parthenium weed.

Rawdon crossing, Bristol East and Merrivale all having low numbers of plants, Baroma Downs no plants found at this time with Death Adder Hill after nearly 3 years has produced 2 plants. Wyellan Park Parthenium with extreme flooding has spread into adjacent paddock.

Inspections ongoing.

Urban inspections at North star to commence early June.

Training completed Cert 4 in gov investigations, grass Id.

Control work on Yellow Bells, Honey locust tree, green cestrum.

Our team is under new management and are now using new software no longer with Chartis.

Had the weeds trailer at both Bingara and Warialda shows.

MPSC - Damien Sykes

Harrisia cactus inspections and control around Boomi, Garah, Weemelah, Pally and Terry Hie Hie. Also erected signage along roads in those areas.

We have broken down the shire map into smaller areas so we can pinpoint exactly where we have been controlling. This will help when working with other interested parties.

Common cactus control in the Boomi area with spraying and drilling and injecting the larger ones which cannot not be sprayed because of size and position in trees and other natives.

Been doing a lot of work on council assets being landfills, sporting fields, laneways.

Highway inspections for Parthenium and working with Brett Gould from NSW Transport so they can do their tar patching throughout the shire.

There where 2 Parthenium plants located at Mungindi wash down pad which were pulled out and area sprayed.

Cap and Bonnet Green Cestrum project, working with landowners along Gravesend Road.

7 New or Emerging Weeds

Clare Felton-Taylor

Sticky Florestina is a weed of concern with another plant found. We are assisting CSIRO.

We have had Harrisia tortuosa confirmed by the herbarium so now we have 2 of the Harrisia species within the Narrabri LGA>

8 General Business

Lee Amidy

We have the Parthenium weed dogs coming next week.

PUBNN/MMMMM

Weeds Officer and Regional Weed Committee hosts for 2025/26.
 27/28 August or 3/4 September 2025 – Narrabri SC
 5/6 November 2025 – Gwydir SC
 4/5 February 2026 – Gunnedah SC
 13/14 May 2026 - CMCC
 AG Quip 19-21 August 2025
 Action: Snr Weeds Officers to email Hugh with the availability of your staff to attend.
 9 Key Actions & Outcomes
 Snr Weeds Officers to email Hugh with the availability of your staff to attend Ag Quip 2025.
 10 Close
 3.15pm

Next Meeting:

27 August or 3 September 2025 To be confirmed by Narrabri.

ITEM 8.6 NORTH WEST REGIONAL WEEDS COMMITTEE MEETING MINUTES – 15th MAY 2025

Damien Sykes (Moree Plains Shire Council)

Local Land Services



Minutes

NW Regional Weed Committee

Details

	Details		Deb Bancroft (Northern Slopes Landcare)
			Pete Dawson (NWLLS)
Location: Barriekneal Housing & Community			Todd Pallister (NWLLS)
		Language Room	Chris Wicks (Transport for NSW)
		8 Opal Street	Clr Rachel Sherman (Gwydir Shire Council)
		Lightning Ridge	Bill Davidson (NSW DPIRD)
			Thomas McAlister (UGL Regional Linx)
	Date/time:	15 May 2025	David Lightowler (Tamworth Regional Council)
		9.15am	Neal Glastonbury (Transport for NSW)
	Chairperson:	Michael Whitney, (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)	Apologies
			Nicola Dixon (NSW DPIRD)
	Minutes:	Hugh Leckie	Matt Davidson (NW LLS)
			Mick Collins (NSW Farmers)
	People present:		Pete Turner (NSW DPIRD)
	Andrea Fletcher-Da	awson (CMCC)	Clr Brendan North (Tamworth regional Council)
	Matt Savage (CMC	C)	Clr Brett Nolan (Narrabri Shire Council)
	Lee Amidy (Gunned	dah Shire Council)	Lester Piggot (Transprt for NSW)
	Scott Revell (Gwyd	ir Shire Council)	Luke Raveneau (NW LLS)
Luke Creighton (Gwydir Shire Council)			Phil Price (NSW Water)
Mike Whitney (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)			Phil Sparks (Nature Conservation Council)
Joannah Taylor (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)			Ben Martin (Whitehaven)
Clare Felton-Taylor (Narrabri Shire Council)			Clr Ken Cudmore (Liverpool Plains Shire Council)
	Aaron Cross (Narra	bri Shire Council)	Michael Mulholland (NPWS)
1. Morning Tea on Arrival			
		-	

2. Welcome and Acknowledgment of Country

3. Apologies

Moved by Clare Felton-Taylor and Seconded by Scott Revell

- 4. Conflicts of Interest
 - No
- 5. Previous Minutes

Moved by Lee Amidy and Seconded by Matt Savage

6. Business Arising

No.	Action	Responsible	Status
1	Get regular email from TforNSW for Narrabri, Moree and Walgett areas	Hugh Leckie	WIP
2	New Terms of Reference for the RWC.	Hugh Leckie	WIP

7. Terms of Reference

Hugh provided an overview of the updated Terms of Reference.

- The draft TofR moves away the current outdated Constitution.
- · The draft moves away from an elected Chair to one which is appointed by NW LLS.
- It lists the people and organisations to be invited to attend the RWC.

Michael Whitney: Can we remove the names on the list due to changes in the positions. LLS Act does not list who the chair should be. I would like to see it remain as an elected chair.

Pete Dawson: You are correct about the LLS Act. The idea was to standardise committee TofR. The NWLLS Board have the final decision on the TofR.

Matt Savage: It has always been an elected chair.

Clare Felton-Taylor: Members get to choose who they want as the Chair. It could be anyone on the committee.

Lee Amidy: I would like to see an elected chair.

Pete Dawson: The draft TofR has 2 people listed. The RWC is a committee under the NW Board. The Regional Weed Coordinator is the Executive Officer for the RWC. An option could be a rotating Chair? If the NW Board has an issue, we will bring it back to the RWC.

Bill Davidson: An independent chair makes it fair and equitable.

Motion: Amend the Draft TofR to have an elected chair and if no nominations are received then the selection of a chair will be appointed by NW LLS.

Moved by Lee Amidy and Seconded by Clare Felton-Taylor

Pete Dawson: Can we remove the requirement for 50% of the membership to be present for a meeting to occur.

Action: Hugh to review the Draft TofR and send back out to the RWC for endorsement with minor amendments.

8. MERI Plan

Hugh Leckie: Provided and overview of the Draft MERI Plan.

Michael Whitney: How did you work out the target for 1.1.3? Hugh: This was based on 1 per LCA for the term of the plan. Items 1.2.1 and 1.2.3 appear to be duplicates? Hugh the mid-term review of the NWRSWMP can identify these for removal or amalgamation.

Bill Davidson: Good to see the Data Collection Plan.

Michael Whitney: WRA, why are Firethorns on the list? Hugh: This was identified by Ag&Bio as we do not have approved WRAs in WIDX. It is about updating these to match our NWRSWMP.

Hugh Leckie: Asked for the Draft MERI Plan to be endorsed by the RWC.

Moved by Clare Felton-Taylor and Seconded by Lee Amidy.

9. Regional Weed Coordinator Report

- Delivery of the WAP contracts, Purchase Order and receival of the tax invoices.
- Update of the MERI Plan into a new LLS template.
- Organised and ran the Hudson pear and Harrisia cactus Task Force meeting for May 2025.
- Collection of quarterly inspection data from LCAs and reported into LLS's BERT.
- Developed a new Terms of Reference for the Regional Weed Committee.

15 May 2025

Undertook Cert IV in Government Investigations for LLS staff.

10. NW Sub Regional WAP

Hugh Leckie: Thanks to all the LCA's for actioning their components through the process of getting the WAP finalised. The full allocation to the NW was delivered to all LCA's

Bill Davidson: If you have queries around the proposed 5yr WAP application please talk to Jodie Lawler.

Action: Invite Jodie Lawler to the next RWC to provide an overview of where the next WAP application process is up to.

Pete Dawson: It is good to develop a 5yr plan. The Senior Weed Officers need to talk to your Finance staff to understand your budget.

11. NSW DPIRD Biosecurity update

Bill Davidson provided and update. Refer to Appendices 1.

12. State and Regional Priority Species & Incursions

Clare Felton-Taylor - Narrabri Shire Council

We have 2 additional Parthenium weed sites on the Newell Highway south of Narrabri. We have found 2 more Sticky Florestina plants. We have 2 new Harrisia cactus sites at Baan Baa along with a significant incursion on the Killarney Gap Rd. We have had some of the Harrisia cactus identified by the Herbarium as Harrisia tortuosa.

Andrea Fletcher-Dawson – CMCC

We have a few Parthenium weed sites on the Castlereagh Highway which have expanded and we have realigned the guidepost markers to suit

Damien Sykes - Moree plains Shire Council

We have found 2 Parthenium weed plants at the washdown pad at Mungindi.

Lee Amidy – Gunnedah Shire Council

Regular inspections occurring at the Parthenium weed sites.

Scott Revell – Gwydir Shire Council

We have found a new Parthenium weed plant at Death Adder Hill. It has been 3.5yrs since the last plant was found here. Wyellan Park, Parthenium weed has spread due to flooding.

Deb Bancroft – NSLA

Severn NP, Hudson pear incursion inspection occurred with more small plants found along with a new single cladode. Another inspection is scheduled. A fence will be installed to stop the spread.

Michael Whitney - Liverpool Plains Shire Council

Parthenium weed inspections occurring. Chilean Needle Grass found in the Warrah area, we have stopped mowing it and are now spraying it out.

Pete Dawson – NW LLS TSR

The TSR team undertook an inspection for Parthenium weed in Croppa Creek. No Parthenium was found in the TSR however they did find some large plants upstream from the TSR in the neighbouring property.

Transport for NSW

Chris Wicks (TforNSW)

Working with Michael Whitney to assist with providing access for an Armco program for the Kamilaroi Highway. Michael: Will we see plans of the design. Chris: Yes through your engineering section they will get 20% and 80% complete designs for comment.

Michael Whitney: Would like to thank Chris for assisting with spraying of difficult areas along the New England Highway and we hope that we can work together into the future.

Clare Felton-Taylor (Narrabri Shire Council)

Undertook a Toolbox meeting with TforNSW staff at the Narrabri depot after finding more Parthenium weed plants on the Newell Highway. The meeting was good.

Damien Sykes – Moree Plains Shire Council

I provided Brett Gould with all the Parthenium weed GPS locations for the highways in my LGA.

Neal Glastonbury – Transport for NSW

If you have any issues please contact myself or call anytime. We are developing a constraints layer in our GIS system so that we know where we need to talk to the LCA.

Pete Dawson: A data sharing from our DPIRD BIS system would help or using the information in the Atlas for Living Australia. MOU for data sharing with LLS and Ag&Bio is needed.

Neal Glastonbury: Do we use Seed.nsw.gov.au this has all the development work on it. The 3rd party developers use this.

Pete Dawson: We need to share the Priority species data with TforNSW.

Action: NSW DPIRD Ag & Bio to investigate the sharing of Prohibited Matter and Regional Priority Weed (Prevention, Eradication) data for roadside weeds with Transport for NSW.

13. Delegate Reports

Bonnie Miller - Crown Lands

Follow up control on Harissia at Bohenia Creek, identified by NSC last year, ongoing control.

Inspect vacant Crown land parcel for weeds, Act on reports from landowners / Council when weeds are identified, Educate lease / licence holders on their responsibility to control weeds.

Kristen Coady – Forestry Corporation

Recent rains have led to a large amount of Mother of Millions appearing around Pilliga & Gunnedah. Tree pear – spraying new populations, re-spraying previously treated areas, trialling stem Injection treatments on individuals of different sizes within Breeza & Jacks Creek SF. MoM – spraying prior to winter flowering to prevent seeding.

Mick Collins - NSW Farmers

No new but have had an increase in people calling about Harrisia Cactus concerns in the Border region of Boggabilla, North Star, Croppa Creek, Moree and Gwydir Shires.

Andrew Wright - Whitehaven Coal

Seasonal woody/broadleaf priority and environmental weed spraying during Autumn: such as Box Thorn, Blackberry & Pear species. Routine assessments/inspections for weeds and schedule control programs accordingly. Ongoing treatment of priority weeds.

Phil Sparks - Nature Conservation Council

Infestations of Broadleaf Privet, and Pyracantha at Lake Inverell, Tiger Pear and Blue Heliotrope at Bective Reserve. Honey Locust emerging weed at Bective Reserve. Tree Pear, Broadleaf Privet and St John's Wort in Prisks Reserve at Woolomin. Madiera vine, Broadleaf Privet, and Balloon vine continuing to spread along Peel River at Dungowan. Continue cut stump control of African Olive and Broadleaf Privet in Oxley Park Tamworth behind Golf Street.

14. New Strategic Business

Pete Dawson – NW LLS

15 May 2025

Good Neighbour Program

This is targeting pests and weeds on Crownland, NPWS, Forestry adjoining private land. In the NW we have the Tamworth Peri Urban Pest Program along with the Croppa Creek Parthenium Weed in the TSRs.

In Western LLS they have a project for Boxing Glove Cactus.

The big part of this program is the education side for land managers.

There is a second round coming as the funding has not been fully expended.

Chris Wicks: Transport for NSW would be happy to be a joint partner for GNP projects.

15. General Business

David Lightowler - Tamworth Regional Council

We have engaged contractors to inspect for Alligator and Parthenium weed. We are getting closer to recruitment for new Weed Officers.

Pete Dawson - NW LLS

Be aware of an issue with security around DropBox at the present time.

Due to the drought in the south of NSW and into Vic the TSR Space will be seeing thousands of cattle coming north with the drovers. This is a high risk for weeds to be transported.

NSW Weeds Conference 2029

If the conference is to come to the NW we will need assistance from all the LCAs, LLS and the RWC. This is normally held in Aug to Sept.

Pete moved that the NWRWC bring together a proposal for the NSW Weeds Conference for 2029. Seconded by Michael Whitney. All members present were in favour of this.

Bill Davidson – NSW DPIRD

More BIS records are slowly coming through so thanks to all for getting this done.

Clare Felton-Taylor - Narrabri Shire Council

With the recent Harrisia cactus find at the Wheat Research Station we placed some media on Facebook and so far, we have had 110,000 views, 78 comments and these are still growing. We also had a story run on the local tv news.

16. Actions & Close

Meeting closed 12:00 pm

This Meeting:

No.	Action	Responsible
1	Hugh to review the Draft TofR and send back out to the RWC for endorsement with minor amendments	Hugh Leckie
2	Invite Jodie Lawler to the next RWC to provide an overview of where the next WAP application process is up to.	Hugh Leckie
3	NSW DPIRD Ag & Bio to investigate the sharing of Prohibited Matter and Regional Priority Weed (Prevention, Eradication) data for roadside weeds with Transport for NSW.	Bill Davidson

ITEM 8.7 ARIC MEETING AGENDA – 20th FEBRUARY 2025



CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL

AUDIT, RISK & IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE MEETING

AGENDA

Thursday 20th February 2025

Michael Urquhart GENERAL MANAGER

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ITEM 6.6 QUARTERLY BUDGET STATEMENT – DECEMBER 2024	
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ITEM 7.1 INCIDENTS OF FRAUD - NIL	
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ITEM 7.4 OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT - NIL	
8. RISK PROFILING (REPORT ON ANY ACTUAL OR LIKELY EVENTS IMPACTING ON COUNCIL'S RIS PROFILE)	jK 21
9. GENERAL BUSINESS	
10. CONFIRM DATE OF NEXT MEETING	
11. CLOSE OF MEETING	22

1. WELCOME & OPENING OF MEETING

Time: ____am

2. APOLOGIES

3. DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

Committee Members/County Council Members and senior staff are reminded of their obligation to declare their interest in any matters listed before them.

In considering your interest you are reminded to include pecuniary, non-pecuniary and conflicts of interest as well as any other interest you perceive or may be perceived of you.

Committee Members/County Council Members may declare an interest at the commencement of the meeting, or alternatively at any time during the meeting should any issue progress or arise that would warrant a declaration.

Committee Members/County Council Members must state their reasons in declaring any type of interest.

Member	Item No.	Pecuniary/ Non-Pecuniary	Reason

4. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES/MATTERS ARISING

4.1 MINUTES OF CMCC ARIC COMMITTEE HELD 15th AUGUST 2024

Minutes of CMCC ARIC Committee Meeting – 21st November 2024

Recommendation:

That the minutes of the CMCC ARIC Committee meeting held 21st November 2024, having been circulated be confirmed as a true and accurate record of that meeting.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments: Meeting Minutes – 21st November 2024.

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL ARIC MINUTES

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL ARIC COMMITTEE HELD VIA TEAMS ON THURSDAY 21st November 2024 COMMENCING AT 4:00PM

PRESENT:

Interim Chair Ms Liz Jeremy Committee members Mr. Ron Gillard CMCC Delegate Clr, Noel Kinsey, Mr. Manuel Moncada Audit Office Representative and General Manager Mike Urquhart.

ABSENT: Nil

WELCOME: Meeting was officially opened at 4.00pm and Interim Chairperson Ms. Liz Jeremy welcomed all Committee members and staff to the meeting.

2.0 Apologies

NIL

3.0 Declaration of Interest

NIL

4.1 Confirmation of Minutes of the ARIC Meeting Held

That the Minutes of the ARIC Meeting held on 15th August 2024 having been circulated to be confirmed as a true and correct record of that meeting.

Resolved

5.1 Business Arising

NIL

6.1 ARIC Terms of Reference

NIL

6.2 RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

NIL

6.3 RISK REGISTER

NIL

6.4 UPDATE ON THE INTERNAL AUDIT PROCEDSURES & PLANS (DISCUSSION POINT ONLY)

The Interim Chair asked if CMCC had commenced with an Internal Audit Plan or Service Reviews. The General Manager advised verbally that he had been reviewing the Hawksbury River County Council Internal Audit Charter and "Control Self-Assessment Program" with the aim of presenting a similar document for CMCC ARIC to consider at the February 2025 meeting.

6.5 UPDATE FROM GENERAL MANAGER ON RISK MANAGEMENT

That the ARIC receives and notes the General Managers report on Risk Management update. (Included draft Legislative Compliance Register)

Resolved

6.6 QUARTERLY BUDGET REVIEW STATEMENT - SEPTEMBER 2024

The ARIC adopted the quarterly Budget Review for 30th September 2024.

Resolved

Audit Office representative Mr. Manuel Moncada presented the 23/24 Financial Statements and he thanked the CMCC staff for their assistance during the audit process. Mr. Moncada in his Engagement Closing Report advised there were two overstated accruals and these remain uncorrected in the final statements for 23/24. The General Manager informed the committee that Council would be investigating its Information Technology procedures and would implement in the new year a cyber security review by its third party IT firm.

6.7 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - CMCC EOY FINANCIALS 2023/2024

The ARIC receive the Audited Financial Reports together with the Auditors Reports for the period 1st July 2023 to 30th June 2024.

Resolved.

7.1 NOTIFICATION OF INCIDENTS OF FRAUD OR INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING COUNCIL

NIL

7.2 NSW OMBUDSMAN's REPORT

NIL

7.3 ICAC ENQUIRIES INVOLVING COUNCIL

NIL

7.4 OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

NIL

8.0 RISK PROFILING (REPORT ON ANY ACTUAL OR LIKELY EVENTS IMPACTING ON COUNCILS RISK PROFILE)

NIL

9.0 GENERAL E	BUSINESS
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NIL

Date of the next CMCC ARIC Meeting to be 20th February 2025 via teams.

Close of Meeting

The meeting closed at 4.44pm

5. BUSINESS ARISING

5.1 BUSINESS ARISING FROM CMCC ARIC COMMITTEE MEETING HELD 20th NOVEMBER 2024.

6. REPORTS

ITEM 6.1 ARIC TERMS OF REFERNCE - NIL

ITEM 6.2 RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY NIL

ITEM 6.3 RISK REGISTER NIL

ITEM 6.4 UPDATE ON THE INTERNAL AUDIT PROCEDURES & PLANS (DISCUSSION POINT ONLY)

Local Government (General) Amendment (Audit, Risk and Improvement Committees) Regulation 2023

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive Services
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart – General Manager

Summary:

This report is presented to the Castlereagh Macquarie County Council (CMCC) ARIC for information and approval of various undertakings, in order for compliance with the Local Government (General) Amendment (Audit, Risk and Improvement Committees) Regulation 2023.

Background:

It is a requirement under the ARIC legislation for Council to implement an Internal Audit program, appoint and Internal Auditor and appoint an Internal Audit Co-ordinator. Councils are not required to appoint a member of staff to direct and coordinate their internal audit activities if the council has entered into an agreement with other councils to share the internal audit function and one of the participating councils has appointed a member of staff to direct and coordinate internal audit activities on behalf of all the participating councils (section 216P).

Current Position:

The County Council Network Councils of Upper Hunter, Upper Macquarie and Castlereagh County Council have all agreed to seek a quotation as a group for Internal Audit services. It is a requirement that Council has an Internal Audit program.

It is hoped that a common internal audit program and common auditor to service all three (3) Councils will result in cost advantages for the group.

On 5th February 2025 the Network General Managers met with representatives of LG Procurement to discuss a Request for Quotation via Vendor Panel platform for Internal Audit Services for the three (3) Councils. It was agreed the UMCC Administration Officer be the Vendor Panel (VP) point of contact for the RFQ and undertake appropriate VP training.

Discussions also included the Standing Offer Deed (SOD) which is the Agreement between LGP and the approved supplier. Details of schedule "D" of the SOD were also discussed, and this is the agreement between Council and the approved supplier.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993

Local Government (General) Amendment (Audit, Risk and Improvement Committees) Regulation 2023

OLG NSW Guidelines for Risk Management and Internal Audit

Governance issues:

Compliance with the abovementioned documents and policies.

Financial Implications:

Council has made a small provision in its annual budget for an Internal Audit Services in addition to the cost of the ARIC.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Not Applicable

Conclusion:

The General Manager recommends Council participate in this arrangement to reduce internal audit costs.

General Risk Management Update

Recommendation:

That;

(a) The CMCC ARIC receives the General Managers report on Internal Audit
(b) The CMCC ARIC endorses the actions of the General Manager in progressing a quotation for Internal Audit Services in conjunction with Upper Macquarie and Upper Hunter County Councils.
(c) Council enters into and agreement with Upper Macquarie and Upper Hunter County Councils for the internal audit and the appointment of the Upper Macquarie County Council Administration Officer as the Internal Audit Co-ordinator for all three (3) Councils.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments Nil

ITEM 6.5 UPDATE FROM THE GENERAL MANAGER ON RISK MANAGEMENT

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive Services
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart – General Manager

Summary:

This report is presented to the Castlereagh Macquarie County Council (CMCC) ARIC for information.

Background:

CMCC has chosen to utilise its annual insurance rebate to improve risk management in terms of WH&S training, policy review/development, audit of depots and preparation of operational risk register.

Current Position:

Council engaged the services of a WH&S Risk Consultant to:

- Provide general WH&S training update for all staff which was conducted at Coonamble on the 14th March 2024.
- 2. Operational Risk register consultation exercise at Baradine on the 29th July 2024.
- Inspection of Council depots by the General Manager and WH&S consultant to assess general compliance with relevant legislation will be conducted in May and June 2024. Mr. Ringland has inspected the Gilgandra depot and was pleased with what he saw. A detailed report will be provided in due course
- 4. The General Manager and WH&S Consultant shall in the coming months review current policies.
- 5. Mr. Ringland has commenced work on the operations risk register.
- 6. The General Manager tabled the draft Legislative Compliance Register at the November 2024 meeting.
- 7. Conflict training for staff to be re-scheduled for April 2025.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 OLG NSW Guidelines for Risk Management and Internal Audit

Governance issues:

Compliance with the abovementioned documents and policies.

Financial Implications:

There are no financial implications as most of the activities mentioned above are funded by the annual insurance rebate.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Not Applicable

Conclusion:

The General Manager shall update the Committee on general risk management activities.

General Risk Management Update

Recommendation:

That the CMCC ARIC receives and notes the General Managers report on Risk Management Update.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments: NIL

ITEM 6.6 QUARTERLY BUDGET STATEMENT - DECEMBER 2024

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive Services
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart – General Manager
FILE NUMBER:	

Summary:

The General Manager reports to the CMCC ARIC on the status of the December 2024 Quarterly Budget Review (QBR) Statement. The report outlines the first quarter operations against the adopted 2024/2025 budget estimates, with income and expenditure variations made because of actual differences or known trends.

Background:

The Quarterly Budget Review document is a statutory requirement under the Local Government (General) Regulations 2005, Part 9, Division 3, Section 203 and is an essential aspect of Council's financial management. A budget review is to be prepared and submitted to Council not later than two months after the end of each guarter.

Current Position:

The current position is detailed in the attached Quarter 2 (period ending 31st December 2024) Quarterly Budget Review Statement report.

Generally, the majority of income and expenditure estimates for 2024/2025 are on track, however there is a number of variations brought to account in the attached report because of the availability of known actual figures.

Council's General Fund operations after capital expenditures and transfers to and from reserves has recorded a deficit of \$7,002 for the quarter. The forecast cash result for the year is a deficit of \$4,804.

Description	Explanation	Saving	Expense
Interest on	Interest on investments have increased	7,000	0
Investments	this quarter with greater than expected		
	investments		
Private Works	It appears regular annual private work	12,000	25,000
	projects will not be undertaken this		
	financial year		
Plant Income and	A saving in plant expenditure will have its	10,000	10,000
Expenditure	plant income accordingly adjusted down		
Audit	An over accrual last financial year will	6,000	0
	realise a saving in 2024/25		
Computer & office	It is requested additional funds be	0	6,250
equipment	allocated for the changeover of computer		
maintenance	systems		
Employee	Sick leave expenditure this year will	29,000	29,000
Overheads	exceed original estimates (adj \$13,000),		
	so too will superannuation contributions		
	(adj \$7,000)		
	Staff travel and training (adj \$4,000 &		
	\$5,000) have surpassed revised estimates		

The major variations for the December 2024 guarter are listed below.

	with additional training undertaken for accreditation		
Other variations	Net of all other variations for the quarter	0	752
	Totals of adjustments	64,000	71,002
	Net adjustment for quarter		(\$7,002)

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework

Governance issues:

The Quarterly Budget Review Statement is a key document for Council in monitoring the progress of the Annual Budget and more broadly its achievement of the objectives within the Strategic Plan.

Financial Implications:

The Quarterly Budget Review details Councils current financial projections for the 2024/2025 fiscal year as at the quarter ending 31st December 2024.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Not Applicable

Conclusion:

The QBRS as at 31st December 2024 provides the CMCC ARIC with information relating to the status of the budget after six (6) months of operation.

Quarterly budget review statement – December 2024

Recommendation:

That the CMCC ARIC adopt the attached Quarterly Budget Review Statement for 31st December 2024 as tabled.

Moved:

Seconded:

Attachments:

December 2024. Quarterly Budget Review Statement

CASTLEREAG	H MACQUARIE	COUNTY CO	UNCIL					
Quarterly Bud	lget Review as	at 31st Dece	mber 2024.					
Yes		Approved	Revised	Requested	Revised	Actual	Balance	%
estir	Budget 2024-25	Variation	Budget	Variation This QTR	Budget 2024-25	To Date	Remaining For Year	utilised for year
	LULTLU			THIS GIT	LULTES		Tor rear	ioi yeui
INCOME								
Administration								
DPI - NW LLS WAP Grant	\$116,754		\$116,754		\$116,754	\$0	\$116,754	09
DPI - CW LLS WAP Grant	\$233,833		\$233,833		\$233,833	\$0	\$233,833	09
LLS Hudson Pear	\$0	\$60,952	\$60,952		\$60,952	\$60,952	\$0	1009
Parkinsonia Control Grant	\$30,000	\$12,350	\$42,350		\$42,350	\$42,350	\$0	
Rubber Vine Project	\$0	\$58,800	\$58,800		\$58,800	\$58,800	\$0	
Constituent Council Contribs	\$616,856		\$616,856		\$616,856	\$616,856	\$0	1009
Interest on Investments	\$35,700		\$35,700	\$7,000	\$42,700	\$21,211	\$21,489	509
Lease office space	\$18,952		\$18,952	\$1,848	\$20,800	\$2,800	\$18,000	139
WH&S Incentive Rebate - Unspent grants	\$5,000		\$5,000		\$5,000	\$5,000	\$0	1009
Administration - Total	\$1,057,095	\$132,102	\$1,189,197	\$8,848	\$1,198,045	\$807,969	\$390,076	679
Private Works								
Private Works Income	\$95,455		\$95,455	(\$25,000)	\$70,455	\$29,279	\$41,176	429
DPI Unincorporated Area	\$150,000	(\$540)	\$149,460		\$149,460	\$149,460	\$0	1009
DPI Bio Contraol Unit	\$90,000	(\$50,493)	\$39,507		\$39,507	\$39,507	\$0	1009
Private Works - Total	\$335,455	(\$51,033)	\$284,422	(\$25,000)	\$259,422	\$218,246	\$41,176	849
Other Income								
Plant Income	\$163,782		\$163,782	(\$10,000)	\$153,782	\$94,951	\$58,831	629
profit on sale of plant	\$5,000		\$5,000		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	09
Other Income - Total	\$168,782	\$0	\$168,782	(\$10,000)	\$158,782	\$94,951	\$63,831	609
Revenue Income - Total	\$1,561,332	\$81,069	\$1,642,401	(\$26,152)	\$1,616,249	\$1,121,166	\$495,083	69%
EXPENDITURE								
Administration Costs								
General Manager's Salary	\$77,249	\$2,751	\$80,000		\$80,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	50%
Contract Administrative Support	\$12,610		\$12,610		\$12,610	\$9,900	\$2,710	799
Administration Salaries	\$62,100		\$62,100		\$62,100	\$30,934	\$31,166	50%
Contribution by HP, Park and UA	(\$46,000)		(\$46,000)		(\$46,000)	(\$23,000)	(\$23,000)	50%
WH&S Risk Management	\$19,000		\$19,000		\$19,000	\$1,875	\$17,125	109
Administration travelling and meeting expenses	\$2,000		\$2,000	\$2,600	\$4,600	\$2,332	\$2,268	519
Audit Fees	\$21,028	(\$2,328)	\$18,700	(\$6,000)	\$12,700	\$8,700	\$4,000	69%
Audit Risk Improvement Committee	\$9,315		\$9,315		\$9,315	\$1,711	\$7,604	189
Advertising	\$4,500		\$4,500		\$4,500	\$1,210	\$3,290	279
Printing & Stationary	\$3,500		\$3,500		\$3,500	\$1,030	\$2,470	299
Postage & Freight	\$1,325		\$1,325		\$1,325	\$540	\$785	419
Telephone	\$9,669		\$9,669		\$9,669	\$4,513	\$5,156	479
Bank Charges	\$753		\$753		\$753	\$165	\$588	229
Legal Expenses	\$1,000		\$1,000		\$1,000	\$0	\$1,000	09
sundry admin expenses	\$12,000		\$12,000		\$12,000	\$9,947	\$2,053	839
lease fee expense Walgett	\$15,000		\$15,000		\$15,000	\$8,981	\$6,019	609
Office maintenance and running expense	\$5,300	\$2,500	\$7,800		\$7,800	\$4,623	\$3,177	59%
IT purchases expensed in year	\$0	\$5,000	\$5,000		\$5,000	\$4,494	\$506	90%
Computer & office equipment maintenance	\$26,000	40,000	\$26,000	\$6,250	\$32,250	\$19,111	\$13,139	59%
web site costs	\$1,500		\$1,500	<i>40,200</i>	\$1,500	\$15,111	\$1,500	09
	\$237,849	\$7,923	\$245,772	\$2,850	\$248,622	\$127,066	\$121,556	519

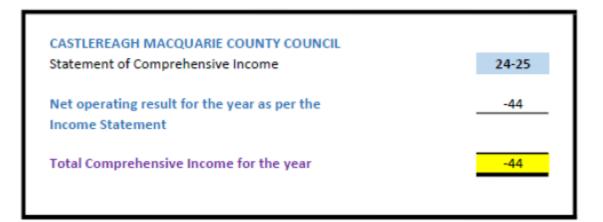
Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Agenda –23rd June 2025 – Ordinary Council Meeting

Yea	Adopted	Approved	Revised	Requested	Revised	Actual	Balance	%
estir		Variation	Budget	Variation	Budget	To Date	Remaining	utilised
	2024-25			This QTR	2024-25		For Year	for year
Insurance Costs								
Fidelity Gaurantee	\$2,252	\$545	\$2,797		\$2,797	\$2,797	ŚO	100%
Public Liability & Prof Indemnity	\$38,997	\$1,507	\$40,504		\$40,504	\$40,504	\$0	100%
Property Insurance	\$9,942	\$581	\$10,523		\$10,523	\$10,523	\$0	100%
Personal Accident	\$1,970	(\$59)	\$1,911		\$1,911	\$1,911	\$0	100%
Councillor's and Officers' Liability	\$14,685	\$212	\$14,897		\$14,897	\$14,897	\$0	100%
Motor vehicle liability	\$9,911	(\$2,301)	\$7,610		\$7,610	\$7,610	\$0	100%
Insurance Costs - Total	\$77,757	\$485	\$78,242	\$0	\$78,242	\$78,242	\$0	100%
Governance Costs								
Chairperson's Allowance	\$4,150		\$4,150		\$4,150	\$1,670	\$2,480	40%
Councillors' Meeting Fees	\$19,271		\$19,271		\$19,271	\$7,777	\$11,494	40%
Councillors' Travelling	\$10,278		\$10,278		\$10,278	\$3,717	\$6,561	36%
Councillors' Subsistence - CMCC Mtgs	\$2,745	\$761	\$3,506		\$3,506	\$546	\$2,960	16%
Subscription - Shires Assoc	\$3,815	(\$761)	\$3,054		\$3,054	\$3,054	\$0	100%
Delegates Expenses	\$1,601		\$1,601		\$1,601	\$0	\$1,601	0%
Councillors Superannuation	\$1,024		\$1,024		\$1,024	\$281	\$743	27%
Governance Costs - Total	\$42,884	\$0	\$42,884	\$0	\$42,884	\$17,045	\$25,839	40%
Employee Overheads								
ToolBox Meetings	\$1,441		\$1,441		\$1,441	\$382	\$1,059	27%
Annual Leave	\$42,891		\$42,891		\$42,891	\$16,520	\$26,371	39%
Long Service Leave	\$15,020		\$15,020		\$15,020	\$0	\$15,020	0%
Sick Leave	\$26,902		\$26,902	\$13,000	\$39,902	\$28,880	\$11,022	72%
compassionate leave	\$1,744		\$1,744	,,	\$1,744	\$0	\$1,744	0%
Employee Overheads distributed to works	(\$188,524)	(\$3,000)	(\$191,524)	(\$29,000)	(\$220,524)	(\$114,507)	(\$106,017)	52%
Union Picnic Day	\$1,031		\$1,031		\$1,031	\$0	\$1,031	0%
Public Holidays NEI	\$16,792		\$16,792		\$16,792	\$10,179	\$6,613	61%
Superannuation	\$61,533		\$61,533	\$7,000	\$68,533	\$34,616	\$33,917	51%
Workers Compensation	\$10,868		\$10,868		\$10,868	\$6,432	\$4,436	59%
Protective Clothing	\$2,486		\$2,486		\$2,486	\$610	\$1,876	25%
Staff travel to meetings CCMC 61218	\$0		\$0	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$2,266	\$1,734	57%
Allowances Disability/Climatic	\$692		\$692	+ .,===	\$692	\$0	\$692	0%
Staff Training	\$7,124	\$3,000	\$10,124	\$5,000	\$15,124	\$14,197	\$927	94%
Sub -Total - Employee Overheads	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	(\$425)	\$425	#DIV/01
Sub Total Administrative Overheads	\$358,490	\$8,408	\$366,898	\$2,850	\$369,748	\$221,928	\$147,820	60%
Employee Overheads - Total								
Destruction of Weeds								
WAP CW	\$434,915		\$434,915		\$434,915	\$176,812	\$258,103	41%
WAP NW	\$214,757		\$214,757		\$214,757	\$73,638	\$141,119	34%
WAP Council roads	\$120,000	(\$30,000)	\$90,000		\$90,000	\$71,557	\$18,443	80%
Parkinsonia project	\$0	\$42,350	\$42,350		\$42,350	\$0	\$42,350	0%
Rubber Vine Project	\$0	\$58,800	\$58,800		\$58,800	\$39,469	\$19,331	67%
Unincorporate Area	\$150,000	(\$540)	\$149,460		\$149,460	\$102,936	\$46,524	69%
Contribution Administration UA	(\$15,000)		(\$15,000)		(\$15,000)	(\$7,500)	(\$7,500)	50%
Destruction of Weeds - Total	\$904,672	\$70,610	\$975,282	\$0	\$975,282	\$456,913	\$518,369	47%
Private Works								
DPI - Biocontrol and Quanda	\$90,000	(\$50,493)	\$39,507		\$39,507	\$11,151	\$28,356	28%
DPI - Hudson Pear containment project	\$0	\$60,952	\$60,952		\$60,952	\$40,408	\$20,544	66%
Cost of Private Works	\$57,267		\$57,267	(\$12,000)	\$45,267	\$22,653	\$22,614	50%
Private Works -Total	\$147,267	\$10,459	\$157,726	(\$12,000)	\$145,726	\$74,212	\$71,514	51%

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Agenda –23rd June 2025 – Ordinary Council Meeting

Yea	Adopted	Approved	Revised	Requested	Revised	Actual	Balance	%
estir	Budget	Variation	Budget	Variation	Budget	To Date	Remaining	utilised
	2024-25			This QTR	2024-25		For Year	for year
Other Expenses								
Depot Expenses	\$10.834		\$10.834		\$10.834	\$5.029	\$5,805	46%
Storage Rental	\$4,681		\$4,681		\$4,681	\$2,080	\$2,601	44%
Plant Expenses	\$83,782		\$83,782	(\$10,000)	\$73,782	\$52,492	\$21,290	719
Depreciation	\$80,000		\$80,000	(\$20,000)	\$80,000	\$40,000	\$40,000	50%
Other Expenses -Total	\$179,297	\$0	\$179,297	(\$10,000)	\$169,297	\$99,601	\$69,696	59%
Revenue Expenses - Total	\$1,589,726	\$89,477	\$1,679,203	(\$19,150)	\$1,660,053	\$852,653	\$807,400	51%
Net Operating Surplus/(Deficit) after Depreciation	(\$28,394)	(\$8,408)	(\$36,802)	(\$7,002)	(\$43,804)	\$268,513	(\$312,317)	-613%
Capital Income								
Sale/Trade in of Plant Assets	\$46,000		\$46,000		\$46,000	\$0	\$46,000	0%
Transfer from ELE Reserve	\$0		\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	#DIV/0!
Transfer from WH&S Reserve	\$14,000		\$14,000		\$14,000	\$0	\$14,000	0%
Transfer from Plant Reserve	\$28,000		\$28,000		\$28,000	\$0	\$28,000	0%
Capital Income - Total	\$88,000	\$0	\$88,000	\$0	\$88,000	\$0	\$88,000	0%
Capital Expenditure								
Minor Building Improvements	\$2,000		\$2,000		\$2,000	\$0	\$2,000	0%
Bio Control unit	\$5,000		\$5,000		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	0%
New Vehicles - Nett	\$106,000		\$106,000		\$106,000	\$0	\$106,000	09
New Spray Rigs	\$0		\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	09
Small Plant, Tools, Radios	\$2,000		\$2,000		\$2,000	\$0	\$2,000	0%
Transfer to ELE Reserve	\$5,000		\$5,000		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	0%
Transfer to Plant Reserve	\$9,000		\$9,000		\$9,000	\$0	\$9,000	0%
Capital Expenditure - Total	\$129,000	\$0	\$129,000	\$0	\$129,000	\$0	\$129,000	0%
Net Capital Surplus/(Deficit)	(\$41,000)	\$0	(\$41,000)	\$0	(\$41,000)	\$0	(\$41,000)	
Summary								
Total Income	\$1,649,332	\$81,069	\$1,730,401	(\$26,152)	\$1,704,249	\$1,121,166	\$583,083	
Total Expenditure	\$1,718,726	\$89,477	\$1,808,203	(\$19,150)	\$1,789,053	\$852,653	\$936,400	
Net Total Surplus/(Deficit)	(\$69,394)	(\$8,408)	(\$77,802)	(\$7,002)	(\$84,804)	\$268,513	(\$353,317)	
Add back depreciation and profit on sale	\$85,000	\$0	\$85,000	\$0	\$85,000	\$20,125	\$64,875	
Less Profit on sale	\$5,000		\$5,000		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	
Net cash result for year Surplus (Deficit)	\$10,606	(\$8,408)	\$2,198	(\$7,002)	(\$4,804)	\$288,638	(\$293,442)	

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL Quarterly Budget Review 31st December 2024 Income Statement	
	24-25
Income from continuing operations	
User charges and fees	38
Interest and investment revenue	43
Other revenues	7
Grants and Contributions provided for operating purposes	1374
Other income	
Net gains from disposal of assets	5
Total income from continuing operations	1,467
Expenses from continuing operations	
Employee benefits and on-costs	720
Materials and services	706
Depreciation and amortisation	85
Net losses from the disposal of assets	0
Total expenses from continuing operations	1,511
Operating result from continuing operations	-44
NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR	-44
Net operating result attriutable to Council	
Net operating result for the year before contributions provided for capital purposes	-44



CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL Quarterly Budget Review 30th September 2024	
Statement of Financial Position	
ASSETS	24-25
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	488
Investments	500
receivables	108
Inventories	79
Total Current Assets	1,175
Non-current assets	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	556
Right of use assets	65
Total non-current assets	621
Total Assets	1,796
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	80
Payables	25
Lease liabilities	25
Provisions	175
Total Current Assets	225
Non-current liabilities	
Lease liabilities	40
Provisions	0
Total non-current liabilities	40
Total Liabilities	265
NET ASSETS	1,530
EQUITY	
Accumulated surplus	1,093
Revaluation Reserve	437
Council equity interest	1,530
Total equity	1,530

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Statement of Changes in Equity	24-25
Opening balance	1,574
Net operating result for the year	-44
Equity - balance at end of the reporting period	1,530

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Statement of Cash Flows	
for the years ending	
,	
	24-25
Cash flows from operating activities	
Receipts:	
User charges and fees	38
Interest and investment revenue	43
Other revenues	7
Grants and Contributions provided for operating purposes	1374
Payments:	
Employee benefits and on-costs	-720
Materials and contracts	-643
Other expenses	-88
Net cash provided (or used in) operating activities	11
Cash flows from investing activities	
Receipts:	
Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	46
Payments	
Purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	-106
Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities	-60
Cash Rows from Granding	
Cash flows from financing Principal component of lease payments	-5
	-
Net cash flows from financing activities	-5
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-44
net increase/ (accrease/ in cash and cash equivalents	
Plus: cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	532
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	488
plus: investments on hand - end of year	500
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	988

ITEM 6.7 FINANCIAL PERFORMACE – CMCC EOY FINANCIALS 2023/2024 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDIT REPORT

TABLED AT NOVEMBER 24 MEETING

7. NOTIFICATION OF INCIDENTS OF FRAUD OR INVESTGATIONS INVOLVING COUNCIL

ITEM 7.1 INCIDENTS OF FRAUD - NIL

ITEM 7.2 NSW OMBUDSMAN's REPORT - NIL

ITEM 7.3 ICAC ENQUIRIES INVOLVING COUNCIL - NIL

ITEM 7.4 OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT - NIL

8. RISK PROFILING (REPORT ON ANY ACTUAL OR LIKELY EVENTS IMPACTING ON COUNCIL'S RISK PROFILE)

NIL

21

9. GENERAL BUSINESS

10. CONFIRM DATE OF NEXT MEETING

Date: 15th MAY 2025

11. CLOSE OF MEETING

Time:

22

ITEM 8.8 ARIC MEETING AGENDA – 15th MAY 2025



CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL

AUDIT, RISK & IMPROVEMENT COMMITTEE MEETING

AGENDA

Thursday 15th May 2025

Michael Urquhart GENERAL MANAGER

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ITEM 7.2 NSW OMBUDSMAN'S REPORT - NIL	24
ITEM 7.3 ICAC ENQUIRIES INVOLVING COUNCIL - NIL	. 24
ITEM 7.4 OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT - NIL	. 24
8. RISK PROFILING (REPORT ON ANY ACTUAL OR LIKELY EVENTS IMPACTING ON COUNCIL'S R PROFILE)	24
9. GENERAL BUSINESS	
10. CONFIRM DATE OF NEXT MEETING	. 24
11. CLOSE OF MEETING	24

1. WELCOME & OPENING OF MEETING

Time: ____am

2. APOLOGIES

3. DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

Committee Members/County Council Members and senior staff are reminded of their obligation to declare their interest in any matters listed before them.

In considering your interest you are reminded to include pecuniary, non-pecuniary and conflicts of interest as well as any other interest you perceive or may be perceived of you.

Committee Members/County Council Members may declare an interest at the commencement of the meeting, or alternatively at any time during the meeting should any issue progress or arise that would warrant a declaration.

Committee Members/County Council Members must state their reasons in declaring any type of interest.

Member	Item No.	Pecuniary/ Non-Pecuniary	Reason

4. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES/MATTERS ARISING

4.1 MINUTES OF CMCC ARIC COMMITTEE HELD 20th February 2025

Minutes of CMCC ARIC Committee Meeting - 20th February 2025

Recommendation:

That the minutes of the CMCC ARIC Committee meeting held 20th February 2025, having been circulated be confirmed as a true and accurate record of that meeting.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments: Meeting Minutes – 20th February 2025.

4

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL ARIC MINUTES

MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL ARIC COMMITTEE HELD VIA TEAMS ON THURSDAY 20th FEBRUARY 2025 COMMENCING AT 4:00PM

PRESENT:

Interim Chair Ms Liz Jeremy Committee members Mr. Ron Gillard CMCC Delegate Clr, Noel Kinsey (phone), and General Manager Mike Urquhart.

ABSENT: Nil

WELCOME: Meeting was officially opened at 4.00pm and Interim Chairperson Ms. Liz Jeremy welcomed all Committee members and staff to the meeting.

The Chairperson acknowledged the Traditional Owners.

2.0 Apologies

NIL

3.0 Declaration of Interest

NIL

4.1 Confirmation of Minutes of the ARIC Meeting Held

That the Minutes of the ARIC Meeting held on 21st November 2024 having been circulated to be confirmed as a true and correct record of that meeting.

Resolved

5.1 Business Arising

NIL

6.1 ARIC Terms of Reference NIL

6.2 RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

NIL

6.3 RISK REGISTER

NIL

6.4 UPDATE ON THE INTERNAL AUDIT PROCEDSURES & PLANS (DISCUSSION POINT ONLY) That;

mai,

(a) The CMCC ARIC receives the General Managers report on Internal Audit
(b) The CMCC ARIC endorses the actions of the General Manager in progressing a quotation for Internal Audit Services in conjunction with Upper Macquarie and Upper Hunter County Councils.
(c) Council enters into an agreement with Upper Macquarie and Upper Hunter County Councils for internal audit services, appoints the Upper Macquarie County Council Administration Officer as the Internal Audit Facilitator, and appoints the Castlereagh Macquarie County Council (CMCC) Administration Officer as Internal Audit Co-ordinator for CMCC.

6.5 UPDATE FROM GENERAL MANAGER ON RISK MANAGEMENT

That the ARIC receives and notes the General Managers report on Risk Management update.

Resolved

6.6 QUARTERLY BUDGET REVIEW STATEMENT - DECEMBER 2024

The ARIC adopted the quarterly Budget Review for 31st December 2024.

Resolved

There was some discussion on the long-term financial sustainability of Council given the uncertainty of the WAP funding.

The General Manager advised the Committee that the Minister for Agricultures staff had advised CMCC at its November 24 Ordinary meeting that consideration would be given to a return of the rolling five (5) year funding model for invasive weed control.

This will give some certainty to annual grant funds when Council is compiling its annual budget document.

Committee Member Ron Gillard also mentioned that Council had a sound financial position as shown on its June 24 balance sheet that was presented to the CMCC ARIC by the NSW Auditor General at its November 24 meeting.

6.7 FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE - CMCC EOY FINANCIALS 2023/2024

NIL

7.1 NOTIFICATION OF INCIDENTS OF FRAUD OR INVESTIGATIONS INVOLVING COUNCIL

NIL

7.2 NSW OMBUDSMAN's REPORT

NIL

7.3 ICAC ENQUIRIES INVOLVING COUNCIL

NIL

7.4 OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

NIL

8.0 RISK PROFILING (REPORT ON ANY ACTUAL OR LIKELY EVENTS IMPACTING ON COUNCILS RISK PROFILE)

NIL

9.0 GENERAL BUSINESS

NIL

The Chair pointed out this was the last meeting for Committee Member Ron Gillard as he had taken up a position at Wedin Shire Council. The Chair thanked Ron for his valuable input and dedication to the progress of the CMCC ARIC.

Date of the next CMCC ARIC Meeting to be 15th May 2025 via teams.

Close of Meeting

The meeting closed at 4.45pm

5. BUSINESS ARISING

5.1 BUSINESS ARISING FROM CMCC ARIC COMMITTEE MEETING HELD 20th February 2025.

6. REPORTS

ITEM 6.1 ARIC TERMS OF REFERNCE - NIL

ITEM 6.2 RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY NIL

ITEM 6.3 RISK REGISTER NIL

8

ITEM 6.4 UPDATE ON THE INTERNAL AUDIT PROCEDURES & PLANS (DISCUSSION POINT ONLY)

The General Managers of CMCC, UHWA and CTWA are progressing the appointment of an Internal Auditor to the three (3) County Councils. It is proposed another ARIC meeting be held prior to the 23rd June 2025 to appoint the successful applicant.

The draft MOU is attached for consideration.

ITEM 6.5 UPDATE FROM THE GENERAL MANAGER ON RISK MANAGEMENT

General Manager
G

Summary:

This report is presented to the Castlereagh Macquarie County Council (CMCC) ARIC for information.

Background:

CMCC has chosen to utilise its annual insurance rebate to improve risk management in terms of WH&S training, policy review/development, audit of depots and preparation of operational risk register.

Current Position:

Council engaged the services of a WH&S Risk Consultant to:

- Provide general WH&S training update for all staff which was conducted at Coonamble on the 14th March 2024.
- Operational Risk register consultation exercise at Baradine on the 29th July 2024.
- Inspection of Council depots by the General Manager and WH&S consultant to assess general compliance with relevant legislation will be conducted in May and June 2024. Mr. Ringland has inspected the Gilgandra depot and was pleased with what he saw. A detailed report will be provided in due course
- The General Manager and WH&S Consultant shall in the coming months review current policies.
- 5. Mr. Ringland has commenced work on the operations risk register.
- 6. The General Manager tabled the draft Legislative Compliance Register at the November 2024 meeting.
- 7. Conflict training for staff to be re-scheduled for April 2025.
- 8. New policies adopted by Council at its April 2025 Ordinary meeting.
 - a. Grievance
 - b. Modern Slavery
 - c. Complaints Management
 - d. Fraud & Corruption
 - e. Gifts, Benefits and Bribes
- The CCMC in conjunction with the Upper Hunter Weeds Authority and Central Tablelands Weeds Authority are progressing the appointment of a joint Internal Auditor with the Internal Audit Co-ordinator based at CTWA.
- 10. The General Manager shall have an Internal Audit Charter available at the next ARIC meeting.
- 11. An MOU for the Internal Audit is attached to the agenda.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government (General) Regulation 2021

OLG NSW Guidelines for Risk Management and Internal Audit

Governance issues:

Compliance with the abovementioned documents and policies.

Financial Implications:

There are no financial implications as most of the activities mentioned above are funded by the annual insurance rebate.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Not Applicable

Conclusion:

The General Manager shall update the Committee on general risk management activities.

General Risk Management Update Recommendation:

That the CMCC ARIC receives and notes the General Managers report on Risk Management Update.

Moved: Seconded:

11

The policies below were adopted by Council at its 28th April 2025 Ordinary Council meeting.

ITEM 6.6 NEW POLICIES

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive Services
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart – General Manager

Summary:

Council from time to time must introduce new policies for compliance with relevant legislation, WH&S obligations, Risk Management and implementation of new procedures or processes.

The attached polices are new and are tabled for Council consideration.

Background:

The writer has in recent months in accordance with requirements of the WH&S and EOFY audit reports organised and prepared the following policies for presentation to Council.

Current Position:

The following policies are presented as a requirement for compliance with legislation, risk management and auditing requirements.

- 1. Grievance
- 2. Modern Slavery
- 3. Complaints Management
- 4. Fraud & Corruption
- 5. Gifts Benefits & Bribes

Governance issues:

Local Government Act 1993

Local Government (General) Regulation 2021

Environmental issues: NIL

Stakeholders:

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Constituent Councils County Council LGA Ratepayers Council staff

Financial Implications: NIL

Alternative Solutions/Options: NIL

Conclusion:

The General Manager is recommending to Council for adoption of the abovementioned policies.

New Policies

Recommendation:

That;

1. the report be received

- 2. Council adopted the following policies;
 - (a) Grievance
 - (b) Modern Slavery
 - (c) Complaints Management
 - (d) Fraud & Corruption
 - (e) Gifts, Benefits & Bribes

Moved:

Seconded:

ITEM 6.7 QUARTERLY BUDGET STATEMENT - MARCH 2025

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive Services
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart – General Manager
FILE NUMBER:	

Summary:

The General Manager reports to the CMCC ARIC on the status of the March 2025 Quarterly Budget Review (QBR) Statement. The report outlines the third quarter operations against the adopted 2024/2025 budget estimates, with income and expenditure variations made because of actual differences or known trends.

Background:

The Quarterly Budget Review document is a statutory requirement under the Local Government (General) Regulations 2005, Part 9, Division 3, Section 203 and is an essential aspect of Council's financial management. A budget review is to be prepared and submitted to Council not later than two months after the end of each guarter.

Current Position:

The current position is detailed in the attached Quarter 3 Quarterly Budget Review Statement report.

Generally, the majority of income and expenditure estimates for 2024/2025 are on track, however there is a number of variations brought to account in the attached report because of the availability of known actual figures.

Council's General Fund operations after capital expenditures and transfers to and from reserves has recorded a deficit of \$4,166 for the quarter. The forecast cash result for the year is a deficit of \$8,970. The major variations for the March 2025 quarter are listed below.

Description	Explanation	Saving	Expense
DPI – NW & CW	WAP Grants income and expenditure for	3,123	3,123
LLS WAP	24/25 adjusted to reflect actual grant	15,084	15,084
Interest on	Interest on investments have increased	4,000	0
Investments	this quarter with greater than expected		
	investments		
Private Works	It appears regular annual private work	20,000	25,000
	projects will not be undertaken this		
	financial year		
Plant Income and	A saving in plant expenditure will have its	10,000	10,000
Expenditure	plant income accordingly adjusted down		
Employee	Sick leave expenditure this year will	33,027	33,027
Overheads	exceed original estimates (adj \$25,000),		
	Annual leave additional allocation of		
	\$10,000 as this expense has surpassed		
	revised estimates		
Transfer to ELE	As per GM report to February 25 CMCC	0	10,000
Reserve	needs to increase reserve to meet liability		
	increase for staff retirements.		
Other variations	Net of all other variations for the quarter	6,834	0
	Totals of adjustments	92,068	96,234
	Net adjustment for quarter		(\$4,166)

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993

Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 Integrated Planning and Reporting Framework

Governance issues:

The Quarterly Budget Review Statement is a key document for Council in monitoring the progress of the Annual Budget and more broadly its achievement of the objectives within the Strategic Plan.

Financial Implications:

The Quarterly Budget Review details Councils current financial projections for the 2024/2025 fiscal year as at the quarter ending 31st March 2025.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Not Applicable

Conclusion:

The QBRS as at 31st March 25 provides council with information relating to the status of the budget after nine (9) months of operation.

Quarterly budget review statement - March 2025

Recommendation:

That CMCC ARIC adopt the attached Quarterly Budget Review Statement for 31st March 2025 as tabled.

Moved:

Seconded:

Attachments:

March 2025. Quarterly Budget Review Statement

CASTLEREAG	H MACQUARII		UNCIL					
Quarterly Bud	dget Review as	s at 31st Mar	ch 2025.					
Ye	a Adopted	Approved	Revised	Requested	Revised	Actual	Balance	%
esti	· ·	Variation	Budget	Variation	Budget	To Date	Remaining	utilised
esti	2024-25	variation	Duuget	This QTR	2024-25	To Date	For Year	for year
	202120			init qitt	202120		ror real	ioi yeui
INCOME								
Administration								
DPI - NW LLS WAP Grant	\$116,754		\$116,754	\$3,123	\$119,877	\$0	\$119,877	0%
DPI - CW LLS WAP Grant	\$233,833		\$233,833	\$15,084	\$248,917	\$0	\$248,917	0%
LLS Hudson Pear	\$0	\$60,952	\$60,952		\$60,952	\$60,952	\$0	100%
Parkinsonia Control Grant	\$30,000	\$12,350	\$42,350		\$42,350	\$42,350	\$0	
Rubber Vine Project	\$0	\$58,800	\$58,800		\$58,800	\$58,800	\$0	
Constituent Council Contribs	\$616,856		\$616,856		\$616,856	\$616,856	\$0	100%
Interest on Investments	\$35,700	\$7,000	\$42,700	\$4,000	\$46,700	\$36,217	\$10,483	78%
Lease office space	\$18,952	\$1,848	\$20,800		\$20,800	\$2,800	\$18,000	13%
WH&S Incentive Rebate	\$5,000	, 2,2.0	\$5,000		\$5,000	\$5,000	\$0	100%
Administration - Total	\$1,057,095	\$140,950	\$1,198,045	\$22,207	\$1,220,252	\$822,975	\$397,277	67%
Private Works								
Private Works Income	\$95,455	(\$25,000)	\$70,455	(\$25,000)	\$45,455	\$39,144	\$6,311	86%
DPI Unincorporated Area	\$150,000	(\$540)	\$149,460	(+	\$149,460	\$149,460	\$0	100%
DPI Bio Control Unit	\$90,000	(\$50,493)	\$39,507		\$39,507	\$39,507	\$0	100%
Private Works - Total	\$335,455	(\$76,033)		(\$25,000)	\$234,422	\$228,111	\$6,311	97%
	<i></i>	(+	+,	(+	<i>+</i> ,	+,	+-,	
Other Income								
Plant Income	\$163,782	(\$10,000)	\$153,782	\$10,000	\$163,782	\$126,211	\$37,571	77%
profit on sale of plant	\$5,000	(\$10,000)	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	0%
Other Income - Total	\$168,782	(\$10,000)	\$158,782	\$10,000	\$168,782	\$126,211	\$42,571	75%
Revenue Income - Total	\$1,561,332		\$1,616,249	\$7,207	\$1,623,456	\$1,177,297	\$446,159	73%
	\$1,501,552	<i>404,011</i>	<i>J1,010,243</i>	\$7,207	\$1,023,430	\$1,177,237	\$440,100	137
EXPENDITURE								
Administration Costs								
General Manager's Salary	\$77,249	\$2,751	\$80,000		\$80,000	\$55,646	\$24,354	70%
Contract Administrative Support	\$12,610	, , ,	\$12,610		\$12,610	\$9,900	\$2,710	79%
Administration Salaries	\$62,100		\$62,100		\$62,100	\$43,204	\$18,896	70%
Contribution by HP, Park and UA	(\$46,000)		(\$46,000)	(\$2,698)	(\$48,698)	(\$34,000)	(\$14,698)	70%
WH&S Risk Management	\$19,000		\$19,000	(+-))	\$19,000	\$1,875	\$17,125	10%
Administration travelling and meeting expenses	\$2,000	\$2,600	\$4,600		\$4,600	\$2,843	\$1,757	62%
Audit Fees	\$21,028	(\$8,328)	\$12,700		\$12,700	\$12,700	\$0	100%
Audit Risk Improvement Committee	\$9,315	(\$0,520)	\$9,315		\$9,315	\$1,711	\$7,604	18%
Advertising	\$4,500		\$4,500		\$4,500	\$1,210	\$3,290	27%
Printing & Stationary	\$3,500		\$3,500		\$3,500	\$1,210	\$1,591	55%
Postage & Freight	\$1,325		\$1,325		\$1,325	\$704	\$621	53%
Telephone	\$1,525		\$9,669		\$9,669	\$7,316	\$2,353	76%
Bank Charges	\$9,009		\$9,009		\$9,009 \$753	\$7,316 \$219	\$2,353 \$534	29%
Legal Expenses	\$1,000		\$1,000		\$1,000	\$219	\$534	29%
sundry admin expenses	\$1,000		\$1,000		\$1,000	\$10,567	\$1,000	88%
lease fee expense Walgett	\$12,000							77%
lease fee expense Walgett Office maintenance and running expense		¢3 500	\$15,000		\$15,000	\$11,581	\$3,419	
	\$5,300	\$2,500	\$7,800	\$2,000	\$7,800 \$7,000	\$4,259 \$4,494	\$3,541 \$2,506	55% 64%
	<u>ćo</u>				57 (100)	54 494	3/ 500	64%
IT purchases expensed in year	\$0	\$5,000	\$5,000	\$2,000				
	\$0 \$26,000 \$1,500	\$6,250	\$32,250 \$1,500	(\$500)	\$32,250 \$1,000	\$27,262 \$0	\$4,988 \$1,000	85%

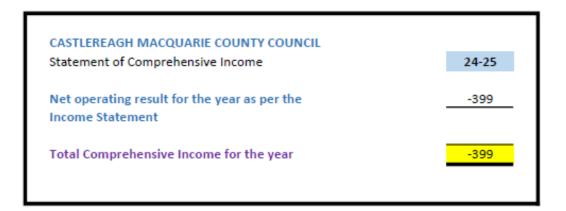
Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Agenda –23rd June 2025 – Ordinary Council Meeting

Y	•	Approved	Revised	Requested	Revised	Actual	Balance	%
est		Variation	Budget	Variation	Budget 2024-25	To Date	Remaining	utilised
	2024-25			This QTR	2024-25		For Year	for year
Insurance Costs								
Fidelity Gaurantee	\$2,252	\$545	\$2,797		\$2,797	\$2,797	\$0	100%
Public Liability & Prof Indemnity	\$38,997	\$1,507	\$40,504		\$40,504	\$40,504	\$0 \$0	100%
Property Insurance	\$9,942	\$581	\$10,523		\$10,523	\$10,523	\$0	100%
Personal Accident	\$1,970	(\$59)	\$1,911		\$1,911	\$1,911	\$0 \$0	100%
Councillor's and Officers' Liability	\$14,685	\$212	\$14,897		\$14,897	\$14,897	\$0 \$0	100%
Motor vehicle liability	\$9,911	(\$2,301)	\$7,610		\$7,610	\$7,610	\$0 \$0	100%
Insurance Costs - Total	\$77,757	\$485	\$78,242	\$0	\$78,242	\$78,242	\$0 \$0	100%
Governance Costs								
Chairperson's Allowance	\$4,150		\$4,150		\$4,150	\$2,397	\$1,753	58%
Councillors' Meeting Fees	\$19,271		\$19,271		\$19,271	\$11,160	\$8,111	58%
Councillors' Travelling	\$10,278		\$10,278		\$10,278	\$5,437	\$4,841	53%
Councillors' Subsistence - CMCC Mtgs	\$2,745	\$761	\$3,506	(\$2,000)	\$1,506	\$643	\$863	43%
Subscription - Shires Assoc	\$3,815	(\$761)	\$3,054	(\$2,000)	\$3,054	\$3,054	\$0	100%
Delegates Expenses	\$1,601	(\$701)	\$1,601		\$1,601	\$0	\$1,601	0%
Councillors Superannuation	\$1,001		\$1,024		\$1,001	\$498	\$526	49%
Governance Costs - Total	\$42,884	\$0	\$42,884	(\$2,000)	\$40,884	\$23,189	\$17,695	57%
Employee Overheads								
ToolBox Meetings	\$1,441		\$1,441		\$1,441	\$382	\$1,059	27%
Annual Leave	\$42,891		\$42,891	\$10,000	\$52,891	\$40,839	\$12,055	77%
Long Service Leave	\$15,020		\$15,020	\$10,000	\$15,020	\$40,833	\$15,020	0%
Sick Leave	\$15,020	\$13,000	\$39,902	\$25,000	\$64,902	\$45,560	\$19,342	70%
compassionate leave	\$1,744	\$15,000	\$1,744	\$25,000	\$1,744	\$0	\$1,744	0%
Employee Overheads distributed to works	(\$188,524)	(\$32,000)	(\$220,524)	(\$33,027)	(\$253,551)	(\$114,507)	(\$139,044)	45%
Union Picnic Day	\$1,031	(\$32,000)	\$1,031	(\$344)	\$687	\$687	\$0	100%
Public Holidays NEI	\$16,792		\$16,792	(5544)	\$16,792	\$12,397	\$4,395	74%
Superannuation	\$61,533	\$7,000	\$68,533		\$68,533	\$52,840	\$15,693	77%
Workers Compensation	\$10,868	\$7,000	\$10,868	(\$1,629)	\$9,239	\$9,239	\$15,055	100%
Protective Clothing	\$2,486		\$2,486	(\$1,025)	\$2,486	\$870	\$1,616	35%
Staff travel to meetings CCMC 61218	\$2,400	\$4,000	\$4,000		\$4,000	\$2,760	\$1,240	69%
Allowances Disability/Climatic	\$692	\$4,000	\$692		\$692	\$0	\$692	0%
Staff Training	\$7,124	\$8,000	\$15,124		\$15,124	\$14,197	\$927	94%
Sub -Total - Employee Overheads	\$7,124	\$8,000 \$0	\$13,124	\$0	\$15,124	\$65,264	(\$65,264)	#DIV/0!
Sub Total Administrative Overheads	\$358,490	\$11,258	\$369,748	(\$3,198)	\$366,550	\$330,095	\$36,455	90%
Employee Overheads - Total								
Destruction of Weeds	6424.045		6424.045	Ć45.004	<u> </u>	6220.044	6424.000	720/
WAP CW	\$434,915		\$434,915	\$15,084	\$449,999	\$328,011	\$121,988	73%
WAP NW	\$214,757	(122,222)	\$214,757	\$3,123	\$217,880	\$140,790	\$77,090	65%
Council roads	\$120,000	(\$30,000)	\$90,000		\$90,000	\$46,630	\$43,370	52%
Parkinsonia project	\$0	\$42,350	\$42,350		\$42,350	\$0	\$42,350	0%
Rubber Vine Project	\$0	\$58,800	\$58,800		\$58,800	\$37,340	\$21,460	64%
Unincorporate Area	\$150,000	(\$540)	\$149,460		\$149,460	\$102,936	\$46,524	69%
Contribution Administration UA Destruction of Weeds - Total	(\$15,000) \$904,672	\$70,610	(\$15,000) \$975,282	\$1,364 \$19,571	(\$13,636) \$994,853	(\$13,636) \$642,071	\$0 \$352,782	100%
Private Works	¢00.000	(CE0 402)	600 F07		620 507	¢10.000	620.04F	470/
DPI - Biocontrol and Quanda	\$90,000	(\$50,493)	\$39,507		\$39,507	\$18,662	\$20,845	47%
DPI - Hudson Pear containment project	\$0	\$60,952	\$60,952	(\$20,000)	\$60,952	\$40,408	\$20,544	66%
Cost of Private Works	\$57,267	(\$12,000)	\$45,267	(\$20,000)	\$25,267	\$20,747	\$4,520	82%
Private Works -Total	\$147,267	(\$1,541)	\$145,726	(\$20,000)	\$125,726	\$79,817	\$45,909	63%

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Agenda –23rd June 2025 – Ordinary Council Meeting

Yea	Adopted	Approved	Revised	Requested	Revised	Actual	Balance	%
estir	•	Variation	Budget	Variation	Budget	To Date	Remaining	utilised
	2024-25			This QTR	2024-25		For Year	for year
Other Expenses								
Depot Expenses	\$10,834		\$10,834		\$10,834	\$5,936	\$4,898	55%
Storage Rental	\$4,681		\$4,681		\$4,681	\$2,080	\$2,601	44%
Plant Expenses	\$83,782	(\$10,000)	\$73,782	\$10,000	\$83,782	\$65,131	\$18,651	78%
Depreciation	\$80,000	(, , , ,	\$80,000	. ,	\$80,000	\$60,000	\$20,000	75%
Other Expenses -Total	\$179,297	(\$10,000)	\$169,297	\$10,000	\$179,297	\$133,147	\$46,150	74%
Revenue Expenses - Total	\$1,589,726	A. 7 1	\$1,660,053	\$6,373	\$1,666,426	\$1,185,130	\$481,296	71%
Net Operating Surplus/(Deficit) after Depreciation	(\$28,394)	(\$15,410)	(\$43,804)	\$834	(\$42,970)	(\$7,833)	(\$35,137)	18%
Capital Income								
Sale/Trade in of Plant Assets	\$46,000		\$46,000		\$46,000	\$0	\$46,000	0%
Transfer from ELE Reserve	\$0		\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	#DIV/0!
Transfer from WH&S Reserve	\$14,000		\$14,000		\$14,000	\$0	\$14,000	0%
Transfer from Plant Reserve	\$28,000		\$28,000		\$28,000	\$0	\$28,000	0%
Capital Income - Total	\$88,000	\$0	\$88,000	\$0	\$88,000	\$0	\$88,000	0%
Capital Expenditure								
Minor Building Improvements	\$2.000		\$2.000		\$2,000	\$0	\$2.000	0%
Bio Control unit	\$5,000		\$5,000		\$5,000	\$0	\$5,000	0%
New Vehicles - Nett	\$106,000		\$106,000		\$106,000	\$0	\$106,000	0%
New Spray Rigs	\$0		\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	0%
Small Plant, Tools, Radios	\$2,000		\$2,000		\$2,000	\$0	\$2,000	0%
Transfer to ELE Reserve	\$5,000		\$5,000	\$10,000	\$15,000	\$0	\$15,000	0%
Transfer to Plant Reserve	\$9,000		\$9,000		\$9,000	\$0	\$9,000	0%
Capital Expenditure - Total	\$129,000	\$0	\$129,000	\$10,000	\$139,000	\$0	\$139,000	0%
	(\$41,000)	ćo.	(\$41,000)	(\$10,000)	(651.000)	60	(651,000)	
Net Capital Surplus/(Deficit)	(\$41,000)	\$0	(\$41,000)	(\$10,000)	(\$51,000)	\$0	(\$51,000)	
Summary								
Total Income	\$1,649,332	\$54,917	\$1,704,249	\$7,207	\$1,711,456	\$1,177,297	\$534.159	
Total Expenditure	\$1,718,726		\$1,789,053	\$16,373	\$1,805,426	\$1,185,130	\$620,296	
	<i> </i>	<i></i>	+_,,	+20,010	+1,000,000	+1,200,200	<i>+</i> , <i></i> , <i>-</i>	
Net Total Surplus/(Deficit)	(\$69,394)	(\$15,410)	(\$84,804)	(\$9,166)	(\$93,970)	(\$7,833)	(\$86,137)	
Add back depreciation and profit on sale	\$85,000	\$0	\$85,000	\$0	\$85,000	\$20,125	\$64,875	
Less Profit on sale	\$85,000	ŞU	\$85,000	(\$5,000)	\$85,000	\$20,125	\$04,875	
Less Front on sale	\$5,000		\$5,000	(\$5,000)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Net cash result for year Surplus (Deficit)	\$10,606	(\$15,410)	(\$4,804)	(\$4,166)	(\$8,970)	\$12,292	(\$21,262)	
,	,,	(,,,	(1.)221)	(1.))	(+=)== 0)	,,	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Quarterly Budget Review 31st March 2025	
Income Statement	
income statement	
	24-25
Income from continuing operations	
User charges and fees	45
Interest and investment revenue	47
Other revenues	0
Grants and Contributions provided for operating purposes	986
Other income	21
Net gains from disposal of assets	5
Total income from continuing operations	1,104
Expenses from continuing operations	
Employee benefits and on-costs	772
Materials and services	636
Depreciation and amortisation	95
Net losses from the disposal of assets	0
Total expenses from continuing operations	1,503
Operating result from continuing operations	-399
NET OPERATING RESULT FOR THE YEAR	-399
Net operating result attriutable to Council	
Net operating result for the year before	-399
contributions provided for capital purposes	



CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Quarterly Budget Review 31st March 2025 Statement of Financial Position	
Statement of Financial Position	
ASSETS	24-25
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	556
Investments	500
receivables	31
Inventories	51
Total Current Assets	1,138
Non-current assets	
Infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	526
Right of use assets	24
Total non-current assets	550
Total Assets	1,688
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Payables	117
Lease liabilities	24
Provisions	262
Total Current Assets	403
Non-current liabilities	
Lease liabilities	0
Provisions	0
Total non-current liabilities	0
Total Liabilities	403
NET ASSETS	1,285
EQUITY	
Accumulated surplus	802
Revaluation Reserve	483
Council equity interest	1,285
Total equity	1,285

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Statement of Changes in Equity	24-25
Opening balance Net operating result for the year	<u>1,684</u> -399
Equity - balance at end of the reporting period	1,285

CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL	
Statement of Cash Flows	
for the years ending 30th June 2025	
for the years ending both June 2025	
	24-25
Cash flows from operating activities	
Receipts:	
User charges and fees	45
Interest and investment revenue	47
Other revenues	26
Grants and Contributions provided for operating purposes	986
Payments:	
Employee benefits and on-costs	-772
Materials and contracts	-648
Other expenses	0
Net cash provided (or used in) operating activities	-316
Cash flows from investing activities	
Receipts:	
Sale of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	46
Payments	
Purchase of infrastructure, property, plant and equipment	-115
Net cash provided (or used in) investing activities	-69
Cash flows from financing	
Principal component of lease payments	-25
Net cash flows from financing activities	-25
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-360
Plus: cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	916
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	556
plus: investments on hand - end of year	500
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	1,056

ITEM 6.8 FINANCIAL PERFORMACE – CMCC EOY FINANCIALS 2023/2024 AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDIT REPORT

Tabled at the November 2024 Council meeting.

The following report was presented to the County Council on the 28th April 2025.

The associated documents are attached to the agenda.

ITEM 6.9 DRAFT 2025/26 OPERATIONAL PLAN, LONG TERM FINANICAL PLAN 25/26 to 34/35, BUSINESS ACTIVITY STRATEGIC PLAN 25/26 TO 34/35, ASSET MANAGEMENT PLAN 22/26 TO 34/35 AND WORKFORCE STRATEGY 25/26 TO 28/29

20/23	
REPORTING SECTION:	General Manager
AUTHOR:	Michael Urguhart

Summary

This report recommends the Operational Plan 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Resourcing Strategy (Asset Management Plan & Workforce Strategic Plan) be presented to Council for consideration and then display for a period of 28 days.

Background

Council in accordance with section 403 of the Local Government Act 1993 must prepare a Resourcing Strategy having consideration to Counsil Asset Management Plan 2025/26 to 2034/35 and Workforce Strategy for the period 2025/26 to 2028/29. In accordance with section 404 (2) of the Local Government Act 1993 Council must prepare a Delivery Program for the ensuing four (4) year period 2025/26 to 2028/29. The Operational Plan for the forthcoming financial year 25/26 is prepared in accordance with section 405 of the Local Government Act 1993.

County Councils do not prepare Community Strategic Plans, instead they must prepare a ten (10) year Business Activity Strategic Plan in accordance with section 219 of the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021.

Current Position

The abovementioned Plans, Program and Strategies have been prepared in accordance with the relevant legislation and are tabled for Council consideration.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies

Local Government Act 1993 and Integrated Planning and Reporting legislation. Local Government General Regulation 2021

Governance issues

Council must comply with the Local Government Act 1993 and Integrated Planning and Reporting legislation.

Stakeholders

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Constituent Councils Office of Local Government Ratepayers in the Castlereagh County Council area

Financial Implications

Provision is made in the Draft 2025/26 Operational Plan and LTFP 25/26 to 34/35 to resource the control of Invasive Weeds in the County area in accordance with the Bio Security Act 2015.

Conclusion

The Operational Plan 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Resourcing Strategy (Asset Management Plan 25/26 to 34/35 & Workforce Strategic Plan 25/26 to 2028/29) after Council consideration must be placed on public display for a period of 28 days calling for public comment.

Draft Operational Place 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan 22/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29.

Recommendation:

That Council after having considered the Draft Operation Plan for 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Place 22/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29, be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28days from the 5th May 2025 until 4:30pm on 1st June 2025, inviting submission from the public during this time.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Business Activity Strategic Plan 2025/26 to 2034/25 Delivery Program 2025/26 to 2028/29 Operational Plan and Statement of Revenue Policy 2025/26 Long Term Financial Plan 202/26 to 2034/25 Asset Management Plan 2022/26 to 2034/35 Workforce Strategy 2025/26 to 2028/29

7. NOTIFICATION OF INCIDENTS OF FRAUD OR INVESTGATIONS INVOLVING COUNCIL

ITEM 7.1 INCIDENTS OF FRAUD - NIL

ITEM 7.2 NSW OMBUDSMAN's REPORT - NIL

ITEM 7.3 ICAC ENQUIRIES INVOLVING COUNCIL - NIL

ITEM 7.4 OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT - NIL

8. RISK PROFILING (REPORT ON ANY ACTUAL OR LIKELY EVENTS IMPACTING ON COUNCIL'S RISK PROFILE)

NIL

9. GENERAL BUSINESS

10. CONFIRM DATE OF NEXT MEETING

Date: 21st August 2025

11. CLOSE OF MEETING

Time:

9. REPORT OF THE GENERAL MANAGER

ITEM 9.1 COUNCIL'S DECISION ACTION REPORT - JUNE 2025

REPORTING SECTION:	General Manager
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart

Summary:

This schedule summarises the current position of action taken in respect of matters considered at the previous meetings of Council when the outcomes have not been finalised.

Background:

Attached is the Resolution Register which summaries outstanding action in respect of all resolutions which required action and are still outstanding. The exception is for the last meeting where items that have been completed are included. Members are reminded that any queries should be raised with the General Manager prior to the meeting.

Current Position:

Details of actions taken/being taken are flagged for each motion. Over time the register may grow in size because, whilst resolutions are actioned after the meeting, it is not always possible to resolve issues quickly, especially if other government agencies are involved or Council's own in-house resources are stretched, Council has to prioritise work commitments.

In these circumstances the register becomes the simple tool of keeping track of matters awaiting attention.

Again, Members are reminded that any queries should be raised with the General Manager prior to the meeting as this would streamline the meeting process and also resolve minor issues more expediently.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Resolution Register.

Governance Issues:

Standard Procedure dictates that Council resolutions should be implemented as soon as practicably be achieved.

Environmental Issues:

Nil.

Stakeholders: CMCC Council

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Nil.

Conclusion:

That the Resolution Register be received and noted. It is requested that any queries be raised with the General Manager prior to meeting day to facilitate proceedings at the meeting.

Council's Decision Action Report – June 2025

Recommendation:

That the Resolution Register June 2025 be received and noted.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachment:

Action Resolution Register.



CMCC ACTION RESOLUTION REGISTER

27.06.2022	06/22-11	 That the report be received and noted. Media Awareness Program to be undertaken by GM in conjunction with distribution of flyers with rates notices 	GM	Flyers to quarterly rate notices. Information to be advertised in constituent Council newsletter Media releases have been issued for Harrisia Cactus, St Johns Wort and Hudson Pear, African Box Thorn Filed	Continuing Continuing
28.08.23		Action Request; That the General Manager contact Todd (LLS Coordinator) and request that he attend every CMCC Council meeting to provide an update on the Hudson Pear program.	GM	Days. Co-ordinator invited to attend the bi-monthly meetings. May 2025 Requesting Mr. Pallister attend every second Council Meeting.	Continuing
28.04.25	02/25/10	 That; (a) Council received the Model Code of Conduct document (b) The Code of Conduct be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days calling for comment from the public. 	GM	Documents uploaded to website for public access. Advertisement of documents placed with Western Plains App. After the 28 day public exhibition period a Report to June 2025 for adoption.	Completed
28.04.25	02/25/11	 That; (a) Council received the Model Code of Meeting Practice document (b) The Model Code of Meeting Practice be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days calling for comment from the public. 	GM	Documents uploaded to website for public access. Advertisement of documents placed with Western Plains App. After the 28 day public exhibition period a Report to June 2025 for adoption.	Completed
28.04.25	02/25/16	That Council after having considered the Draft Operation Plan for 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/06 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan 22/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29 be placed on public exhibition for a period of 28 days from 5 th May 2025 until 4.30pm on 1 st June 2025, inviting submission from the public during this time.	GM	Documents uploaded to website for public access. Advertisement of documents placed with Western Plains APP After the 28 day public exhibition period a report to Council for adoption.	Completed

ITEM 9.2 CIRCULARS RECEIVED FROM THE NSW OFFICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

REPORTING SECTION:General Manager**AUTHOR:**Michael Urquhart

Summary:

Copies of circulars received from the Local Government Office Department of Premier and Cabinet are attached for Members information. Circulars are emailed to Members when published from LGNSW.

Background:

The General Manager has listed the following circulars issued by the Office of Local Government:

- 25-05 Onsite Wastewater Management Guidelines
- 25-07 Misuse of council resources 3 May 2025 Federal election
- 25-08 Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting 2024/25
- 25-09 PSUP Evaluation 2025
- 25-10 2025/26 Determination of the Local Government Renumeration Tribunal
- 25-11 Free speech in local government in NSW Guideline

Governance Issues:

All circulars have Governance implications. Where necessary the subject of particular circulars will be raised in following reports.

Stakeholders:

Members Castlereagh Macquarie County Council staff

Financial Implications:

Obviously some circulars will have a financial impact and where this is the case, Members particular attention will be drawn to them.

Conclusion:

Council will need to comply with the various requirements set out in the circulars.

Circulars Received from the NSW Office of Local Government

Recommendation:

That the information contained in the following Departmental circulars 25-05 to 25-11 from the Local Government Division Department of Premier and Cabinet be received and noted.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments: Circulars 25-05 – 25-11 Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Office of Local Government



Circular to Councils

Subject/title	Onsite Wastewater Management Guidelines
Circular Details	25-05 / 9 April 2025 / A949851
Previous Circular	23-07 Draft update of the Environment and Health Protection Guidelines: Onsite Sewage Management for Single Households (Silver Book)
Who should read this	General Managers / Environmental Health Officers / Council Water Utilities
Contact	Policy Team / (02) 4428 4100 / <u>olg@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>
Action required	Information / Council to implement

What's new or changing?

The Onsite Wastewater Management Guidelines (the Guidelines - previously known as the Environment & Health Protection Guidelines: On-site Sewage Management for Single Households or Silver Book) have been updated.

The updated Guidelines follow extensive sector consultation and constitute a technical update to capture technological advancements, the latest scientific literature and emerging trends in land use.

What will this mean for council?

- Councils regulate the installation and operation of onsite wastewater management (OWM) systems and rely heavily on the resources provided in the Guidelines.
- The updated Guidelines will provide councils with increased confidence that their approval processes achieve desired public health and environmental outcomes.

Key points

The Guidelines remain the primary reference document for OWM in NSW. They are also
referenced by other industry participants, including wastewater consultants,
environmental engineers, suppliers, installers and service technicians.

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- Feedback on the update was obtained through a survey carried out in late June 2022 and a consultation draft in 2023. This information and feedback helped shape the development of this update.
- The revised Guidelines were developed under the direction of the Office of Local Government (OLG), NSW Health, the Department of Climate Change, Environment, Energy and Water (Town Water Risk Reduction Program) and WaterNSW.
- The update includes a new model OWM strategy that councils may wish to refer to and/or adapt when next reviewing their strategies. It is based on a desktop review of several councils' current strategies to come up with a best practice approach.
- The regular review and updating of OWM strategies is encouraged to ensure they
 remain relevant and useful tools for operational management of new and existing OWM
 systems.

Where to go for further information

- A copy of the updated Onsite Wastewater Management Guidelines is available on the OLG website at https://www.olg.nsw.gov.au/councils/policy-and-legislation/guidelinesand-policy-information-resources-for-councils/guidelines-codes-and-practice-notes/.
- For further information, contact OLG's Policy Team on (02) 4428 4100 or by emailing olg@olg.nsw.gov.au.



Brett Whitworth Deputy Secretary Office of Local Government 8 April 2025 Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Office of Local Government



Circular to Councils

Subject	Misuse of council resources – 3 May 2025 Federal election
Circular Details	Circular No 25-07 / 15 April 2025 / A947232
Previous Circular	22-11 Misuse of Council Resources – May 2022 Federal Election
Who should read this	Councillors / General Managers / All council staff
Contact	Council Governance team / 02 4428 4100 / <u>olg@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>
Action required	Information / Council to implement

What's new or changing?

 In the lead up to the Federal election on 3 May 2025, councillors, council staff, and other council officials should be aware of and comply with their obligations under the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW (the Model Code of Conduct) in relation to the use of council resources.

What will this mean for council?

- It is important that the community has confidence that council property and resources are only used for official purposes.
- Councils are encouraged to ensure that councillors, council staff, and other council
 officials are aware of their obligations regarding the use of council resources.

Key points

- The Model Code of Conduct states that council officials must not:
 - use council resources (including council staff), property or facilities for the purpose of assisting their election campaign or the election campaign of others unless the resources, property or facilities are otherwise available for use or hire by the public and any publicly advertised fee is paid for the use of the resources, property or facility.

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- use council letterhead, council crests, council email or social media or other information that could give the appearance it is official council material for the purpose of assisting their election campaign or the election campaign of others.
- These obligations apply to all election campaigns including council, State and Federal election campaigns.
- Councils should also ensure that they exercise any regulatory powers in relation to
 election activities such as election signage in an impartial and even-handed way and in
 accordance with established procedures and practices.
- Failure to comply with these requirements may result in disciplinary action under the code of conduct.

Where to go for further information

 For more information, contact the Office of Local Government's Council Governance team on 02 4428 4100 or via <u>olg@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>.

Brett Whitworth Deputy Secretary Office of Local Government

Office of Local Government

GOVERNMENT

Circular to Councils

Subject/title	Local Government Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting 2024/25
Circular Details	Circular No 25-08 / 15 April 2025 / A944963
Who should read this	General Managers / Joint Organisation (JO) Executive Officers / Financial accounting business areas
Contact	Policy Team / 4428 4100 / <u>code@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>
Action required	Council / JOs to implement

What's new or changing?

- The final Code of Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting (Code) is available to guide the preparation of councils' 2024/25 financial statements.
- A JO supplement to the Code is also available for preparing JO 2024/25 financial statements.

What will this mean for council/JO?

• The Code must be used by councils and JOs to prepare their annual financial statements in accordance with the *Local Government Act* 1993 (LG Act) and the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021.

Key points

- The Code has been prepared in accordance with the LG Act, the Australian Accounting Standards and other requirements.
- The JO supplement to the Code supports the preparation of JO financial statements.
- Councils and JOs should carefully review the key changes in this year's Code, which are highlighted in yellow and are also detailed within the Summary of Key Changes to the Code 2024/25.
- Notable changes include:
 - o A subheading separating depreciation has been included to show results prior

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to depreciation, amortization and impairment on the Income Statement.

- Performance indicators have been removed from the 2024/25 Code while they are under review. Please note, OLG will continue to collect and report ratios using data from the Financial Data Return (FDR). Councils may still include these ratios in their annual reports provided they use the existing methodology. In 2025, OLG will consult with councils as part of the performance ratio review process.
- The Code has been developed in consultation with the Code Working Group, which involves key stakeholders, including a range of council representatives, Local Government NSW, the NSW Audit Office, and external auditors.

Expressions of interest

- Expressions of Interest are now sought from council financial professionals to join the annual Code Working Group to provide technical input on accounting issues for the 2025/26 Code update.
- The expected commitment schedule is:
 - an initial discussion session (up to 3 hours) in July to address feedback on the existing Code and discuss proposed refinements;
 - a follow-up commentary window (4-6 weeks) in September/October to provide feedback on a draft Code update; and
 - a final meeting (3 hours) in November to confirm final changes and suggestions.
 Please note that these dates are provisional and subject to confirmation.
- Council financial professionals interested in joining the Code Working Group and have the capacity and technical expertise to participate are encouraged to email code@olg.nsw.gov.au by COB 30 May 2025. Final membership of the group will be determined by OLG.

Where to go for further information

The 2024/25 Code is available on the Office of Local Government (OLG) website and includes the:

- General Purpose Financial Statements (Section 1)
- Joint Organisations Supplement (Section 2)
- Special Purpose Financial Statements (Section 3)
- Special Schedules (section 4)



- Appendices (Section 5)
- Summary of Key Changes to the Code 2024/25

OLG's Accounting Practice page can be found here:

https://www.olg.nsw.gov.au/councils/council-finances/financial-reporting/local-governmentcode-of-accounting-practice-and-financialreporting/.

OLG also provides a range of finance and accounting training videos, slides, template documents and guidance material on the 'Accounting Guidance' tab of the Council Portal, including webinars for a range of audience including councillors, general managers and finance staff.

Brett Whitworth Deputy Secretary Office of Local Government

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Office of Local Government



Circular to Councils

Subject/title	PSUP Evaluation 2025
Circular Details	Circular No 25-09 / 16 April 2025 / A955489
Previous Circular	23-14 Public Spaces (Unattended Property) Act 2021 – Commencement of Special arrangements for stock animals in emergencies 22-31 Commencement of the Public Spaces (Unattended Property) Act 2021.
Who should read this	Councillors / General Managers / Regulatory and Public Space management staff
Contact	Sector Policy and Frameworks Team / 02 4428 4100 / <u>olg@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>
Action required	Response to OLG

What's new or changing?

- The Office of Local Government (OLG) is evaluating the Public Spaces (Unattended Property) Act 2021 and the Public Spaces (Unattended Property) Regulation 2022 (PSUP laws) to assess:
 - o the effectiveness of the laws in meeting their objectives
 - o the effectiveness of the implementation of the new laws.

What will this mean for council?

- Councils, other public land managers, industry stakeholders and members of the public are invited to provide feedback on the questions posed in the evaluation survey by Friday, 13 June 2025.
- Feedback received will be considered by OLG to inform the identification of short-term or longer-term improvements or additions to tools, activities, or regulation needed to improve operation of the PSUP laws.

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Key points

- The PSUP laws commenced on 1 November 2022 to help keep our public places safe, accessible, and enjoyable for communities in NSW, now and into the future.
- The laws place the responsibility on property owners to collect items such as bikes, trolleys, vehicles, and animals left in public spaces.
- Councils and other authorities have the power to take a risk-based approach to move or remove unattended property from public spaces, direct owners to collect their property, and issue fines.
- After 2 years of implementing the laws, it's important to ensure that unattended property can be appropriately dealt with to keep public spaces safe and enjoyable.
- OLG is seeking feedback from community, operators, councils and other public land management authorities to evaluate the effectiveness of the PSUP laws since they commenced.
- The evaluation will carefully consider where the laws are working well, any key concerns with the laws, and what measures may be taken to support effective implementation into the future.
- Key issues such as timeframes and definitions in the laws, powers available to authorities and their use, and the nature and impact of offences and penalties, will be addressed.
- Outcomes of the evaluation will include identification of short-term or longer-term improvements or additions to tools, activities, or regulation needed to improve operation of the PSUP laws.

Where to go for further information

Further information on the evaluation, including access to the online survey and an
editable submission form, is available on OLG's website –
https://www.olg.nsw.gov.au/public/about-councils/laws-and-regulations/public-spacesunattended-property-act-2021/, or by contacting the Sector Policy and Frameworks
team on 02 4428 4100 or via email at <u>unattendedproperty@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>.

Bratta____

Erica van den Honert Executive Director, Sector Delivery Office of Local Government

Circular to Councils

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Office of Local Government



Circular to Councils

Subject/title	2025/26 Determination of the Local Government Remuneration Tribunal
Circular Details	Circular 25-10 / 21 May 2025 / A958620
Previous Circular	<u>Council Circular 24-08 2024/25 Determination of the Local</u> <u>Government Remuneration Tribunal - Office of Local Government</u> <u>NSW</u>
Who should read this	Councillors / General Managers
Contact	Council Governance Team / 02 4428 4100 / olg@olg.nsw.gov.au
Action required	Council to Implement

What's new or changing?

- The Local Government Remuneration Tribunal (the Tribunal) has determined an increase of 3% to mayoral and councillor fees for the 2025-26 financial year, with effect from 1 July 2025.
- The Tribunal is required to determine the remuneration categories of councils and mayoral offices at least once every 3 years under section 239 of the *Local Government Act 1993* (the Act). The Tribunal last undertook a significant review of the categories as part of its 2023 determination and will next review these categories in 2026.
- The Tribunal found that the allocation of most councils into the current categories continued to be appropriate having regard to the 2023 review, the current category model and criteria, and the evidence put forward in the submissions received.
- However, the Tribunal has reclassified Mid Coast Council from a Regional Centre to Regional Strategic area with effect from 1 July 2025, as a result of its meeting the required criteria.

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What will this mean for council?

 Sections 248 and 249 of the Act require councils to fix and pay an annual fee to councillors and mayors from 1 July 2025 based on the Tribunal's determination for the 2025-26 financial year.

Key points

- The level of fees paid will depend on the category the council is in.
- A council cannot fix a fee higher than the maximum amount determined by the Tribunal.
- If a council does not fix a fee, the council must pay the minimum fee determined by the Tribunal.

Where to go for further information

- The Tribunal's report and determination is available here.
- For further information please contact the Council Governance Team on 02 4428 4100 or by email at olg@olg.nsw.gov.au.

Brett Whitworth Deputy Secretary, Office of Local Government

Department of Planning, Housing and Infrastructure Office of Local Government



Circular to Councils

Subject/title	Free speech in local government in NSW Guideline
Circular Details	Circular No 25-11 / 03 June 2025 / A963853
Previous Circular	N/A
Who should read this	Councillors / General Managers / Council Governance Staff / Complaints Coordinators / Conduct Reviewers
Contact	Council Governance/ (02) 4428 4100 / olg@olg.nsw.gov.au
Action required	Council to Implement

What's new or changing?

- The Office of Local Government (OLG) has issued a guideline on free speech in local government in NSW (the Free Speech Guideline). The Free Speech Guideline is available on OLG's website <u>here</u>.
- The Free Speech Guideline provides practical guidance to councils on what free speech means in the context of NSW local government.

What will this mean for council?

- The Free Speech Guideline has been adopted as a guideline under section 23A of the Local Government Act 1993 (the Act).
- Councils and council officials must take the Free Speech Guideline into consideration when exercising their functions.
- The Free Speech Guideline is also to be considered by conduct reviewers when dealing with code of conduct matters that have been referred to them.

Key points

The Free Speech Guideline provides guidance on the following:

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- the implied freedom of political communication under the Australian Constitution and how free speech is regulated in Australia
- why the ability to engage freely with the community is central to a councillor's role as an elected representative prescribed under the Act
- the relevant provisions of the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW that
 recognise the importance of public comment by councillors and how they should be
 applied by councils to ensure they do not unduly inhibit free speech
- · the protections available to councillors in relation to civil liability for defamation
- the meeting rules constraining what can be said at council and committee meetings, how they can be applied and the relationship between these and the enforcement mechanisms available under councils' codes of conduct
- how council media and social media policies should be applied so as not to unduly constrain councillors' ability to engage with the community via the media and online.

Where to go for further information

- The Free Speech Guideline is available on OLG's website here.
- For further information please contact the Council Governance Team on 02 4482 4100 or by email at <u>olg@olg.nsw.gov.au</u>.

Brett Whitworth Deputy Secretary, Office of Local Government

ITEM 9.3 CASH ON HAND AND INVESTMENT REPORT AS AT 30th APRIL 2025 & 31st MAY 2025

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive
AUTHOR:	Rebecca Wilson – Administration Officer

Summary:

This report provides a summary and analysis of Council's cash and investments for the period ending 31st May 2025.

Background:

The investment portfolio consists of bank accounts and fixed rate interest bearing deposits. The portfolio is regularly reviewed to maximise investment performance and minimise risk. Council's investment portfolio is not subject to share market volatility.

Comparisons are regularly made between existing investments with available products that are not part of Council's portfolio, but that meet Council's policy guidelines.

All investments at 31st May 2025 are compliant with the Relevant Reference Documents and Policies listed later in this report.

Current Position:

Council at 31st May 2025 held a total of \$1,332,067.85 in on-call and interest bearing deposits with financial institutions within Australia. All investments are held with approved deposit taking institutions with a short term rating A-2(A2)/BBB or higher. Council does not have any exposure to unrated institutions.

Investment Number	Date invested	Amount \$	Lodged With	Rate % per annum	Term	Due Date
General Fund Bank Account Balance		\$38,885.09	CBA	3.75%		N/A
1711077	06.03.2025	\$500,000.00	Judo Bank	4.70%	182days	03.09.2025
	19.12.2024	\$500,000.00	AMP Bank	5.20%	182 days	19.06.2025
TOTAL		\$1,038,885.09				

30th April 2025

31st May 2025

Investment Number	Date invested	Amount \$	Lodged With	Rate % per annum	Term	Due Date
General Fund Bank Account Balance		\$332,067.85	CBA	3.75%		N/A
1711077	06.03.2025	\$500,000.00	Judo Bank	4.70%	182days	03.09.2025
	19.12.2024	\$500,000.00	AMP Bank	5.20%	182 days	19.06.2025
TOTAL		\$1,332,067.85				

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act (NSW), 1993 Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 Ministerial Investment Order 5th January 2016 Investment Policy

Governance issues:

Nil

Environmental issues: Nil

Financial Implications: As per report

Alternative Solutions/Options: Nil

Stakeholders:

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Constituent Councils Residents of Constituent Councils Financial Institutions

Certification – Responsible Accounting Officer

- 1. I hereby certify that the investments listed in the attached report have been made in accordance with Section 625 of the *Local Government Act* 1993, clause 212 of the *Local Government (General) Regulation 2021, the Investment Order (of the Minister)* 5th January 2016 and Council's Investments Policy.
- 2. I hereby certify that Council's cash book and ledger have been reconciled to the bank statement as at the end of month.

Michael J Urquhart

General Manager – Responsible Accounting Officer

Conclusion:

As at 31st May 2025, Council's available cash and invested funds totalled \$1,332,067.85

Cash and Investment Reports – 30th April 2025 and 31st May 2025

Recommendation:

That the investment report for 30th April 2025 and 31st May 2025 be received and noted.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Nil

ITEM 9.4 MEMBERS FEES, LOCAL GOVERNMENT RENUMERATION TRIBUNAL

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive
AUTHOR:	General Manager – Michael Urquhart

Summary:

This report sets out the Local Government Remuneration Tribunals range of fees for Councillors/Members and Mayor/Chairperson within each category for 2025/2026. The County Council section includes Castlereagh Macquarie County Council.

Background:

The Remuneration Tribunal in accordance with section 239 and 241 of the Local Government Act 1993 each year makes its determination for the annual fees payable to Chairperson's and Members of County Council's. Under sections 248 (4) and 249 (4) of the Act a Council that does not fix its fees must pay the appropriate minimum fee determined by the Remuneration Tribunal.

Current Position:

The tribunal has increased the fees for the forthcoming year by 3.00% in the minimum and maximum fees applicable to each category.

The table below sets out the new fee structure applicable for 2025/2026 and 2024/2025. Council must now formally adopt fees within the range as shown in Table 1.0. The Chairperson fee is paid in addition to the Member fee.

Table 1.0

2025/2026

Category "County Councils" Fees	Category Minimum	Category Maximum
Chairperson	4,490	12,670
Member	2,090	6,930

Table 2.0

2024/2025

Category "County Councils" Fees	Category Minimum	Category Maximum
Chairperson	4,360	12,300
Member	2,030	6,730

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council has traditionally set the fees at a minimum for both Chairperson and Member. Currently the annual fees payable to Members and the Chairperson for the 2024/2025 financial year are the minimum fee fixed at \$2,030 per annum for a Member, and an additional fee of \$4,360 for the Chairperson.

Determination

In making its determination, the Remuneration Tribunal reviewed the key economic indicators, including:

• Consumer Price Index for the 12 months to December each year • Wage Price Index for the 12 months to December each year • Full-time average weekly ordinary time earnings for the 12 months to November each year • NSW Public Sector Salaries increases • Local Government State Award increases • IPART Rate Peg Base Cost Change • Public Service Senior Executive remuneration determinations, by the Statutory and Other Offices Remuneration Tribunal, and • State Members of Parliament Basic Salary remuneration determinations by the Parliamentary Remuneration Tribunal.

101. On this occasion the Tribunal has determined that a **3%** increase will apply to the minimum and maximum fees applicable to existing categories.

Superannuation contribution payments

An amendment to the Local Government Act 1993 permits Council to resolve on superannuation contribution payments to Councillors/Members, effective from 1 July 2022. This would be payable at the same frequency as the Councillor/Member fees (monthly) at the current rate of 11.0%, which is equivalent to amount under the Commonwealth superannuation legislation if the Councillor/Member were an employee of the Council. The rate will increase by 0.5% percent each year until 1 July 2025 when it reaches 12%. This payment is in addition to Councillor/Member fees.

In order to make a superannuation contribution payment, Council in June 2023 formally resolved to pay the superannuation contribution to its members, effective the 1st July 2022.

A Councillor who does not wish to receive a superannuation contribution payment, may agree in writing to forgo or reduce the payment.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government Tribunal Annual Report and Determination 17th April 2025.

Governance issues:

Council is obliged to adopt a Chairperson and Member fee for the forthcoming financial year in accordance with the provisions as set out in the Local Government Act 1993.

Environmental issues:

Nil

Stakeholders: Castlereagh County Council

Castlereagh County Council Members'

Financial Implications:

The 2025/2026 Operational Plan has made provision for the Member fees of \$19,734 (\$1,166 adjustment required at September QBR) and a Chairperson fee of \$4,250 pa (Adjustment of \$240 required at September QBR). A superannuation allocation of \$1,049 has been made for 25/26.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Council may adopt an alternate fee.

Conclusion:

The report recommends that Council adopt the minimum fee for Members and Chairperson for 2025/2026.

Member Fees, Local Renumeration Tribunal

Recommendation:

That the Member fees be set at the minimum level set by the Local Government Renumeration Tribunal for a County Council Category.

- a) The Member fee for 2025/2026 be fixed at \$2,090
- b) The Chairperson fee for 2025/2026 be fixed at \$4,490
- c) Makes a superannuation contribution payment of 12% to its Members in accordance with section 254B of the Local Government Act 1993.

Moved: Seconded: ITEM 9.5 DRAFT 2025/26 OPERATIONAL PLAN, 2025/26 to 2034/35 BUNINESS STRATEGIC PLAN, 2025/26 to 2028/29 DELIVERY PROGRAM AND LONGTERM FINANICAL PLAN 2025/26 to 2034/35 INCLUDING ASET MANAGEMENT & WORKFORCE PLAN

REPORTING SECTION:	General Manager
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart

Summary:

This report recommends the Operational Plan 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, LTFP 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan & Workforce Plan be formally adopted as required under the Local Government Act 1993 after considering any submissions.

Background

The abovementioned Plans were placed on exhibition on 5th May 2025, and public comment invited with submissions closing at 4.30pm on the 1st June 2025.

Current Position

There were no submissions received during the exhibition period.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies

Local Government Act 1993 and Integrated Planning and Reporting legislation. Local Government Act 1993 Local Government General Regulation 2021

Governance issues

Council must comply with the Local Government Act 1993 and Integrated Planning and Reporting legislation.

Stakeholders

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Constituent Councils Office of Local Government Land Managers in the Castlereagh County Council area

Financial Implications

Provision is made in the 2025/26 Operational Plan and LTFP 25/26 to 34/35 to resource the control of Invasive Weeds in the County area in accordance with the Bio Security Act 2015.

Conclusion

The Operational Plan 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, LTFP 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan & Workforce Strategic Plan. The Operational Plan 2025/26 (Scenario 1) have been on display for the statutory 28 days, and it is now recommended they be formally adopted.

Recommendation:

That Council not having received any submissions by the 1st June 2025 now formally adopts the Operational Plan for 2025/26 (Scenario 1), Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan 25/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29.

Draft Operational Place 2025/26, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan 25/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29.

Recommendation:

That Council not having received any submissions by the 1st June 2025 now formally adopts the Operational Plan for 2025/26 (Scenario 1, Delivery Program 25/26 to 28/29, Long Term Financial Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Business Activity Strategic Plan 25/26 to 34/35, Asset Management Plan 25/26 to 34/35 and Workforce Strategy 25/26 to 28/29.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Nil

ITEM 9.6 ADOPTION CODE OF CONDUCT

REPORTING SECTION:	Executive
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart – General Manager

Summary:

This report presents the CMCC *Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW* and Procedures for adoption after the 28 day display period.

Background:

This Code of Conduct is made under section 440 of the Local Government Act 1993 and the Local Government Regulation 2021.

Current Position:

In accordance with Section 440(7) Council must adopt its Code of Conduct within 12 months of a new term of Council. Council at its April 2025 meeting resolved to place the Model Code of Conduct on public display calling for comment from the public.

Council has not received any submissions during the exhibition period.

Relevant Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government General Regulation 2021 Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW Model Code of Meeting Practice for Local Councils in NSW

Stakeholders:

NSW Government CMCC Members and staff Castlereagh Macquarie County Council

Financial Implications:

NIL

Alternative Solutions/Options: NIL

Conclusion:

The writer recommends Council having not received any submissions from the public now formally adopt the Model Code of Conduct.

Adoption of Model Code of Conduct

Recommendation:

Council now formally adopts the Model Code of Conduct document.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Nil

ITEM 9.7 ADOPTION OF MODEL CODE OF MEETING PRACTICE

REPORTING SECTION:	General Manager
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart

Summary:

This report presents the CMCC Model Code of Conduct of Meeting Practice for Council's adoption after the 28 day public display period.

Background:

This Code of Meeting Practice is made under section 360 of the Local Government Act 1993 and the Local Government Regulation 2021.

Current Position:

In accordance with Section 360 (3) Council must adopt its Code of Meeting Practice within 12 months of a new term of Council. Council at its April 2025 meeting resolved to place the Model Code of Meeting Practice on public display calling for comment from the public. Council has not received any submissions during the exhibition period.

Relevant Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government General Regulation 2021 Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW Model Code of Meeting Practice for Local Councils in NSW

Stakeholders:

NSW Government CMCC Members and staff Castlereagh Macquarie County Council

Financial Implications:

NIL

Alternative Solutions/Options: NIL

Conclusion:

The writer recommends Council having not received any submissions from the public now formally adopts the Model Code of Meeting Practice.

Adoption of Model Code of Meeting Practice

Recommendation:

Council now formally adopts the Model Code of Meeting Practice document.

Moved: Seconded:

ITEM 9.8 MOU INTERNAL AUDIT & INTERNAL AUDIT CO-ORDINATOR

REPORTING SECTION:	General Manager
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart

Summary:

This report is presented to the Council for approval of various undertakings, in order for compliance with the Local Government (General) Amendment (Audit, Risk and Improvement Committees) Regulation 2023.

Background:

It is a requirement under the ARIC legislation for Council to implement an Internal Audit program, appoint and Internal Auditor and appoint an Internal Audit Co-ordinator. Councils are not required to appoint a member of staff to direct and coordinate their internal audit activities if the council has entered into an agreement with other councils to share the internal audit function and one of the participating councils has appointed a member of staff to direct and coordinate internal audit activities on behalf of all the participating councils (section 216P).

Current Position:

The County Council Network Councils of Upper Hunter, Upper Macquarie and Castlereagh County Council have all agreed to seek a quotation as a group for Internal Audit services as it's a legislative requirement that Council has an Internal Audit program.

It is hoped that a common internal audit program and common Internal auditor service for all three (3) Councils will result in cost savings for the group.

On 5th February 2025 the Network General Managers met with representatives of LG Procurement to discuss a Request for Quotation via Vendor Panel platform for Internal Audit Services for the three (3) Councils. It was agreed the UMCC Administration Officer be the Vendor Panel (VP) point of contact for the RFQ and undertake appropriate VP training.

Discussions also included the Standing Offer Deed (SOD) which is the Agreement between LGP and the approved supplier. Details of schedule "D" of the SOD were also discussed, and this is the agreement between Council and the approved supplier.

In order for the joint arrangement to work seamlessly, it was agreed by all three (3) parties that a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was required to identify a workable process and assign various obligations to each of the stakeholders including the Internal Audit firm. All three (3) County Council ARIC's have reviewed the MOU, and the attached document is the final version issued to LG Procurement. The term of this appointment is for three (3) years commencing 1st July 2025.

UMCC has lodged the Quotation Request with LG Procurement, and it's anticipated a panel of applicants will be available in the coming weeks with appointment of a successful Internal Audit firm before the 30th June 2025.

Relevant Reference Documents/Policies:

Local Government Act 1993

Local Government (General) Amendment (Audit, Risk and Improvement Committees) Regulation 2023

OLG NSW Guidelines for Risk Management and Internal Audit

Governance issues:

Compliance with the abovementioned documents and policies.

Financial Implications:

Council has made a small provision in its annual budget for an Internal Audit Services in addition to the cost of the ARIC.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

Not Applicable

Conclusion:

The General Manager highly recommends Council participate in this joint venture arrangement and that CMCC appoints the UMCC Biosecurity Administration Manager as its Internal Audit Coordinator. The assessment panel shall firstly consider the quotations, then the General Manager will consult with the Chairman to discuss the panel and preferred applicant prior to appointment.

MOU Internal Audit & Internal Aduit Coordinator

Recommendation:

That;

- (a) Council endorses the actions of the General Manager in progressing a quotation for Internal Aduit Services in conjunction with Upper Macquarie and Upper Hunter County Councils.
- (b) Council enters into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Upper Macquarie and Upper Hunter County Councils for the Internal Audit Services.
- (c) Council formally appoints the Upper Macquarie Council's Biosecurity Administration Manager as the Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Internal Audit Coordinator.
- (d) The Chairman and General Manager be authorised to appoint on Councils behalf, an appropriately qualified Internal Aduit Firm for the shared Internal Audit arrangement for a three (3) year period commencing 1st July 2025.
- (e) The Chairman and the General Manager be authorised to execute the relevant documents.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Memorandum of Understanding

Memorandum of Understanding

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council

and

Upper Hunter County Council

and

Upper Macquarie County Council

for the

Shared Internal Audit Function

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1. Interpretations

1.1 Headings

All headings throughout this Memorandum of Understanding have been inserted for the purpose of ease and reference only and shall not define, limit or affect the meaning or interpretation of this Memorandum of Understanding or any instrument created pursuant to or in accordance with it.

1.2 Definitions

In this Memorandum of Understanding and any instrument created pursuant to or in accordance with it, unless the context otherwise requires:

ARIC means Audit Risk and Improvement Committee.

CMCC means the Castlereagh Macquarie County Council, being a party to this MoU.

Council means Local Government Councils proclaimed under the Local Government Act 1993.

County Council means Local Government County Councils proclaimed under the Local Government Act 1993.

EIAP means the External Internal Audit Provider(s) engaged by the parties to the agreement.

General Managers means the General Managers of the Parties of the agreement listed in Clause 4.

Host Council means the Upper Macquarie County Council.

Internal Audit Coordinator (IAC) means the shared audit coordinator for the Parties.

MoU means this Memorandum of Understanding and all Annexures.

Partners means CMCC and UHCC as parties to the agreement.

Parties means councils that are a party to the MoU as listed in Clause 2.

Shared Internal Audit Function (SIAF) means the contracted Internal Auditor(s) and Internal Audit Coordinator shared by the Parties.

UHCC means the Upper Hunter County Council, being a party to this MoU.

UMCC means the Upper Macquarie County Council, being a party to this MoU.

County Council Shared External Internal Audit Function - May 2025

1.3 General

In this MoU and any instrument created pursuant to or in accordance with it, unless the context otherwise requires:

- a reference to any legislation or legislative provision includes any statutory modification or re-enactment of, or legislative provision substituted for, and any subordinate legislation issued under, that legislation or legislative provision.
- b) the singular includes the plural and vice versa.
- c) where an expression is defined, another grammatical form of that expression has a corresponding meaning.
- where an expression is defined anywhere in the MoU it has the same meaning throughout.
- e) for the purposes of this MoU a reference to a "partner" or "alliance", or any variation including but not limited to "partnering" and "partnership" does not create, refer to or imply a legally binding partnership between the Parties; and
- f) the parties acknowledge and agree that this MoU does not constitute or create, and shall not be deemed to constitute, any legally binding or enforceable obligations on the part of any Party.

2. The Parties

The Parties of this Memorandum of Understanding are:

- Castlereagh Macquarie County Council
- Upper Macquarie County Council
- Upper Hunter County Council

3. Purpose of the Memorandum

The purpose of this MoU is to document the agreement between the **Parties** to share an Internal Audit Coordinator and jointly contract for Internal Audit Services. The activities that each of the entities will be undertaking in relation to this MoU are outlined in Clause 5 of the agreement.

This document sets out the principles that the **Parties** wish to adopt in undertaking the **Shared Internal Audit Function (SIAF)**. This includes the implementation of activities undertaken individually or in collaboration by the **Parties** to the **MoU**.

County Council Shared External Internal Audit Function - May 2025

4. Background

The Local Government Act 1993 ('Act') and Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 ('Regulation') require each council (including county councils) in NSW to have an independent internal audit function that reports to their respective ARIC and is consistent with current international standards for internal audit.

The role of the internal audit function is to provide independent advice as to whether the council is functioning effectively and the council's internal controls to manage risk are working. The governing body and General Manager of a council must ensure that the council's internal audit function is sufficiently resourced to carry out its work effectively.

The Risk Management and Internal Audit for local government in NSW Guidelines (Guidelines) instructs how councils appoint and manage their internal audit functions. The internal audit function can be fulfilled in-house from within a council's existing organisational structure by appointing a council employee with sufficient skills, knowledge, experience and integrity to undertake and/or coordinate the audit activities and report to council's ARIC.

The staff member performing an in-house internal audit function is required to have the skills and functional independence necessary to independently assess and report on the way the council operates. The role must not be combined with the role of the General Manager or chief financial officer as it will create unresolvable conflicts of interest.

The **Guidelines** allows councils with limited resources to share an internal audit function. Councils can also outsource the function to an internal audit or accounting firm or firms, or an individual practitioner. Where councils outsource their internal audit function, the in-house coordinator is not directly involved in the conduct or supervision of the audit with their role limited to the coordination and administration of the function. Although the coordinator must be a council employee, the coordinator can undertake the role for other councils within a shared internal audit function.

The **Parties** to this **MoU** have agreed to enter into a **SIAF** including funding and employing a shared internal audit coordinator and contracting external provider(s) to perform internal audits.

5. Roles and Responsibilities

5.1 Host Council

The Parties agree to appoint the Upper Macquarie County Council as the Host Council of the SIAF.

As Host Council for the SIAF, UMCC agrees to:

- Appoint or dismiss the internal audit coordinator (IAC) only after consultation with the Partners' General Managers and respective ARIC Chairs.
- b) Provide the internal audit coordinator with the necessary resources to fulfil the role.
- c) Facilitate the appointment of the shared external internal audit provider(s)
- d) Provide access and supply requested information to EIAP.
- e) Provide Partners to the MoU an estimate of the next financial year's administration costs of SIAF by 1 February each year of the term of the agreement.
- f) Invoice each partner their share of the next financial year's SIAF budget by 1 June each year of the term of the agreement

5.2 Partners Roles

As partners in the SIAF, CMCC and UHCC agree to:

- a) Provide access and supply requested information to EIAP and IAC
- Ensure IAC is supplied with the Party's annual and four-year strategic audit plan
- c) Ensure that each partner's respective ARIC has independent access to IAC
- d) Provide the Host Council with agreed funding associated with IAC administration of their respective internal audit function.

5.3 Internal Audit Coordinator

The internal audit coordinator's role is to:

 a) manage contracts with external provider(s) on behalf of all Parties in the shared arrangement

County Council Shared External Internal Audit Function - May 2025

- b) liaise with the ARICs and General Managers of the Parties
- c) coordinate the completion of audits by the external provider in line with each Party's annual and four-year strategic work plans
- provide audit reports by the external provider to the relevant ARIC and General Manager
- e) monitor implementation by each **Party's** corrective actions arising from the findings of audits and report progress to the relevant **ARIC**
- f) assist each Party's ARIC to ensure their internal audit activities comply with the Local Government Regulation and these Guidelines, and
- g) maintain separate and confidential information for each Party.

The IAC reports administratively to the General Manager (or their delegate) of the host council.

The IAC will arrange for a meeting to be held (online or in person) each year in February during the term of the agreement of the parties' Audit Risk and Improvement Committee Chairs. The purpose of the meeting will be for the Chairs to discuss ARIC Internal Audit Plans, the previous year's performance of IA, and to put forward performance improvement suggestions.

6. Allocation of Costs

The Parties agree to each pay one third of the total cost of SIAF providing:

- a) Each Party's annual audit plan contains the same number of annual internal audit hours and dollars spent
- b) Annual audits are conducted on similar functions of each of the Parties
- c) In the event where a Party decides to vary their agreed audit plan, the Party will pay any additional costs incurred by the Host Council and Shared Internal Audit Provider(s).

7. Term of Agreement

The term of this MoU is for a period of three years commencing 1 July 2025.

8. Termination of Agreement

If one of the parties decides to remove themselves from the **SIAF**, they must give each of the other parties at least six months' notice, in writing, prior to 30 June of each year of the term of the agreement, and their exit date may not be before 31 December of subsequent financial year.

9. Insurances

Each party agrees to be responsible for effecting and maintaining its own insurances.

10. Dispute Resolution

Should a dispute arise, Parties will negotiate in good faith. If a resolution of the dispute is not reached after negotiation between the parties, the matter will be referred to the **Parties'** respective ARICs. The **ARIC** will then make recommendations to the General Managers. In the event of a dispute that cannot be settled, NSW Office of Local Government will be asked to advise on the appropriate course of action and the **Parties** agree to act reasonably in adopting that course of action.

11. Governing Law

This MoU will be governed by the laws of the State of New South Wales and the Parties agree to submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts having jurisdiction in New South Wales.

ITEM 9.9 NEW POLICIES & PLANS

REPORTING SECTION:General ManagerAUTHOR:Michael Urquhart	
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Summary:

Council from time to time must introduce new policies or plans for compliance with relevant legislation, WH&S obligations, Risk Management and implementation of new procedures or processes.

The attached polices are new and are tabled for Council consideration.

Background:

The writer has in recent months in accordance with requirements of the WH&S and EOFY audit reports and ARIC legislation organised and prepared the following policies for presentation to Council.

Current Position:

The following policies are presented as a requirement for compliance with legislation, risk management and auditing requirements.

- 1. Staff Travel & Related Expenses Policy
- 2. Cyber Security and Incident Response Policies x 3
- 3. ICT System Change Policy
- 4. Risk Management Framework
- 5. Internal Audit Charter
- 6. Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity Plan

Governance issues:

Local Government Act 1993 Local Government (General) Regulation 2021

Environmental issues:

NIL

Stakeholders:

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Constituent Councils County Council LGA Ratepayers Council staff

Financial Implications:

NIL

Alternative Solutions/Options: NIL

Conclusion:

The General Manager is recommending to Council for adoption of the abovementioned policies.

New Policies and Plans

Recommendation:

That;

(a) the report be received

- (b) Council adopts the following policies and plans
 - Staff Travel and Related Expenses Policy
 - Cyber Security and Incident Response policies x 3
 - Risk Management Framework
 - Internal Audit Charter
 - Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity Plan
 - ICT System Change Policy

Moved:

Seconded:

Attachments:

- Staff Travel and Related Expenses Policy
- Cyber Security and Incident Response policies x 3
- Risk Management Framework
- Internal Audit Charter
- Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity Plan
- ICT System Change Policy



Staff Travel & Related Expenses Policy

Adoption Date:

Review Date:

Responsible Officer: General Manager

SCOPE

This policy applies to all permanent, temporary or causal employees requiring to travel for Castlereagh Macquarie County Council (CMCC) in the normal course of their day to day activities while incurring expenditure on Council's behalf.

OBJECTIVES

The purpose of this policy is to outline the entitlements for staff when travelling on behalf of the Council for training, conference or other work related activity (meeting etc) approved by the General Manager. The policy seeks to ensure consistency, accountability and transparency when incurring the expense for Council and any re-imbursement of travel and related expenses.

COMMENCEMENT OF POLICY

This Policy will commence on adoption by Council. It replaces all other Staff Travel expenses policies (whether written or not).

POLICY

Approval

Prior to booking or embarking on travel for the purpose of training, conference, meeting or other work related activity where travel or related expenses are likely to be incurred, officers must first gain written approval from the General Manager. Where travel is required to attend training or a conference, a *Staff Training Approval* form must be completed.

Booking

All travel bookings are to be made through the Administration Officer (purchasing procedures must still be followed). A copy of the approved *Staff Training Approval* form must be supplied.

All registration, travel and accommodation will be pre-booked by the Administration Officer and pre-paid by Council's PurchaseOrder/Corporate Credit Card.

Travel

Employees are to travel via the most practical and direct route, using the most economical and efficient modeof transport.

Where possible Council owned vehicles should be used for travel. Personal vehicles may be used with the prior approval of the General Manager where a Council owned vehicle is unavailable. Officers are encouraged to car pool where practical. In the case of the use of a private vehicle, employees shall be reimbursed a kilometer rate as per the Local Government State Award.

Travel outside of ordinary working hours will be in the employee's time unless specifically approved otherwise by the General Manager. This includes travel on a weekend, early morning or evening for

a conference / meeting / training during working hours.

Any travel transfer expenses associated with employees' travel will be reimbursed on production of receipts e.g. public transport fees, parking fees.

Any fines incurred while travelling in Council-owned vehicles or privately owned vehicles when attending to Council business, will be the responsibility of the employee incurring the fine.

Interstate Travel

Interstate travel is to be approved by the General Manager.

Accommodation

Council will pay for reasonable expenses incurred for overnight accommodation. Where possible the maximum standard for accommodation should be four star rating however where particular accommodation is recommended by conference organisers, Council will take advantage of the package deal that is the most economical.

Private Accommodation

Should an officer choose to stay in private accommodation (e.g. with friends or family) the officer is not entitled to claim costs for accommodation.

Meals

If meals (breakfast, lunch or dinner) are not supplied to employees attending training and approved functions or as part of the accommodation package, employees are entitled to reimbursement of actual meal expenses. If an officer is staying at accommodation where meals, for example breakfast, can be included in the accommodation package it is acceptable to book and prepay for meals at the same time as booking accommodation. Meal costs will be reimbursed upon provision of receipts. Maximum reimbursement for each meal will be as follows in accordance with the ATO determination for County Areas.

- Breakfast \$30.35
- Lunch \$34.65
- Dinner \$59.75

Council shall NOT incur the cost of any alcoholic beverages whilst staff are travelling on Council business or attending meetings/conferences.

Exclusions

Should a meal/s be provided to the officer as part of their duties, for example a meal at a conference the officer is not entitled to claim for meal expenses.

Reimbursement will only be provided for beverages/snacks between meals in extreme cases on approval from the General Manager.

Tipping expenses will not be reimbursed.

Payment of Travel Expenses

Reimbursement of meal expenses and travel will occur upon completion of the travel and the submission of an approved *Staff Travel Expense Reimbursement* form including receipts to Accounts Payable. The funds will be paid directly into the officer's bank account.

Overtime/TOIL

Payment of any overtime for attendance or travelling to a conference or training will not be eligible. Accrual of TOIL for travelling is also not eligible. Accrual of TOIL for attendance will not be eligible unless the training or event is outside normal working hours e.g. on a Saturday or Sunday. In that instance TOIL may be accrued for the actual duration of the event up to a maximum of standard daily hours.

AUDIT AND REVIEW

This policy shall be reviewed every *three years* or as required due to changes in legislation.

Version	Adopted Date	Minute No.	Details of Review
1			



Incident Response Plan: Ransomware

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1 Introduction

Ransomware is an increasingly common form of malware which typically encrypts files, so preventing them being used. Many forms of ransomware will do this on the infected computer and then attempt to spread across the network to other computers, encrypting as they go. The files cannot be decrypted without a specific key, which is held by the attacker who demands a ransom to be paid, usually in cryptocurrency, before the key may be released to the infected organisation.

In addition to those forms of ransomware that encrypt files, other forms may do one or more of the following:

- · Steal data that the attacker then demands a ransom not to release or publicise
- · Render computers inoperable by encrypting vital system files
- · Restrict access to files without encrypting them

A ransomware attack typically begins by a single computer becoming infected with the malware, often via a phishing email (containing a link or an attachment) or a compromised website. Once the malware is installed on the infected computer, it calls base across the Internet to obtain an encryption key from the attacker. It then uses this key to start encrypting data and attempts to spread itself to other computers and network storage. At some point after sufficient data has been encrypted (which could be several months after first infection), the malware issues a ransom demand with basic information about what has happened and how to pay.

This incident response plan describes the steps that must be taken to manage a ransomware attack and attempt to limit its impact.

This control applies to all systems, people and processes that constitute the organisation's information systems, including board members, directors, employees, suppliers and other third parties who have access to Castlereagh Macquarie County Council systems.

The following policies and procedures are relevant to this document:

Information Security Incident Response Procedure

Page 3 of 7

2 Responding to a ransomware attack

There are a number of steps that must be carried out by Castlereagh Macquarie County Council to respond to a ransomware attack, so that the impact on the organisation is minimised and recovery may take place as quickly as possible. These steps must be coordinated with the actions set out in the *Information Security Incident Response Procedure* which provides an overall framework for the management of such incidents. The steps below are organized to fit in with this framework.

2.1 Detection and analysis

This plan begins from the point at which it has been confirmed that an incident is a ransomware attack. This confirmation is likely to result from a ransom demand being made, either by the malware itself or by a third party, for example via email. However, the plan may also be invoked if there is a reasonable belief that a ransomware attack is underway, as an early response is key to limiting the impact.

2.2 Containment

Since ransomware will attempt to spread to other computers and devices, it is important to disconnect those that are known to be infected from the network. This will involve removing network cables from the hardware and turning off any Wi-Fi or other wireless connections (such as Bluetooth) as soon as possible. Any other storage devices attached to the infected machines must also be removed.

If the extent of the infection is unclear, it may be appropriate to remove connections between network segments in order to prevent spread. If possible, remove connections to important data that has not been affected, for example key database servers or network attached storage.

In parallel with containment activities, efforts must be made to identify the ransomware involved. If a ransom request has already been received, this may include information about the malware. Various resources are available to help organisations that have been affected by ransomware, including obtaining encryption keys, but they rely upon a clear definition of the malware involved.

Our Managed Service Provider, vendors of anti-malware software and external consultants available via our cyber-insurance company may also have resources available to help.

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2.3 Eradication

Once the identity of the ransomware has been established, there are three main options to eradicate the infection:

- 1. Pay the requested ransom
- 2. Attempt a clean-up to remove the ransomware
- 3. Perform a full recovery from backup

In agreement with the recommendations of law enforcement agencies, it is Castlereagh Macquarie County Council's Policy that ransoms will not be paid in these circumstances. Although there are publicised cases of ransoms being paid, there is no guarantee that a solution will be provided by the attacker, and there have been cases where a ransom was paid shortly before the attacker was brought down by law enforcement, resulting in no encryption keys being issued. However, paying the ransom remains an option which top management may consider.

There are websites which make software available to attempt to remove ransomware, but these are very dependent on the specific strain of malware involved. Ransomware is also becoming increasingly sophisticated and resistant to removal, so it is unlikely (although not impossible) that this option will be available.

The safest option can be to wipe and reinstall all affected systems from backup. However, an assessment should be made as soon as possible of the extent to which backups may have been infected by the malware. Our Managed Service Provider will be contacted as soon as a ransomware attack is suspected to being the process of checking backups and restoring from the latest unimpacted version. However, an assessment should be made as soon as possible of the extent to which backups may have been infected by the malware.

The Castlereagh Macquarie County Council incident response team will decide which option is preferable, based on the prevailing circumstances and priorities.

2.4 Recovery

Based on an assessment of the systems and data affected by the ransomware attack, the availability and completeness of backups must be established. This will include:

- · The data covered by the backups
- · Whether backups have been infected
- The reliability of the backups
- · When the most recent backup was taken
- · The business and technical implications of restoring from backup

If uninfected backups are available, the recommended approach is to completely restore all affected systems, hardware where necessary and application software and data from backup media.

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Incident Response Plan: Ransomware Security Policy

Note – if backups are found to be incomplete, or the consequences of restoring from backup are felt to be unacceptable, then options 1 or 2 from section 2.3 above may be reconsidered.

Once the identity of the ransomware has been established, appropriate investigation must be conducted into the software vulnerabilities exploited by the specific malware involved. Available patches to address these vulnerabilities must then be installed to prevent recurrence. If no appropriate patches are available (for example if it was a zero-day attack), management must consider the best approach to protecting the organisation until the software vendor addresses the relevant vulnerabilities. This may include taking systems off-line temporarily.

2.5 Notification

It is recommended that relevant law enforcement agencies are notified of the ransomware attack as soon as possible. Depending on the scope of the infection, it may also be appropriate to inform partner organisations, such as suppliers who have network connections, about the attack.

Given that this type of attack may also involve the theft of data, the need to notify in compliance with regulations (such as the GDPR and Australian Privacy Act) must be carefully considered.

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1 Introduction

A denial of service (DoS) attack occurs when a (usually Internet-connected) service is flooded with network traffic or service requests, making it unavailable to legitimate users. This traffic may originate from a small number of systems or, more commonly, from a huge number of devices that are under the attacker's control – this latter situation is known as distributed denial of service (DDoS) attack.

Attacks may vary in length from minutes or hours to (more unusually) days and may come in several waves. Depending on the target of the attack, the motive of the attacker could be political, purely malicious or financial (for example as a form of extortion). It is important however, to be able to recognise the difference between a DoS attack and legitimate demand for the service, for example during a scheduled sales event, and this relies upon good communication between the business and the IT provider.

At the technical level, various methods may be used to attack a target by overloading one or more of the resources of the system, for example the network, the processor or the application itself. Each of these has its own methods of mitigation that may be considered.

This incident response plan describes the steps that must be taken to manage a DoS attack and attempt to limit its impact.

This control applies to all systems, people and processes that constitute the organisation's information systems, including board members, directors, employees, suppliers and other third parties who have access to Castlereagh Macquarie County Council systems.

The following policies and procedures are relevant to this document:

Information Security Incident Response Procedure

2 Responding to a denial of service attack

There are a number of steps that must be carried out by Castlereagh Macquarie County Council to respond to a denial of service attack, so that the impact on the organisation is minimised and recovery may take place as quickly as possible. These steps must be coordinated with the actions set out in the *Information Security Incident Response Procedure* which provides an overall framework for the management of such incidents. The steps below are organized to fit in with this framework.

2.1 Detection and analysis

Understanding more about its source and method are key to containing a DoS attack. Investigations must be made via available software tools to clarify answers to the following questions:

- Is it a DoS attack? Could it be a result of legitimate interest in the website for some unexpected reason, for example unplanned publicity?
- What is the source of the attack? Is it a single IP address or multiples, and where do they appear to originate from?
- How is the denial of service being achieved? Is it at the network level, application level or via some other method?
- Is any other suspicious activity taking place at the same time, for example unauthorised access attempts?

2.2 Containment

Depending on the answers to the above questions, a number of actions may be available to help to contain the attack, such as:

- Scaling up capacity to cope with the increased demand, for example network bandwidth or cloud server capacity
- Restrict access to the IP address under attack, if multiple IP addresses are used to provide the service
- Deliberately degrade the level of service available, for example by disabling computationally intensive features such as search
- Use a Content Delivery Network (CDN) provider to make static versions of the website available at multiple locations (although this may not be available at short notice)

Records must be maintained of the actions taken, so that they may be restored once the attack is over.

2.3 Eradication

The specific actions required to eradicate the attack will depend on the method it uses, although containment may be all that is possible. The attack may cease of its own accord, but further waves are certainly possible. Typically, no malicious software is installed in a DoS attack, although care must be taken to check whether the attack was a cover for other activities which might include exploiting software vulnerabilities to obtain access to the network.

Log files may need to be reset, and storage space freed up if these were affected.

2.4 Recovery

In most cases, restore from backup will not be required, unless the attack has resulted in some form of data loss. Any vulnerabilities that were exploited as part of the attack will need to be addressed, ideally via patching or reconfiguration.

A review of the incident may identify weaknesses in the current infrastructure and applications that could be fixed to prevent reoccurrence.

2.5 Notification

It is recommended that relevant law enforcement agencies are notified of the denial of service attack as soon as possible. Depending on the scope of the attack, it may also be appropriate to inform partner organisations, such as suppliers who have network connections, about the incident.

Given that this type of attack does not typically involve the theft of data, the need to notify in compliance with regulations (such as the GDPR/Australian Privacy Act) must be carefully considered.

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1 Introduction

An information security event is an occurrence that may indicate that an incident has occurred or is in progress. Effectively, events are clues that need to be assessed to decide if they need further investigation. Most events will probably not result in an incident being raised.

An event is commonly defined as "any change of state that has significance for the management of information security".

Examples are:

- Notification of a change of an admin password
- · Login and logout information at an unusual time
- · An unrecognized device having joined the network
- · Poor performance of a website
- · A device detected as being down when it should be up
- A threshold is breached (or nears being breached), for example disk space capacity
- Messages from security software, for example host-based intrusion detection systems (HIDS)
- SNMP traps from network devices
- · Unauthorised logon attempts to key servers or domains
- Failover devices becoming active

It is important that events are recognised as potential incidents so that no such clues are missed. Events can occur from many sources, both automated and human and can be of many different types. Often events are captured in logs which are then reviewed to spot any areas for further attention.

This document provides guidelines concerning how information security events are recognized within Castlereagh Macquarie County Council and a decision made about whether they should be considered to be incidents and managed accordingly.

This control applies to all systems, people and processes that constitute the organisation's information systems, including board members, directors, employees, suppliers and other third parties who have access to Castlereagh Macquarie County Council systems.

The following policies and procedures are relevant to this document:

Information Security Incident Response Procedure

2 Information security event management principles

In general, the following principles will be adopted regarding the management and assessment of information security events:

- The approach taken to information security event management should be to ensure that business critical services are addressed first
- Event management will attempt to detect potential information security incidents before they occur and prompt appropriate action to be taken so that they are avoided
- The management of events should be centralized as far as possible so that consistency can be achieved in their processing
- Events should be classified as informational, warning or exception and processed according to their classification
- Events that require action to be taken will be logged as incidents and handled according to the information security incident management procedure
- Responses to events will be automated where possible to reduce the need for human intervention and minimize support requirements and cost
- All events will be logged and retained in accordance with the relevant record retention Policy
- Where possible, appropriate responses to events should be defined in advance and documented. This documentation should be available to support staff at all appropriate times, including out of hours
- Appropriate filtering should be put in place as close to the source of event generation as possible so that events that do not require attention are suppressed and do not use up network capacity
- Where practical, a single event processing engine will be used which is integrated with the incident management system

Events will occur continuously on most types of devices and software. The process of event management is intended to determine which of these require attention and then to route the event appropriately. Events will be detected via a variety of means, including local software running on the affected device (such as Windows event logging) and remote software monitoring devices for certain conditions (for example network intrusion detection systems). They may also be recognized by people, including employees, suppliers and customers.

Once an event has been detected it may be assessed automatically by software according to pre-set rules to determine whether it is informational, a warning or an exception. This assessment may take place on a variety of technical platforms in a range of locations (that is to say it is not necessarily centralised). Informational events will be filtered out but may be kept for later analysis. Warning events will be assessed to see if an automated response is required, or it needs to be brought to the attention of a technical analyst or operator.

Exception events may be escalated from the detecting agent and handled as an incident.

In some cases (particularly for more significant events) the event will then be reviewed to ensure that the correct action has been taken and, if so, it will be closed.

This is a general process which will vary widely in its implementation according to the types of devices and software platforms from which events will be generated, however the principles will remain the same. Where possible, monitoring will be localised in order to make use of specialised software appropriate to that device and to minimise network traffic.

In all cases, attention will need to be paid initially and on an ongoing basis to fine tune the suppression, routing and automation of events on the various platforms so that a useful balance is achieved between maintaining information security and avoiding excessive support requirements.

Events recognised by people may be reported to the IT service desk and logged accordingly for review by the information security team.

3 Procedure for assessing information security events

The following procedures describes how information security events arise and how they are assessed, either automatically or manually to determine whether they should be treated as incidents.

3.1 Event occurs

Events will occur in all areas of our infrastructure and applications and may affect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of many services. Castlereagh Macquarie County Council has a wide range of technology platforms, networks and systems (including physical and cloud-based) from many vendors, each of which has its own techniques and conventions for generating events related to information security.

Effective planning and design will help to reduce the number of exception and warning events that are generated, and informational events will be restricted to those that assist in the management of information security. Excessive generation of events that are not required for warning, exception or audit purposes will be avoided and systems configured as such.

3.2 Event notification and detection

Once an automated event has occurred it will be communicated to the associated monitoring software. In some cases, this will be a module within the system that has generated the event, or it may be an agent running on the same platform or a remote monitoring tool that performs information security "health checks" on a regular basis.

Events may also be notified manually by the users of IT systems or other interested parties.

3.3 Event logged

The event will be logged in order to act as an original record of the event that occurred. This may take place in several places, for example where an event is logged on a local system and then the record is also forwarded to a central monitoring point. This is particularly relevant in security breach situations where the remote log may be taken as more trustworthy than the original which is on the compromised system.

Manually reported events may also be logged in the service desk system.

3.4 First-level event correlation and filtering

The event will then be assessed to determine its type, which may be one of:

- Informational no action is necessary
- Warning action may be required soon, or now in order to prevent an exception
- Exception action is required to address an out of line situation

This assessment may be carried out automatically in several locations according to the way in which the component generating the event is monitored. For components that have built in event logging the first-level event correlation will take place on the device itself. For devices monitored remotely it is likely to happen on the remote monitoring system.

Where possible, events generated automatically will give a standard indication of their severity, that is whether they are informational, warnings or exceptions. This standard will be defined and used in all areas in which messages can be tailored to comply with it and will include:

- · Message type informational, warning, exception
- Impact and Urgency of the event
- · Event description in terms understandable by the intended recipient
- · Normal resolution actions if appropriate
- Escalation information

3.5 Informational events

Informational events will be automatically closed (although this may not involve any explicit action) and kept for a period of time according to the record retention Policy. Although not forwarded, informational events may still be required for operational purposes to provide an audit trail as part of later investigations.

3.6 Warning events

Those events that are classified as warnings will be subject to further review. Ideally this will be automated via a correlation engine, but this may also be a manual activity carried out by operations staff.

If it is determined that no further action is required at the time, the event will be closed. For those events that need action to be taken, an automated response may be triggered by the correlation engine, for example to increase table size in a database. If an automated response is not possible then a member of the support team will need to decide about what to do next. The information contained in the event message may help in deciding this.

If appropriate, the warning message may be automatically escalated to support staff. This may often be the case if the event occurs outside of normal support hours when an on-call person may need to be emailed, paged, or contacted via some other means. The individual contacted will then decide upon further action to be taken.

3.7 Exception events

For events that are deemed to be exceptions, an incident will be raised, and the event will then be managed via the information security incident management procedure with appropriate diagnosis, investigation and escalation. This may be done automatically or manually.

Key considerations in deciding whether an event represents an incident will include situations where:

- There is evidence of deliberate human interaction for malicious purposes
- · The information involved is of a high classification level
- The circumstances are unusual in some way
- There is a clear breach of information security Policy
- · There is obvious potential for the situation to worsen if not addressed
- · The actual or potential impact on the organisation is significant
- · There is evidence of a control not working effectively
- · A set of behaviours known to be malicious is displayed
- There is any other reason to be suspicious

If there is doubt about whether an information security incident should be raised, employees should err on the side of caution. Such situations should then be reviewed after the completion of investigations to decide whether similar events in the future should be raised as incidents.

3.8 Review actions

For those events that are more significant (for example because they have a bigger impact on services) a review will be undertaken to ensure that the process has worked effectively and that all required actions have been taken. If this is found not to be the case, a repeat of earlier activities in the procedure may be needed.

3.9 Close event

If the event has been handled satisfactorily it is then closed. Exception events that result in an incident being raised will be subject to the incident management procedure and may be closed under the control of that procedure.

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CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL

Risk Management Framework Policy 2025

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1. Introduction

The County Council is concerned with successfully implementing its weed biosecurity and governance functions and delivering the objectives set out in its Business Activity Strategic Plan.

There are always unknown factors and influences that might or might not impact the Council business and the effect of uncertainty is known as 'risk'. Risk is inherent and unavoidable in all of the Council's activities, and *best practice* requires it to take action to manage these risks.

To manage risk, Council must create an environment where it makes informed decisions about the risks affecting its activities in an open and transparent manner. It is this principle that requires Council to establish and maintain an appropriate risk management process. The risk management process should be consistent with the current Australian and New Zealand standard on risk management.

2. Scope

This policy establishes and sets out the framework for the risk management process within which risk management decisions of the council are to be considered.

Strategic corporate risks that alone or together, uncontrolled, could undermine the solvency or operational viability of the County Council enterprise are dealt with in detail within the Council's Risk Register; while routine Governance and Operational risk matters that pose no particular strategic risk are dealt with individually in relevant operational policies as applicable.

The Council recognises that risks are an integral part of normal everyday life that are usually unavoidable, and that taking control of risk is part of good business practice, and allows for risk to be appropriately identified, analysed, evaluated and treated.

This policy sets out a systematic risk management process, based on the Australian International Risk Management Standard AS/NZS ISO 31000:2018).

3. Policy Position

The Council recognises that while 'good' weed biosecurity risk management is achieved through a shared responsibility between government, industry and the community – it is the County Council's own responsibility to manage risk for it's own business activities.

The Council takes a proactive approach to identifying, analysing, evaluating and treating both operational and strategic risks.

The Council objective is for the systematic application of a *Risk Management* approach - implementing appropriate controls, whilst ensuring that the Council is not so averse to risk that it stifles initiative and misses opportunities. Management will pursue this objective by:

✓ Understanding the Council's total risk exposure;

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- Ensuring risk management is an integral part of all strategic and operational decision- making processes,
- Using a structured risk management methodology to minimise reasonably foreseeable disruption to operations, harm to people and damage to the environment and property; and
- Identifying and taking advantage of opportunities while minimising adverse effects.

4. Risk Management Framework

The risk management framework operates at two levels Strategic and Operational

- Strategic risks can impact how Council achieves its business objectives. Risks are reviewed annually and monitored by Councils ARIC.
- Operational risks occur as part of the day-to-day operations of Council and link to the strategic risks.

It facilitates consistent application of risk management processes and articulates how risk management is integrated into the organisation.

5. Strategic Risk

The Council has identified aspects of the Council business that have certain inherent risks attached to them that if not suitably treated will pose an unacceptable risk to the functional or financial viability of the organisation. These key strategic risks are included in the Council's Risk Register.

6. Operational Risk

The Council has identified aspects of the Council business that have certain inherent risks attached to them that if not suitably treated will pose an unacceptable risk to the effectiveness or efficiency within which biosecurity and management functions are performed. These key operational risks contribute where applicable to the Council's strategic risk profile; however they are more usually dealt with routinely in operational policies, procedures and operating guidelines.

7. Periodic Risk Review

The General Manager will routinely re-assess and take into account the key strategic risks set out in the Risk Register in conjunction with the scheduled review of governance policies and key documents and from time to time when major changes or redesign of work programs take place.

The Council will receive and consider an annual report in relation to the Risk Register – including whether any new risks have emerged, whether any risk ratings have

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changed and whether any new or different treatments are required. Where a significant change in strategic risk is identified or anticipated, at any point in time that matter will be promptly brought to the attention of the Council. Council may also, by request, receive additional strategic risk reports as and when required.

8. Risk Elements – Consequence & Likelihood

The key elements of risk are typically defined in terms of the Likelihood (Table 1) of something happening, and the Consequence (Table 2) if that something actually occurs. The County Council has refined the definition of the most important components of these risk elements, inorder to represent the scale, nature and priorities of the County Council in its capacity as a local weed control authority.

The Likelihood and Consequence Tables will be used in combination during every formal risk assessment exercise to support a consistent risk assessment process. When identifying the appropriate consequence and likelihood of a particular risk it may often be that more than a single consequence component is affected – dealing with this aspect is just one of many risk management situations requiring 'considered estimation'.

Table 1: Definition of Consequence (examples).

Value	Strategic Objectives	Legislative /Legal	Environment	Asset Loss / Financial	Safety	Business Operations
Extreme	The impact threatens the survival of the Organisation.	OLG or DPI enquiry. Regulator prosecution.	Breach of Licence/ Permit or Fine issued or Serious public reaction.	Loss of assets / damage > \$30,000.	One or more deaths or permanent disabilities to staff or public.	Operational disruption > 5 days.
Major	The impact threatens achievement of the Principle Business Activity in the medium term.	Investigation by regulatory authority. OLGor DPI briefing paper needed.	Breach of Licence/ Permit. Significan t harm to environment. Complaints.	Loss of assets / damage > \$10,000 < \$30,000.	Serious near miss or Injury to staff or publi c hospitalise d.	Operational disruption >2 <5 days.
Moderate	The impact threatens one strategic objective in the short term. At least one operational objective not to be met.	Report to regulatory authority needed. Management intervention needed to resolve.	Localised breach of Licence / Permit. Quick recovery period. Few Complaints.	Loss of assets / damage > \$5,000 < \$10,000	Unexpecte d injury with absence > 3 months.	Operational disruption > 24 hours < 48 hours.
Minor	The impact is seen as a minor threat to strategic objectives but may impact on operational objectives.	Breach can be resolved by routine management intervention.	Transient harm to the Environment. Complaints.	Loss of assets / damage > 2,000 < \$ 5,000.	Injury with absence < 3 months.	Operational disruption >1 hour < 24 hours.
Insignifican t	The impact is seen as a negligible threat to strategic objectives.	Breach of subordinate internal procedur e.	Minor incidental harm to Environment No Complaints.	Loss of assets / damage < \$2000.	No injury.	Operational disruption < 1 hour or Schedule d downtime.

Table 2: Definition	n of Likelihood.
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Value	Description
Almost Certain	Is expected to occur in nearly all circumstances – At least once per month
Likely	Will probably occur in most circumstances – less that once every month but more than once per annum
Possible	May occur at some time – Less than once every month but more than once in 5 years
Unlikely	Could occur but not often – Less than once in 5 years but more than once in 20 years
Rare	May occur in exceptional circumstances – Less than once in 20 years

8. Risk Assessment

Risk assessment is a key part of the risk management process of thinking systematically about all possible risks, problems or disasters before they happen, and setting operational procedures, or other control measures that will avoid unacceptable risks or minimise their impact. Documenting the details and decisions for managing risk is important.

The RISK ASSESSMENT MATRIX (**Table 3**) is used for assessing both strategic and operational risks.

In practical terms, the overall cyclic process of risk assessment involves well-informed estimation to:

- Identify risks and make a realistic evaluation of the risk level (what could go wrong, how could it happen, what and how serious would the consequences be), then
- Identify and implement treatments that will reduce the risk to a level that is
 acceptable to Council (what controls can be implemented to prevent or
 mitigate the effects of this happening or to reduce its impact), then periodically
 as appropriate.
- Assess the status of the risks and the effectiveness of the treatments IN THE CONTEXT OF THE RISK ASSESSMENT MATRIX and where necessary upgrade risk treatments; and finally.
- Be aware that new risks might emerge, or old risks may subside, with an appropriate response required in either case.

Table 3

	RISK RATING TABLE		LIKELIHOOD VALUE					
			Α	в	С	D	E	
			Almost Certain	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Rare	
	1	Extreme	Very High	Very High	Very High	High	Medium	
	2	Major	Very High	Very High	High	Medium	Low	
CONSEQUENCE VALUE	3	Moderate	High	High	Medium	Medium	Low	
	4	Minor	Medium	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	
	5	Insignificant	Medium	Medium	Low	Low	Low	

9. Risk Appetite

Total elimination of risk in an activity is generally not possible unless the activity ceases completely, however accepting all risks is not advisable either (especially when they are accepted by default i.e. without knowing they even exist). Accepting risk can be appropriate so long as it has been identified, properly quantified, is understood and the risk level is acceptable.

The target *level of acceptable risk* - the level of residual risk (or impact) that the Council is comfortable in dealing with (without any further controls being implemented) is set out in thefollowing **Table 4**.

The Target Residual Risk Rating has been established to ensure nominal standards are in place to highlight potentially excessive exposure to risks whilst also flagging the likely need foradditional treatment activity or at least initiate review of risk appetite for the applicable risk subject.

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Table 4:

Target Residual Risk Ratings						
Risk Category	Level of Acceptable Risk					
	Very High	High	Medium	Low		
Governance	XX	X	√	VV		
Biosecurity	xx x x x					

Once a risk subject has been assigned a residual risk rating, that risk rating needs to be compared with the Target Residual Risk Rating in Table 4 – to check whether or not that risk rating is at an acceptable level of risk and respond according to the mandates set out inTable 5.

Table 5:

Mandatory Initial Response to a Risk Rating			
Risk Rating	Response Definition (Based on Level of acceptable risk at Table 4)		
Very High	Intolerable, stop work, and immediately introduce further control measuresusing the risk reduction guide		
High	Review and introduce additional controls using the risk reduction guide		
Medium	Monitor and maintain strict control measures in line with the risk reductionguide		
Low	Tolerable monitor and Review in line with Council policy		

10. Risk Reduction Guide

Risk reduction treatments can be either in the form of *preventative controls* - designed to reduce the likelihood of the risk occurring, or *corrective controls* - to be implemented if the risk does occur. Risk treatment options are not necessarily mutually exclusive or appropriate in all circumstances. Risk managers should elect the best options in terms of feasibility and cost effectiveness.

In order to reduce unacceptable risks to an acceptable level, treatment may include adopting control mechanisms that act to eliminate or reduce the potential likelihood of something occurring or reduce the consequence of an unwanted event that occurs.

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Typically this involves a combination of one or more of risk acceptance, risk avoidance, risk reduction, risk treatment, or risk transfer tactics as follows:

- Accepting the risk. If the risk is minor or the cost to avoid it is beyond your capacity to finance you may need to consider accepting the risk if it is core to your very existence. Being mindful of the consequences and not just ignoring them in the hope that they will never happen.
- Avoiding the risk. Decide whether or not to proceed with any unacceptable risk or choose an alternative with acceptable risks that still meets organisational aims.
- Reducing the risk. Look at alternative solutions that reduce risk. Initially focus on "engineering" solutions rather than those changes that require people to change their behaviour. Other solutions such as rules, policies or training can then be looked at to reduce risk. Other options such as protective equipment could also assist.
- Transferring the risk. Risk transfer or risk sharing usually occurs through insurance, use of contractors, leases, personnel contracts, disclaimers and warning signs.

11. Risk Management Responsibilities

Everyone that is a part of the County Council manages or impacts in some way on elements of enterprise and operational risk to a greater or lesser extent on an ongoing basis, whereas some have more specific and more formal risk management responsibilities as follows:

- A. The Council is ultimately responsible for overseeing and monitoring the governance, risk, internal control framework and external accountabilities. Given the nature of the County Council, in practice the delegates from the constituent councils as membersof the County Council are responsible for overseeing and monitoring the governance, risk and control framework and external accountability requirements of the Council.
- B. The General Manager is accountable to the Council for the development and implementation of the risk management process and ultimately responsible (subject to Council providing adequate resources) for the management of risks in the business, including responsibility for legislative obligations and the implementation of risk management strategy and processes.
- c. The Senior Biosecurity Officer is the administrative 'Risk Manager' responsible for overseeing risk management associated with the biosecurity office, its physical environment, the associated governance and administration functions, and assisting the General Manager to reduce the overall exposure to risk and the 'Cost of Risk' to the Council through:
 - a. Monitoring the effectiveness of policies and procedures;
 - b. Providing input and advice in relation to risk matters;
 - c. Assisting to develop Risk Management procedures, analysis

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and management of risks;

- d. Ensuring that all Standard Operating Procedures incorporate risk management concepts; and
- e. Managing activities for which they are responsible, in a manner that reduces Council's overall exposure to risk and the Cost of Risk.
- F. Promoting active communication and increasing the awareness of risk amongst Biosecurity Officers
- D. The Biosecurity Officers are operational 'Risk Managers' responsible for overseeing risk management associated with their own activities and assisting the Senior Biosecurity Weeds Officer and Administration Officer to reduce the overall 'Cost of Risk' to the Council through:
 - a. Taking reasonable care for the health and safety of others at the worksite or who may be affected by their actions.
 - b. Cooperating with any directions and procedures and processes required to ensure the health and safety of themselves and others.
 - c. Undertaking operational activities in accordance with any directions and procedures and processes required to ensure controlled risks remain so controlled.
 - Identifying and reporting hazards, damage, incidents, breaches of procedures and other issues they come across.
 - Assisting in the supervision and monitoring of contractor activities and including WHS compliance and work quality, and
 - f. Identifying and reporting new or changing risk situations and highlighting opportunities for improving other risk issues they come across.
- E. The Audit, Risk & Improvement Committee (ARIC) is responsible for providing independent assurance and assistance on risk management, control, governance and external accountability responsibilities.

RELATED LEGISLATION / POLICIES / PROCEDURES

The Local Government Act 1993 Work Health & Safety Act 2011 Work Health & Safety Regulation 2017

POLICY AUTHORITY

Council / General Manager

REVIEW

This policy to be reviewed once per term of Council. Next review date is June 2026

UHCC Risk Management Policy

May 2024

Page 11 of 12

ADOPTED BY COUNCIL

DATE: RESOLUTION NO:

VERSION CONTROL TABLE

DATE	VERSION	RES NO.	KEY CHANGES	AUTHOR

UHCC Risk Management Policy

May 2024

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CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL

INTERNAL AUDIT CHARTER

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council (CMCC) has established an internal audit function as a key component of its governance and assurance framework, in compliance with the Local Government (General) Regulation 2021 and the Office of Local Government's Guidelines for risk management and internal audit for local government in NSW. This charter provides the mandate for the conduct of the internal audit function at CMCC and has been approved by the governing body considering the advice of the Audit, Risk and Improvement Committee (ARIC).

1. Purpose of Internal Audit

Internal audit strengthens the organisation's ability to create, protect and sustain value by providing CMCC with independent, risk-based, and objective assurance, advice, insight, and foresight.

It achieves this by providing advice to the governing body, General Manager and ARIC about CMCC's governance processes, risk management and control frameworks and its external accountability obligations. It also assists CMCC to improve its business performance.

Internal Audit services may include:

- Assurance Services objective examination of evidence for the purpose of providing an independent assessment of risk management, control and governance processes.
- Advisory Services advisory and related client activities, the nature and scope of which are
 agreed upon with the client and which are intended to add value and improve business
 operations.

2. Independence

CMCC's internal audit function is to be independent of CMCC so that it can provide an unbiased assessment of CMCC's operations and risk and control activities.

The internal audit function reports functionally to CMCC's ARIC on the results of completed audits, and for strategic direction and accountability purposes, and reports administratively to the General Manager to facilitate day-to-day operations. Internal audit activities are not subject to direction by CMCC and CMCC's management has no role in the exercise of its internal audit activities.

Internal Audit Charter

The ARIC is responsible for communicating any internal audit issues or information to the governing body. Should the governing body require additional information, a request for the information may be made to the ARIC Chairperson by resolution. The ARIC Chairperson is only required to provide the information requested by the governing body where the ARIC Chairperson is satisfied that it is reasonably necessary for the governing body to receive the information for the purposes of performing its functions under the Local Government Act. Individual Council Members are not entitled to request or receive information from the Internal Audit Coordinator or the ARIC.

The General Manager must consult with the ARIC Chairperson before appointing or making decisions affecting the engagement of the Internal Audit Coordinator. If the Internal Audit Coordinator is dismissed, the General Manager must report the reasons for their dismissal to CMCC. The ARIC, through the Chairperson, will contribute to the annual performance assessment of the Internal Audit Coordinator (in relation to their internal audit role only).

Where the ARIC Chairperson has any concerns about the independence of the Internal Audit Coordinator, or any action taken that may compromise their ability to undertake their ability to undertake their functions independently, they should report their concerns to the General Manager and/or governing body.

The Internal Audit Coordinator is to confirm at least annually to the ARIC the independence of internal audit activities from CMCC.

3. Authority and Confidentiality

CMCC authorises the internal audit function to have full, free and unrestricted access to all functions, premises, assets, personnel, records and other documentation and information that the Internal Audit Coordinator considers necessary for the internal audit function to undertake its responsibilities.

All records, documentation and information accessed while undertaking internal audit activities are to be used solely for the conduct of those activities. The Internal Audit Coordinator and individual internal audit staff are responsible and accountable for maintaining the confidentiality of the information they receive when undertaking their work.

All internal audit documentation, including external service provider working papers, will remain the property of CMCC.

Information and documents pertaining to the internal audit function are not to be made publicly available. The internal audit function may only release CMCC information to external parties that are assisting the internal audit function to undertake responsibilities with the approval of the General Manager, except where it is being provided to an external investigative or oversight agency for the purpose of informing that agency of a matter that may warrant its attention and is a legal requirement.

4. Role

The internal audit function is to support CMCC's ARIC to review and provide independent advice to CMCC in accordance with Section 428A of the Local Government Act 1993. This includes conducting internal audits of council and monitoring the implementation of corrective actions.

Internal Audit Charter

The internal audit function is to also play an active role in:

- developing and maintaining a culture of accountability and integrity
- facilitating the integration of risk management into day-to-day business activities and processes, and
- promoting a culture of high ethical standards.

The internal audit function has no direct authority or responsibility for the activities it reviews. The internal audit function has no responsibility for developing or implementing procedures or systems and does not prepare records or engage in CMCC functions or activities (except in carrying out its own functions).

5. Internal Audit Coordinator

Day to day management of CMCC's internal audit function is to be led by a member of Central Tablelands Weeds Authority (CTWA) with sufficient skills, knowledge and experience to ensure it fulfils the internal audit function's role and responsibilities to CMCC and the ARIC. The Internal Audit Coordinator must be independent, impartial, unbiased and objective when performing their work and free from any conflicts of interest.

Responsibilities of the Internal Audit Coordinator include:

- · contract management of the external provider
- managing the internal audit budget
- ensuring the external provider completes internal audits in line with the ARIC's annual work plan and four-year strategic work plan
- forwarding audit reports by the external provider to the ARIC
- acting as a liaison between the external provider and the ARIC
- monitoring CMCC's implementation of corrective actions that arise from the findings of audits and reporting progress to the ARIC, and
- assisting the ARIC to ensure CMCC's internal audit activities comply with the Office of Local Government's Guidelines for risk management and internal audit for local government in NSW.

Within CTWA's structure, the Internal Audit Coordinator is also be responsible for a range of nonaudit functions and in this regard the following safeguards apply:

- when performing those duties, they are not acting in their internal audit role and the reporting lines specified in this Charter do not apply, and
- if an internal audit is required of one of the non-audit functions for which the Internal Audit Coordinator is responsible, the external service provider will report directly to the General Manager and the ARIC on the results of the audit.

6. Outsourced Internal Audit (External Service Provider)

CMCC is to contract an external third-party provider to undertake its internal audit activities. To ensure the independence of the external provider, the Internal Audit Coordinator will ensure that the external provider:

- does not conduct any audits on specific CMCC operations or areas that the external service provider has provided consulting services on in the last two years (excluding the conduct of internal audits in these areas);
- is not the same provider conducting CMCC's external audit;
- is not the auditor of any contractors of CMCC that may be subject to the internal audit, and

 can satisfy the requirements of the Office of Local Government's Guidelines for risk management and internal audit for local government in NSW.

The Internal Audit Coordinator must consult with the ARIC and General Manager regarding the appropriateness of the skills, knowledge and experience of any external provider before they are engaged by CMCC.

7. Performing Internal Audit Activities

The work of the internal audit function is to be thoroughly planned and executed.

The internal audit function must also develop an Annual Work Plan to guide the work of internal audit over the forward year.

The Internal Audit Coordinator will:

- Provide the findings and recommendations of internal audits to the ARIC at the end of each audit. Each report is to include responses from the relevant senior manager(s).
- Establish an ongoing monitoring system to follow up CMCC's progress in implementing corrective actions.
- Develop and maintain policies and procedures to guide the operation of CMCC's internal audit function. These should be reviewed and approved by the ARIC as appropriate.
- Ensure that the ARIC is advised at each of the committee's meetings of the internal audit activities completed during that quarter, progress in implementing the annual work plan and progress made implementing corrective actions.

8. Conduct and Standards

Internal audit personnel (including external providers) must comply with CMCC's Code of Conduct. Complaints about breaches of the code of conduct by internal audit personnel are to be dealt with in accordance with the *Procedures for the Administration of the Model Code of Conduct for Local Councils in NSW*. The General Manager must consult with CMCC's ARIC before any disciplinary action is taken against the Internal Audit Coordinator in response to a breach of the Code of Conduct. Declaration and management of conflicts of interest will occur in line with the requirements of CMCC's Code of Conduct.

Internal audit personnel will govern themselves by adherence to mandatory guidance contained in the International Professional Practices Framework ("IPPF") issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors ("IIA"), including the Global Internal Audit Standards.

This mandatory guidance constitutes the fundamental requirements for the professional practice of internal auditing and the principles against which to evaluate the effectiveness of the internal audit function's performance.

The internal audit function, including external service providers, will perform their work in accordance with the IPPF. While the IPPF applies to all internal audit work, technology audits may also apply the ISACA standards contained in the Information Technology Assurance Framework ("ITAF"). Where relevant, the current Australian risk management standard may also be applied.

Internal Audit Charter

9. Administrative arrangements

Audit, Risk and Improvement Committee Meetings

The Internal Audit Coordinator:

- Will attend ARIC meetings as an independent non-voting observer. The Internal Audit Coordinator can be excluded from meetings by the committee at any time.
- Must meet separately with the ARIC at least once per year.
- As necessary, should meet with the Chairperson of the ARIC at any time, as necessary, between committee meetings.

Other Assurance Providers

The activities of the internal audit function and other assurance providers (including but not limited to external audit) will be coordinated to help ensure the adequacy of overall audit coverage and to minimise duplication of effort.

Periodic meetings and contact between the internal audit function and other assurance providers shall be held to discuss matters of mutual interest and to facilitate coordination.

Internal audit plans, working papers and reports, will be made available to other assurance providers as required.

Dispute Resolution

The internal audit function should maintain an effective working relationship with CMCC and the ARIC and seek to resolve any differences they may have in an amicable and professional way by discussion and negotiation.

In the event of a disagreement between the internal audit function and CMCC, the dispute is to be resolved by the ARIC. Disputes between the internal audit function and the ARIC are to be resolved by the governing body.

Unresolved disputes regarding compliance with statutory or other requirements are to be referred to the Departmental Chief Executive of the Office of Local Government in writing.

Review Arrangements

CMCC's ARIC will review the performance of the internal audit function each year and report its findings to the governing body. A strategic review of the performance of the internal audit function must be conducted each council term that considers the views of an external party with a strong knowledge of internal audit and reported to the governing body.

This charter is to be reviewed annually by the ARIC and once each council term by the governing body. Any substantive changes are to be approved by the governing body.

SCHEDULE 1 – INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION RESPONSIBILITIES

<u>Audit</u>

Internal audit

- · Conduct internal audits as directed by the CMCC's ARIC.
- · Implement CMCC's annual internal audit work plan.
- Monitor the implementation by CMCC of corrective actions.
- Assist CMCC to develop and maintain a culture of accountability and integrity.
- Facilitate the integration of risk management into day-to-day business activities and processes.
- Promote a culture of high ethical standards.

External audit

- Review all external plans and reports in respect of planned or completed audits and monitor CMCC's implementation of audit recommendations.
- Provide advice on action taken on significant issues raised in relevant external audit reports and better practice guides.

<u>Risk</u>

Risk management

Review and advise:

- if CMCC has in place a current and appropriate risk management framework that is consistent with the Australian risk management standard.
- whether CMCC's risk management framework is adequate and effective for identifying and managing the risks CMCC faces, including those associated with individual projects, programs and other activities.
- if risk management is integrated across all levels of CMCC and across all processes, operations, services, decision-making, functions and reporting.
- of the adequacy of risk reports and documentation, for example, CMCC's risk register and risk profile
- whether a sound approach has been followed in developing risk management plans for major projects or undertakings
- whether appropriate policies and procedures are in place for the management and exercise of delegations
- if CMCC has taken steps to embed a culture which is committed to ethical and lawful behaviour
- if there is a positive risk culture within CMCC and strong leadership that supports effective risk management
- · of the adequacy of staff training and induction in risk management
- · how CMCC's risk management approach impacts on CMCC's insurance arrangements
- · of the effectiveness of CMCC's management of its assets, and
- of the effectiveness of business continuity arrangements, including business continuity plans, disaster recovery plans and the periodic testing of these plans.

Internal controls

Review and advise:

- whether CMCC's approach to maintaining an effective internal audit framework, including
 over external parties such as contractors and advisors, is sound and effective.
- whether CMCC has in place relevant policies and procedures and that these are periodically reviewed and updated.
- whether appropriate policies and procedures are in place for the management and exercise of delegations.
- whether staff are informed of their responsibilities and processes and procedures to implement controls are complied with.
- · if CMCC's monitoring and review of controls is sufficient, and
- if internal and external audit recommendations to correct internal control weaknesses are implemented appropriately.

Compliance

Review and advise of the adequacy and effectiveness of CMCC's compliance framework, including:

- if CMCC has appropriately considered legal and compliance risks as part of CMCC's risk management framework
- how CMCC manages its compliance with applicable laws, regulations, policies, procedures, codes, and contractual arrangements, and
- whether appropriate processes are in place to assess compliance.

Fraud and corruption

Review and advise of the adequacy and effectiveness of CMCC's fraud and corruption prevention framework and activities, including whether CMCC has appropriate processes and systems in place to capture and effectively investigate fraud-related information.

Financial management

Review and advise:

- if CMCC's financial management processes are adequate
- the adequacy of cash management policies and procedures
 - if there are adequate controls over financial processes, for example:
 - appropriate authorisation and approval of payments and transactions
 - adequate segregation of duties
 - timely reconciliation of accounts and balances
 - o review of unusual and high value purchases
- if policies and procedures for management review and consideration of the financial position and performance of CMCC are adequate, and
- if CMCC's grants and tied funding policies and procedures are sound.

Governance

Review and advise of the adequacy of CMCC governance framework, including CMCC's:

- decision-making processes
- implementation of governance policies and procedures
- reporting lines and accountability
- assignment of key roles and responsibilities
- committee structure

- · management oversight responsibilities
- human resources and performance management activities
- · reporting and communication activities
- · information and communications technology (ICT) governance, and
- · management and governance of the use of data, information and knowledge.

Improvement

Strategic planning

Review and advise:

- of the adequacy and effectiveness of CMCC's Integrated, Planning and Reporting (IP&R) processes
- if appropriate reporting and monitoring mechanisms are in place to measure progress against objectives, and
- whether CMCC is successfully implementing and achieving its IP&R objectives and strategies.

Service reviews and business improvement

Review and advise:

- if CMCC has robust systems to set objectives and goals to determine and deliver appropriate levels of service to the community and business performance
- if appropriate reporting and monitoring mechanisms are in place to measure service delivery to the community and overall performance, and
- how CMCC can improve its service delivery and CMCC's performance of its business and functions generally

Performance data and measurement

Review and advise:

- if CMCC has a robust system to determine appropriate performance indicators to measure the achievement of its strategic objectives
- · if the performance indicators CMCC uses are effective, and
- of the adequacy of performance data collection and reporting.

Adopted:	Date: XX/XX/XXXX	Minute: XXXX/XXX
Lasted Reviewed:	Date: XX/XX/XXXX	Minute: XXXX/XXX
Next Reviewed:	Date: XX/XX/XXXX	



Castlereagh Macquarie County Council

Disaster Recovery & Business Continuity Plan

Date Prepared: 31 May, 2025

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Information Technology Statement of Intent

This document delineates our policies and procedures for technology disaster recovery, as well as our process-level plans for recovering critical technology platforms, telecommunications infrastructure and incorporates the disaster 'recovery associated with property. This document summarises the recommended procedures. In the event of an actual emergency, modifications to this document may be made to ensure physical safety of our people, our systems, and our data.

Our mission is to ensure information system up-time, data integrity and availability, and business continuity.

Policy Statement

 Castlereagh Macquarie County Council shall develop a comprehensive IT and property disaster recovery plan.

- A formal risk assessment shall be undertaken to determine the requirements for the disaster recovery plan.
- The disaster recovery plan should cover all essential and critical infrastructure elements, systems and networks, in accordance with key business activities.
- The disaster recovery plan should be periodically tested in a simulated environment to ensure that it can be implemented in emergency situations and that the management and staff understand how it is to be executed.
- All staff must be made aware of the disaster recovery plan and their own respective roles.
- The disaster recovery plan is to be kept up to date to take into account changing circumstances.

Objectives

The principal objective of the disaster recovery program is to develop, test and document a wellstructured and easily understood plan which will help the Council recover as quickly and effectively as possible from an unforeseen disaster or emergency which interrupts information systems and business operations. Additional objectives include the following:

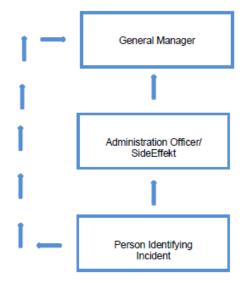
- The need to ensure that all employees fully understand their duties in implementing such a
 plan
- The need to ensure that operational policies are adhered to within all planned activities
- The need to ensure that proposed contingency arrangements are cost-effective
- The need to consider implications on other Council sites
- Disaster recovery capabilities as applicable to key customers, vendors and others

4

Key Personnel Contact Info

Name,	Contact	Contact Number
Title	Option	
Sydney Data Centre		
SideEffekt P/L	Work	1300 737 899
Michael Terlich	Mobile	0423 366 340
Kathy Terlich	Mobile	0402 525 752
	Email Address	support@sideeffekt.com
	Alternate Email	michael@sideeffekt.com
Walgett Office		
Michael Urquhart	Mobile	0448050563
Rebecca Wilson	Mobile	0427598577
Andrea Fletcher-Dawson	Mobile	0428462060

Notification Calling Tree

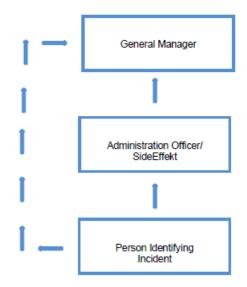


If SideEffekt or Administration Office is unavailable, the person identifying the incident should contact the General Manager directly.

External Contacts

Name,	Contact	Contact
Title	Option	Number
Landlord / Property Manager		
Kellys Real estate	Work	02 6828 0145
	Mobile	0408 281 428
	Email Address	dianne@kellyspropertysales.com.au
F I 1 1 1 1		
Electricity Companies		
Origin	Work	132080
	Email Address	
	Website Address	www.origin.com.au
Telecom Carrier (Phones)		
Telstra	Work	132000
	Email Address	
	Website Address	www.telstra.com
IT Suppliers		
SideEffekt P/L	Work	1300 737 899
	Email Address	support@sideeffekt.com
	Alternate Email	michael@sideeffekt.com
Office Supplies		
Office Works	Work	02 6883 4700
	Website Address	www.officeworks.com.au
	Email Address	
Insurance – Name		
Jardine Lloyd Thompson	Work	0417 898 185
	Website Address	www.jltpublicsector.com

External Contacts Calling Tree



If SideEffekt or Administration Office is unavailable, the person identifying the incident should contact the General Manager directly.

1 Plan Overview

1.1 Plan Updating

It is necessary for the DRP/BCP updating process to be properly structured and controlled. Whenever changes are made to the plan they are to be fully tested, and appropriate amendments should be made to the training materials. This will involve the use of formalised change control procedures under the control of the General Manager.

1.2 Plan Documentation Storage

Copies of this Plan, USB drive, and an external cloud copy will be stored in secure locations to be defined by the organisation. Michael Terlich, CMCC General Manager and Administration Officer (ERT/DRT/BRT) will be issued a USB drive to be filed at home. A master protected copy will be stored on specific resources established for this purpose.

1.3 Backup Strategy

Servers and data are held in SideEffekt's private cloud in a Tier III data centre in Sydney. Backups of these servers are completed nightly and further images are stored at a secondary, secure site.

1.4 Risk Management

There are many potential disruptive threats which can occur at any time and affect the normal business process. We have considered a wide range of potential threats, and the results of our deliberations are included in this section. Each potential environmental disaster or emergency situation has been examined. The focus here is on the level of business disruption which could arise from each type of disaster.

			Brief Description Of Potential
Potential	Probability	Impact	Consequences & Remedial
Disaster	Rating	Rating	Actions
Data Centre	3	3	Actions
Flood	3	1	Loss of equipment. sideEffekt to arrange
FIOOD	3	1	
			temporary restoration in data centre and
			subsequent replacement
Fire	2	1	Loss of equipment. sideEffekt to arrange
			temporary restoration in data centre and
			subsequent replacement
Cyclone	5	1	Loss of equipment. sideEffekt to arrange
			temporary restoration in data centre and
			subsequent replacement
Electrical storms	2	2	Loss of equipment. sideEffekt to arrange
			temporary restoration in data centre and
			subsequent replacement
Act of terrorism	5	4	Loss of equipment. sideEffekt to arrange
			temporary restoration in data centre and
			subsequent replacement
Act of sabotage	5	4	Loss of equipment. sideEffekt to arrange
_			temporary restoration in data centre and
			subsequent replacement
Electrical power	2	2	Redundant UPS together
failure			with auto standby generator. UPSs
			remotely monitored.
CMCC Office 55 Fox			
Street Walgett			
Flood	4	1	Loss of equipment. Administration Officer
11000	7		& sideEffekt to arrange replacement
			- ·
Fire	2	1	Loss of equipment. Administration Officer
			& sideEffekt to arrange replacement
Electrical Storm	2	2	Loss of equipment. Administration Officer
			& sideEffekt to arrange replacement
Act of terrorism	5	4	Loss of equipment. Administration Officer
			& sideEffekt to arrange replacement
Act of sabotage	5	4	Loss of equipment. Administration Officer
	Ŭ,		& sideEffekt to arrange replacement
Electrical power	2	2	Redundant UPS_UPSs
failure	2	2	
lallure			remotely monitored.
Loss of	1	2	Only internet connection is a single ADSL.
communications	'	2	No 3G redundancy in place
network services			no so redundancy in place
network services			

Potential disasters have been assessed as follows:

Probability: 1=Very High, 5=Very Low

Impact: 1=Total destruction, 5=Minor annoyance

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2 Emergency Response

2.1 Alert, escalation and plan invocation

2.1.1 Plan Triggering Events

Key trigger issues at all locations that would lead to activation of the DRP are:

- Total loss of all communications
- Total loss of power
- Flooding of the premises
- Loss of the building

2.1.2 Assembly Points

Where the premises need to be evacuated, the DRP invocation plan identifies two evacuation assembly points:

Walgett Office

- Primary Car Park Emergency Assembly Point.
- Alternate Car Park Emergency Assembly Point.

2.1.3 Activation of Emergency Response Team

When an incident occurs the Emergency Response Team (ERT) must be activated. The ERT will then decide the extent to which the DRP must be invoked. All employees must be issued a Quick Reference card containing ERT contact details to be used in the event of a disaster. Responsibilities of the ERT are to:

- · Respond immediately to a potential disaster and call emergency services;
- · Assess the extent of the disaster and its impact on the business, data centre, or Walgett Office
- Decide which elements of the DR Plan should be activated;
- Establish and manage disaster recovery team to maintain vital services and return to normal operation;
- · Ensure employees are notified and allocate responsibilities and activities as required.

2.2 Disaster Recovery Team

The team will be contacted and assembled by the ERT. The team's responsibilities include:

- Establish facilities for an emergency level of service within 8 business hours;
- Restore key services within 16 business hours of the incident;
- Recover to business as usual within 24 to 48 hours after the incident;
- Coordinate activities with disaster recovery team, first responders, etc.
- Report to the emergency response team.

2.3 Emergency Alert, Escalation and DRP Activation

This policy and procedure has been established to ensure that in the event of a disaster or crisis, personnel will have a clear understanding of who should be contacted. Procedures have been addressed to ensure that communications can be quickly established while activating disaster recovery.

The DR plan will rely principally on key members of management and staff who will provide the technical and management skills necessary to achieve a smooth technology and business recovery. Suppliers of critical goods and services will continue to support recovery of business operations as the County Council returns to normal operating mode.

2.3.1 Emergency Alert

The person discovering the incident calls a member of the Emergency Response Team in the order listed:

Emergency Response Team (ERT)/Disaster Recovery Team (DRT)/Business Recovery Team (BRT) • Michael Terlich - SideEffekt P/L

- Michael Urguhart General Manager, Castlereagh Macquarie County Council
- · Rebecca Wilson Administration Officer, Castlereagh Macquarie County Council

The Emergency Response Team (ERT) is responsible for activating the DRP for disasters identified in this plan, as well as in the event of any other occurrence that affects the County Councils capability to perform normally.

The General Manager will be responsible for taking overall charge of the process and ensuring that the County Council returns to normal working operations as early as possible.

2.3.2 DR Procedures for Management

Members of the management team will keep a hard copy of the names and contact numbers of each employee. In addition, management team members will have a copy of the company's disaster recovery and business continuity plans on USB in their homes in the event that the headquarters building is inaccessible, unusable, or destroyed.

2.3.3 Contact with Employees

The General Manager will call other employees to discuss the crisis/disaster and the Council's immediate plans.

2.3.4 Disaster Updates

For the latest information on the disaster and the organisation's response, staff members can visit Council's website <u>www.cmcc.nsw.gov.au</u>. Included in messages will be data on the nature of the disaster, assembly sites, and updates on work resumption.

2.3.5 Alternate Recovery Facilities / Backup Site

Sydney Data Centre

If necessary, the backup site in Sydney at SideEffekt's data centre will be activated and notification will be given via SMS messages or through communications with the ERT.

Walgett Office

Should the Walgett office be severely damaged or lost through a disaster, an alternate office location will be established at Walgett CWA hall.

2.3.6 Personnel and Family Notification

If the incident has resulted in a situation which would cause concern to an employee's immediate family such as hospitalisation of injured persons, it will be necessary to notify their immediate family members quickly.

3 Media

3.1 Media Contact

The General Manager shall coordinate with the media on post disaster communications.

3.2 Media Strategies

- 1. Avoiding adverse publicity
- 2. Take advantage of opportunities for useful publicity
- 3. Have answers to the following basic questions:
 - What happened?
 - How did it happen?
 - What are you going to do about it?

3.3 Media Team

- Chairperson
- General Manager
- Administration Officer

3.4 Rules for Dealing with Media

Only the media team is permitted direct contact with the media; anyone else contacted should refer callers or in-person media representatives to the media team.

4 Records

As part of the organisation's disaster recovery and business continuity strategies Council has its old paper records stored off site. More recent documents are electronic or have been scanned and are held electronically on the sideEffekt servers at the Sydney data centre.

5 Stationery

All stationery templates are held electronically in the CMCC Records Management System on the sideEffekt servers at the Sydney data centre. A copy of these is also loaded to the sideEffekt, General Manager and Administration Officers USB's that contains the Disaster Recovery Plan & Business Continuity Plan.

6 Insurance

Council risk management strategy includes the insurance portfolio with several policies having been put in place. These include errors and omissions, directors & officers' liability, general liability, and business interruption insurance.

See table below

If insurance-related assistance is required following an emergency out of normal business
hours, please contact: General Manager Mobile 0448050563

Policy Name	Coverage Period	Amount Of Coverage	Person Responsible For Coverage	Next Renewal Date
Property	July to June	In no event will the total Limit of Liability exceed \$100,000,000 as a result of any one occurrence	General Manager	July 2025
Public Liability- Professional Indemnity	July to June	Public Liability (excluding Products) any one occurrence \$600,000,000 Products Liability any one occurrence and in the aggregate any one period of protection \$600,000,000 Professional Indemnity any one claim and in the aggregate any one period of protection \$600,000,000	General Manager	July 2025
Councillors and Officers Liability	July to June	Any one claim \$250,000 Aggregate any one period of protection \$2,000,000	General Manager	July 2025
Motor Vehicle	July to June	\$35,000,000,	General Manager	July 2025
Crime	July to June	\$300,000	General Manager	July 2025
Personal Accident	July to June	up to a maximum of \$1,000,000	General Manager	July 2025

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7 Financial and Legal Issues

7.1 Financial Assessment

The emergency response team shall prepare an initial assessment of the impact of the incident on the financial affairs of the organisation. The assessment should include:

- Loss of financial documents
- Loss of revenue
- Loss of cash

7.2 Financial Requirements

The immediate financial needs of the Council must be addressed. These can include:

- Cash flow position
- Temporary borrowing capability
- · Upcoming payments for taxes, payroll taxes, Superannuation, etc.
- Availability of County Council credit cards to pay for supplies and services required postdisaster

7.3 Legal Actions

The General Manager and ERT will jointly review the aftermath of the incident and decide whether there may be legal actions resulting from the event; in particular, the possibility of claims by or against the Council for regulatory violations, etc.

8 DRP Exercising

Disaster recovery plan exercises are an essential part of the plan development process. In a DRP exercise no one passes or fails; everyone who participates learns from exercises – what needs to be improved, and how the improvements can be implemented. Plan exercising ensures that emergency teams are familiar with their assignments and, more importantly, are confident in their capabilities.

Successful DR plans launch into action smoothly and effectively when they are needed. This will only happen if everyone with a role to play in the plan has rehearsed the role one or more times. The plan should also be validated by simulating the circumstances within which it has to work and seeing what happens.

Appendix A – Technology Disaster Recovery Plan

Disaster Recovery Plan for key Server resources

As all servers are held within a secure private cloud, in the event of a local disaster, all staff can continue to work from any site with an internet connection or via mobile data from their mobile devices.

In the event of a disaster in the private cloud, sideEffekt will switch over to the secondary site allowing Castlereagh Macquarie County Council staff to continue working, potentially at a reduced speed.



CASTLEREAGH MACQUARIE COUNTY COUNCIL

ICT Systems Change Control Procedure – Policy

ICT Systems Change Control Procedure

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Introduction

Council requires an ICT change control procedure to ensure effective management, security, and stability of its information and communication technology systems, safeguarding data, minimizing disruptions and promoting compliance with regulations.

Scope

For organisations to remain efficient and effective they need to continually adapt and evolve systems to meet business objectives. This IC T change management procedure ensures that new technology and changes to existing systems are smoothly implemented without disrupting daily operations. This procedure provides a brief outline of the current ICT operating model. An ICT Operating model is a framework that dictates how an IT department effectively manages and delivers ICT Services. It provides a structure and strategic approach to managing technology within an organisation. The goal of this procedure is to enhance operational efficiency and align technology initiative with business objectives through appropriate management of changes to business systems.

This policy/procedure sets out a framework that applies to all Council employees and the Council ICT systems that must be approved by the General Manager before any changes are made.

Model Overview

Technology Owner - SideEffekt

- Primarily responsible for the management and oversight of technology-related assets, systems, and resources.
- Focus on the technical aspects of systems or projects, such as infrastructure, applications, data management, security, and IT operations.

Business Owner – General Manager

- Responsible for business operations and outcomes realised through the user of ICT Technology and systems.
- Responsible for ensuring a system meets its business needs and is embedded into processes.

Business Owner Responsibilities

New Systems

- · Provide high level business requirements
- Ensure appropriate budget and resourcing is in place for initiative
- · Work with delivery team (internal or consultant) on the design
- · Accountable for ensuring User Acceptance Testing is completed
- · Before launch, they ensure the solution meets the expected business outcomes
- Responsible for change management, including communications plan
- · Responsibly for updating / adjusting processes

ICT Systems Change Control Procedure

Existing Systems

- Responsible for the strategic direction of a system, specifically whether its meeting business needs, and owning and prioritising remediation and enhancement plans, including seeking budget for them
- Champion that system for the organisation, including for any new use cases and integrations with other systems
- · Ensure user documentation is kept up to date and is aligned to business process
- · Ensure appropriate and ongoing training for staff on the system
- · Set the guidelines on who can access the system for what purpose
- Point of escalation for system administrators and users
- The Business Owner does not need to be an expert of SME of the system. It is likely there
 will be people in their teams, or elsewhere in the organisation, who have a deeper
 operational understanding of the system. The business owner is responsible for the 'big
 picture' of the system.

Technology Owner Responsibilities

New Systems

- Understand and validate the project need
- Ensure solution is aligned to strategy and ICT Digital roadmap
- Architect solution meaning, look at how system fits within eco-system and interacts with other systems. Review infrastructure requirements including protocols and integration
- · Responsible for testing underlying platform meets system requirements.
- · Responsible for provisioning users and ensuring solution adheres to ICT controls
- Ultimate approval or veto of vendor (on behalf of GM, typically based on critical security issues with platform)

Existing Systems

- Responsible for user access management; provisioned in-line with policy and procedures and guidelines established by the Business Owner
- Oversees administration of system, including cyber security, upgrades and configuration changes in line with industry best practices
- Infrastructure uptime and redundancy (including liaising with vendor or reseller where support agreements are in place
- Version currency and upgrade path, including implementing and testing upgrades (for applications this would include process for testing of vendor-initiated upgrades)
- · Remediation of system errors and outages
- · Facilitate and implement configuration changes to systems
- · Own relationship with vendor, including service level agreements and escalation process.
- The Technology Owner may change based on maturity of product, and the role will differ for on-premises versus cloud hosted products in terms of infrastructure accountability.

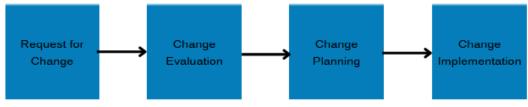
ICT Systems Change Management

1. Implementation of any system either on premises or cloud based is by approval from the General Manager only.

Page 4 of 7

- No system or web application is to be implemented within Council without first discussing with sideEffekt and the General Manager.
- 2. All substantial changes to systems must go through a change management process
 - 2.1. Requests for change must be emailed to the General Manager
 - 2.2. The request will be evaluated by the General Manager and sideEffekt
 - 2.3. This process designed to enable efficient changes to systems while not being onerous to staff requesting changes.

Change Management Process



Change Request

- 1.1. Via email to General Manager. Typically, by the IT user.
- 1.2. The change request must contain at a minimum the name of the system, a basic description of the change, a change plan and a list of impacted stakeholders

Change Evaluation

- Conducted by the General Manager & SideEffekt. Depending on the breadth of impact staff will be consulted.
- 1.4. Changes that are low in terms impact upon current systems may be deemed to fall outside this process
- 1.5. At this stage a decision may be made that the change falls outside the scope of this change management process and the change request would need to be. This could be due to a number of reasons:
 - Large impact across most or all of Council
 - Emergency situations that require urgent changes
 - The cost, time and effort to implement the change is considered too high for a simple change request.
 - The scope of the change falls into another project or is impacted by another project.

ICT Systems Change Control Procedure

Change Planning

- 1.6. Once the change request is approved by the General Manager, SideEffekt will work together to carry out the change plan. At this stage Owners will confirm:
 - A rollback or exit process in case of a failed change process. Including estimated timing to trigger and complete the rollback.
 - Outage windows if required
 - Impacted users
 - Communication requirements for the change

Change Implementation

- 1.7. Implementation is dependent on individual change requests. However, the following will be completed for all changes:
 - Notification of outages starting
 - Following of the change plan for the implementation
 - · Testing of the implementation once completed
 - Notification of the end of the outage window

Version	Adopted Date	Minute No.	Details of Review
1			

ITEM 9.10 IMPORTANT DATES - UPCOMING MEETINGS AND EVENTS

REPORTING SECTION:	General Manager
AUTHOR:	Michael Urquhart

Summary:

A list of upcoming meetings and events is provided for Members information.

Background:

This report provides Members with an overview of upcoming meetings and events that Castlereagh Macquarie County Council staff are involved in.

Current Position:

Members are requested to raise any queries prior to the meetings listed.

Conclusion:

Provided there are no changes it is appropriate to receive and note the information.

Important Dates For Members - Upcoming Meetings & Events

Recommendation:

That Council receive and note the list of upcoming meetings and events.

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Calendar of events 2024/2025

DATE	MEETING/FUNCTION	LOCATION	NOTES
4 th – 7 th August 2025	NSW Weeds Conference	Port Macquarie	Councillor x1, General Manager/Senior Biosecurity Officer/Biosecurity Officers x 2
12 th August 2025	Macquarie Valley & Lachlan Weeds Meeting	Dubbo	Senior Biosecurity Officer
21 st August 2025	ARIC Meeting	Online	Deputy Chairperson and General Manager
21 st August 2025	Aq Quip	Gunnedah	2 x CMCC Staff
25 th August 2025	CMCC Council Meeting	Coonamble	Members, GM, Senior Biosecurity Officer * Administration Officer
2 nd September 2025	Parthenium Meeting	Online	Senior Biosecurity Officer
27 th October 2025	CMCC Council Meeting	Coonamble	Members, GM, Senior Biosecurity Officer & Administration Officer
18 th November 2025	NSW Bio Control Meeting	Online	Senior Biosecurity Officer
20 th November 2025	ARIC Meeting	Online	Deputy Chairperson and General Manager
24 th November 2025	CMCC Council Meeting	Coonamble	Members, GM, Senior Biosecurity Officer & Administration Officer
2 nd December 2025	Parthenium Meeting	Teams	Senior Biosecurity Officer

10. BIOSECURITY REPORT

ITEM 10.1 QUARTERLY BIOSECUIRTY REPORT

REPORTING SECTION:	Biosecurity Control Works
AUTHOR:	Andrea Fletcher

Summary:

The attached report provides an update of biosecurity matters in the County Council area.

Background:

Council has an obligation in accordance with the Biosecurity Act 2015 to prevent, eliminate, minimise, and manage biosecurity risks in the County Council local government area.

Current Position:

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council provides funding to resource its obligation in accordance with the Biosecurity Act 2015, and the adopted Delivery Program and Operational Plan set out the activities, objectives and performance measures necessary for compliance.

Governance issues:

Biosecurity Act 2015 Local Government Act 1993

Environmental issues:

Any environmental issues are detailed in the attached update.

Stakeholders:

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Constituent Councils County Council LGA Ratepayers

Financial Implications:

Control and compliance operational expenditure matters are funded from the annual operational budget.

Alternative Solutions/Options:

There are no alternate options.

Conclusion:

The Senior Biosecurity Officer submits the attached report for Councils information.

Quarterly Biosecurity Report

Recommendation:

That the report be received and noted

Moved: Seconded:

Attachments:

Senior Biosecurity Officer Information on control activities.

<u>**Gilgandra Agricultural Show**</u> – CMCC staff attended the Gilgandra Show on Saturday 10th May with our Weeds Education Trailer. It was an eventful day with landowners coming in for weed identification, advice and weed reporting. Credit to the show committee for the organizing and the wonderful, maintained grounds.

<u>Walgett Shire</u> - Parkinsonia aerial surveillance and control was conducted W/C 19th May 2025. A total of 1890 plants were treated. 82 Barwon, 638 Narran, Brewarrina Narran 1170. Some of these plants were detected in May 2024 during surveillance and control, however, were not able to be accessed as they were on islands surrounded by water.

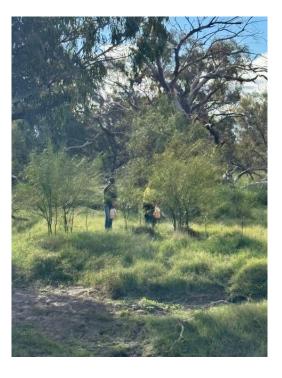
Plant size varies from seedlings 1cm to 10 cm, juvenile up to 6 meters and mature trees. The terrain is extremely rough and would not be achieved or accessible without a helicopter. Even landing with a helicopter 30km (40169 steps) on foot was covered to reach infestations. Although flooding over the past couple of years has made a huge impact with growth stages and new germinations, we are seeing progress with reducing plant numbers and plant size.

Since starting this program in 2023 a total of 5808 plants have been treated. 1414 Barwon, 2892 Narran, 1482 Narran Brewarrina Shire and 20 Moree Plains Shire. There is an historic site on the Namoi River approximately 10 km from Walgett that is monitored and to date have managed eradication.

The final report has been submitted to DPIRD and we have been granted new funding to continue the program 2025/2026. This funding is for Walgett Shire and the Unincorporated area where we have detected 3 sites. Brewarrina Shire Council will be engaging CMCC to do surveillance and control Parkinsonia on the Narran. The next aerial surveillance and control has been scheduled for W/C 13th October 2025.

Jill McGrady from DPRD and I completed a Strategic Plan for Parkinsonia which is now waiting for approval and to be signed off by DPI.











Good Neighbours Program

Local Land Services is delivering the Good Neighbours Program (GNP) to increase pest and weed management at the boundaries between privately owned land and publicly managed land.

As part of this program, LLS is enhancing pest and weed management efforts through coordinated, multi-agency control activities in priority areas, by fostering collaboration between public and private land managers to improve pest and weed management across boundaries.

With successful Round 1 projects now underway, the GNP is seeking additional project proposals that deliver a best practice, cross-tenure approach to pest and/or weed management that regions and public land managers have the capacity to deliver with GNP project support before 30 June 2026.

What makes a good GNP project?

- demonstrates cross-tenure cooperation, benefiting both public and private landholders
- incorporates a best practice approach to pest and weed management
- is additional to any expected BAU (business as usual) work across pest and weed management
- shows data/ metrics of problem and potential positive impacts of project implementation or negative impacts if no action is taken
- demonstrates a plan for delivery of project, not just a problem.

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council has submitted applications for the following.

Warren Shire – Private Properties Harrisia Cactus

<u>Warrumbungle Shire</u> – Mendooran Common African Box Thorn, Rope Pear and Green Cestrum and the Castlereagh River covering 30 properties for Green Cestrum.

<u>Coonamble Shire</u> – Quambone Common Green Cestrum and Tiger Pear.

Applications close 23rd June 2025.

If successful with funding through the program it will help reduce infestations in size and therefore allow landowners / managers and stakeholders to manage these infestations easier in the future by reducing costs and time to control.

<u>African Box Thorn Biological Control</u> – I have been speaking with Ben Godden from CISRO. Ben has advised the season of workshops has finished, and will recommence in late spring this year, around September-October. He also needs to balance this with knowing the fungus needs to be released into the environment, which is April-June in NSW. The sequence is usually workshop in October to canvas participant interest in the program and then sending the fungus to those participants for release in the following autumn of 2026. Ben would like to do the next Workshop in Coonabarabran. We will be discussing this at the Weeds Conference in August.

Castlereagh Macquarie County Council Weed List

<u>Management Categories Objective Characteristics of Weeds in this category</u> Regional Priority Weeds Regional Priority - Eradication State Priority – Prevention / eradication

Central West - Warrumbungle Shire

Common name Scientific name Management priority

African Box Thorn Lycium ferocissimun Regional priority - Assett Protection African Olive Oleo europaea sub sp. cuspidata Regional Priority - Containment Blackberry Rubus Fruiticosus Rgional priority - Containment Blue heliotrope Heliotrope amplexicaule Regional priority - Assett Protection Bridal Creeper Asparagus asparagoides Regional Priority - Prevention Cats Claw Creeper Dolichandra unguis-cati Regional Priority - Asset protection Coolatai Grass Hyparrhenia Regional Priority - Asset protection Fire Weed Senecio madagascariensis Regional Priority - Eradication Firethorn Pyracantha spp. Regional Priority - Containment Giant Reed Arundo donax Regional Priority - Eradication Green Cestrum Cestrum parqui Regional Priority - Asset protection Harrisia Harrisia spp. Regional Priority - Eradication Honey Locust Gleditia triacanthos Regional Priority - Eradication Hudson Pear Cylindropuntia palliada Regional Priority - Eradication Johnsons Grass sorhum halepense Regional Priority - Asset protection Mother of Millions Bryophyllum delagoense Regional Priority - Containment Maderia Vine Andera cordifolia State priority - Containment Parthenium Weed Parthenium hysterophorus State priority - Prevention Prickley Pears Cylindropunia species Regional Priority - Eradication Prickley Pears Opuntia species Regional Priority - Asset protection Silverleaf Night Shade Solanum elaeagnifolium Regional Priority - Containment Serrated Tussock Nassella trichotoma Regional Priority - Containment Spiny Burr Grass Cenchrus longispinus Regional Priority - Containment

St Johns Wort Hypericum perforatum Regional Priority - Asset protection Sticky Nightshade Solanum sisymbriifoliu Regional Priority - Eradication Sweet Briar Rosa rubiginosa Regional Priority – Containment <u>Central West - Gilgandra</u> Common name Scientific name Management priority

African Box Thorn Lycium ferocissimun Regional priority - Assett Protection Blue heliotrope Heliotrope amplexicaule Regional priority - Assett Protection Cats Claw Creeper Dolichandra unguis-cati Regional Priority - Asset protection Coolatai Grass Hyparrhenia Regional Priority - Asset protection Giant Reed Arundo donax Regional Priority – Eradication Green Cestrum Cestrum parqui Regional Priority - Asset protection Harrisia Harrisia spp. Regional Priority - Eradication Hudson Pear Cylindropuntia palliada Regional Priority - Eradication Johnsons Grass sorhum halepense Regional Priority - Asset protection Mother of Millions Bryophyllum delagoense Regional Priority - Containment Prickley Pears Cylindropunia species Regional Priority - Eradication Prickley Pears Opuntia species Regional Priority - Asset protection Silverleaf Night Shade Solanum elaeagnifolium Regional Priority - Containment Spiny Burr Grass Cenchrus longispinus Regional Priority - Containment St Johns Wort Hypericum perforatum Regional Priority - Asset protection Sticky Nightshade Solanum sisymbriifoliu Regional Priority - Eradication Sweet Briar Rosa rubiginosa Regional Priority – Containment

Central West - Coonamble

Common name Scientific name Management priority African Box Thorn Lycium ferocissimun Regional priority - Assett Protection Blue heliotrope Heliotrope amplexicaule Regional priority - Assett Protection Coolatai Grass Hyparrhenia Regional Priority - Asset protection Giant Reed Arundo donax Regional Priority - Eradication Green Cestrum Cestrum parqui Regional Priority - Asset protection Harrisia Harrisia spp. Regional Priority - Eradication Hudson Pear Cylindropuntia palliada Regional Priority - Eradication Johnsons Grass sorhum halepense Regional Priority - Asset protection Mother of Millions Bryophyllum delagoense Regional Priority - Containment Prickley Pears Cylindropunia species Regional Priority - Eradication Silverleaf Night Shade Solanum elaeagnifolium Regional Priority - Containment Spiny Burr Grass Cenchrus longispinus Regional Priority - Containment St Johns Wort Hypericum perforatum Regional Priority - Asset protection

Central West - Warren

Common name Scientific name Management priority

African Box Thorn Lycium ferocissimun Regional priority - Assett Protection Blue heliotrope Heliotrope amplexicaule Regional priority - Assett Protection Cats Claw Creeper Dolichandra unguis-cati Regional Priority - Asset protection Coolatai Grass Hyparrhenia Regional Priority - Asset protection Giant Reed Arundo donax Regional Priority - Eradication Green Cestrum Cestrum parqui Regional Priority - Asset protection Harrisia Harrisia spp. Regional Priority - Eradication Johnsons Grass sorhum halepense Regional Priority - Asset protection Mesquite Prosopis spp Regional Priority - Eradication Mother of Millions Bryophyllum delagoense Regional Priority - Containment Prickley Pears Cylindropuntia species Regional Priority - Asset protection Spiny Burr Grass Cenchrus longispinus Regional Priority - Containment

North West - Walgett

Common name Scientific name Management priority

African Box Thorn Lycium ferocissimun Regional priority - Assett Protection Coral Cactus / Boxing Glove Cylindropuntis fulgida var mamillata Regional Priority -Containment Harrisia Harrisia spp. Regional Priority - Containment Hudson Pear (White Spine) Cylindropuntia palliada Regional Priority - Eradication excluding core infestations Hudson Pear (Brown Spine) Tunicata Regional Priority - Eradication excluding core infestations Mesquite Prosopis spp Regional Priority - Eradication Mother of Millions Bryophyllum delagoense Regional Priority - Assett Protection Parthenium Weed Parthenium hysterophorus State priority - Prevention / eradication Prickley Pears Cylindropunia species Regional Priority - Eradication excluding core infestations Prickley Pears Opuntia species Regional Priority - Assett Protection Rope Pear Cylindropuntia imbricata Regional Priority - Assett Protection Tiger Pear Aurantiacc Regional Priority - Assett Protection

Velvety Tree Pear Opuntia tomentosa Regional priority - Assett Protection



AGENDA FOR CLOSED COUNCIL MEETING

Monday, 23rd June 2025

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to clause 7 of Council's Code of Meeting Practice that the Council Meeting of Castlereagh Macquarie County Council will be held at the Coonamble Shire Council Chambers on **23rd June 2025** to discuss the items listed in the Agenda

Michael Urquhart GENERAL MANAGER

AGENDA

11. MOVE INTO CLOSED SESSION

MOVE INTO CLOSED SESSION

Time:

That the public be excluded from the meeting pursuant to Sections 10A of the Local Government Act 1993 on the basis that the items deal with:

(2) (a) personnel matters concerning particular individuals (other than councillors)

Moved: Seconded:

12. CONFIDENTIAL REPORTS/CLOSED COUNCIL MEETING

12.1 Chairperson

13. RETURN TO OPEN SESSION

Return to Open Session

Recommendation:

That Council return to open session

Moved: Seconded:

14. ADOPTION OF CLOSED SESSION REPORTS

Adoption of Closed Session Reports

Recommendation:

That Council adopt the recommendations of the Close Committee Reports.

Moved: Seconded:

15. QUESTIONS FOR NEXT MEETING

16. CONFIRMATION DATE OF NEXT MEETING

Date: 27th October 2025, in Coonamble

17. CLOSE OF MEETING

Time: